NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT

PUBLIC HEARING

CONGRESSIONAL AND STATE LEGISLATIVE REDISTRICTING

Bronx Community College

Gould Memorial Library Auditorium

2155 University Ave

Bronx, New York

Thursday, September 8, 2011

10:00 a.m. to 2:23 p.m.

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

TASK FORCE MEMBERS:

SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO, Co-Chair

ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOHN J. MCENENY, Co-Chair

SENATOR MARTIN M. DILAN

ASSEMBLY MEMBER ROBERT OAKS

DEBRA LEVINE

ROMAN HEDGES

WELQUIS LOPEZ

LEWIS HOPPE

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(The public hearing commenced at 10:00 a.m.)

ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOHN J. MCENENY, CO-CHAIR, NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT: Good morning, and welcome to the Bronx Community College in the Bronx community, who is hosting this public hearing of the New York State Legislative Task Force on Demographic Research and Reapportionment.

The purpose of our meeting today is obviously to listen to the community as to their thoughts of the current districts which are already drawn and now obsolete, and how they would like to see the new districts for the New York State Assembly, the New York State Senate, and the House of Representatives in Washington. What do they feel would be most representative and serve well the people of their community?

We have well over 60 people signed up-once again. We had a very good hearing with 40
people testified over in Queens yesterday. We
will be back to do the other three boroughs two

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weeks from now. What you're witnessing is a part

of the first phase of information gathering,

which is--at this point, 12 public hearings

across the state from Buffalo down to Long

6 Island, and people talking conceptually the

7 changes that they would like to see that they

8 feel would be most in compliance with the law--

9 the spirit of the law, the state constitution,

and all of the other restraints that we have to

11 make sure that we deliver good government to our

12 people.

We would ask that as you come forward to testify, we remind you that this is televised.

It goes on the website. People who obviously

16 can't make it here during the day, people who

want to watch it in detail can watch this on the

18 LATFOR website. LATFOR is the abbreviation for

19 the Task Force.

Now, we are joined today--and I'll let

21 my fellow members speak in a moment. I am Jack

McEneny. I am the co-chair from the--from the

New York State Assembly. To my right, Roman

24 Hedges is the Citizen Participant--also from the

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Assembly. And not with us today, the first meeting that he's missed, is normally a colleague from the New York State Assembly, Robert Oaks from Wayne County. The group is bipartisan. It comes out 50/50 Democrat and Republican, 50/50 Senate and Assembly. And I will turn it over to my co-chairman, Senator Mike Nozzolio who will introduce his members representing the Senate, and make whatever remarks he feels are appropriate.

SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO, CO-CHAIR,

NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON

DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT: Thank

you very much, Assemblyman. Good morning ladies

and gentleman. I'm Mike Nozzolio. I probably

represent the 54th Senatorial district and

prouder to be a member of this Task Force and co
chair with Assemblyman McEneny.

That on my immediate left is a colleague representing on the Task Force, Senator Martin Dilan. An individual who is not here yet, as a citizen member, is Welquis "Ray" Lopez. And that also here is the Executive Director of the Task

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Force, Debra Levine.

The Task Force, as Assemblyman McEneny said, its mission, it's fiduciary and ethical obligation is to go into the state and every corner of the state and hear what people have to say about redistricting. And specifically about what types of community of interests they wish to see reflected in redistricting for the Congress, the State Senate, and the State Assembly.

That this is our eighth hearing, Jack, and that there will be another four hearings after this, and that we will have another dozen hearings after all that, to continue to take testimony. And our goal has been to make this the most open and transparent process possible.

Emphasizing again--we are being recorded. That your testimony in its entirety will be recorded and placed on our LATFOR website for anyone to view. We ask you who have--those of you who have written testimony, to submit that written to us for the record. And that entirety of written testimony will be submitted and be the volume of background that we are collecting. And

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feel free to summarize that testimony and

emphasize the key points that you wish to--the

Task Force to focus on.

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Without further ado, I know Senator

Martin Dilan, who has been at every hearing, and
worked very hard, also would like to say a few
words.

SENATOR MARTIN M. DILAN, NEW YORK STATE
LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH
AND REAPPORTIONMENT: I would just like to say
good morning to everyone. And I really look
forward to listening to your views regarding what
you feel your State Assembly and State Senate-and especially your Congressional district should
look like in the--in the future. So I'm here to
listen to you and [foreign audio]. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you, Senator

Dilan. Mr. Hedges, do you have any comments

you'd like to make? Thank you, we will begin

the--taking the testimony here. Our first

testifier is a good friend, a co-leader with me

on the Senate Crime--Victims Crime and

Corrections Committee, Gustavo Rivera. Senator--

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thank you very much for being this ho

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thank you very much for being this host Senator of this meeting today, and that it's always good to see you.

SENATOR GUSTAVO RIVERA: Same here,

Senator. Do I need to turn this on? I don't

know if it's on. Hello? Hello? Yes, I guess

it's on. Good morning, Senator Nozzolio, Senator

Dilan, Assembly member McEneny, Mr. Hedges, and

Ms. Levine. Welcome to the Bronx and welcome to

the 33rd district. We're right in the middle of

it. This is the district that I represent very

proudly.

My testimony has already been submitted, but I am going to read it into the record, if you will permit me. My name is State Senator Gustavo Rivera, and I represent the 33rd Senate District located in the northwest Bronx. The district includes the neighborhoods of Fordham, Kingsbridge, University Heights, Riverdale, Van Cortlandt Park, Bedford Park, and East Tremont.

I have lived in the 33rd Senate District for the last 11 years, in Kingsbridge, on the corner of University and 195th Street. And last

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year I was elected by my neighbors to represent

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them in the State Senate. According to the 2010

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census, I now represent 314,246 Bronxites, who

Before I continue my testimony, I want

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live in the 33rd Senate district.

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7 to say that I believe that New York State should

be undertaking this process with an independent 8

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redistricting commission, that can draw fair

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lines without partisan gerrymandering, that

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reflect the neighborhoods and communities that we

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as New Yorkers call home. While the legislature

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has yet to pass the independent redistricting, I

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will continue to push to make independent

commission, I believe it is important that

State Legislative Task Force on Demographic

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redistricting a reality in New York.

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In the absence of an independent

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members of the community testify before New York

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Research--LATFOR, and that the Task Force create opportunities to listen to the community at times

accessible to the majority of individuals--most

of whom work during the day. And it is for that

reason that I recommend that your next round of

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hearings take place in the evening, so that more

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of my constituents, other Bronxites and other New

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Yorkers are able to attend.

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Obviously, everyone here today understands the importance of the Task Force undertaking and how critical it is to involve the community before drawing lines that will have an impact for the next decade. I am here today both in my capacity as State Senator representing the district that we are sitting in right now, and as a ranking member, as Senator Nozzolio mentioned, of the Crime Victims Crimes and Corrections Committee.

And I want to take a moment to advise that this Task Force follow the decision -- follow the law to count incarcerated individuals in their home communities during the redistricting In my district alone, there would be process. 1,219 individuals that should be counted in their homes in the Bronx, rather than an upstate jail or prison. Counting these individuals in the Bronx means counting them in the neighborhoods they are coming home to, when they are released

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in the next few years, and ensuring that their

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interests are properly represented.

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As State Senator, I represent the 33rd

Senate District here, a contiguous state--a continuous Senate district in the northwest Bronx that runs almost the extant of the Grand There are natural borders created by Concourse. Harlem River to the west and the Botanical Gardens, Bronx Zoo, and Fordham University to the There are entire commercial districts and east. small business hubs contained in the 33rd Senate

district in Tremont, Fordham, Kingsbridge, and

along Jerome Avenue, and Gun Hill Road.

Technically, the 2010 census tells us that the 33rd Senate district is 65% Latino, 25% African American, and 10% white. But communities of interest are not only formed around ethnic or racial groups. For example, in the 33rd Senate district, they emanate from the economic, recreational, and educational anchors that attract individuals from not only the Bronx or New York, but from throughout the world to this There are economic anchors like Montefiore area.

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2 Medical Center, Bronx-Lebanon Hospital, and St.

Barnabus Hospital, that provide jobs to Bronxites

4 living in the 33rd Senate district. Our

5 recreational anchors in the district, like

6 Williamsbridge Oval Park, Bedford Park--in

7 Bedford Park, and St. James Park in Fordham, are-

8 -or on the edge of our district, like the

9 Botanical Gardens or the Bronx Zoo--define so

10 much what it is like to live in our

11 neighborhoods.

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I am also fortunate to have several colleges and universities that serve as educational anchors, in the 33rd Senate district, including Bronx Community College--in which we are today, Lehman College to our north, and Monroe College on Jerome Avenue. These ins--institutions are not only--are not only providing an education for countless Bronxites that live in this area, but they are a cultural and ed--community center, providing access to knowledge and opportunity.

These anchors, in many ways, shape and define communities of interest, in the 33rd

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Senate district. There may be some areas where

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there is greater concentration of African

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Americans, Dominicans, Puerto Ricans, West

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Africans, Garifuna or Albanians, for example.

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But more frequently than not, individuals are

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brought together through shared interest and

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shared experiences to become a community.

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In the 33rd Senate district, community

members have come together around issues of their

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economic interest, their quality of life, and

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educational opportunities for the young people of

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the northwest Bronx. Hospitals--being the

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there is a real shared interest in ensuring that

largest economic engine in the district--means

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they have the funding to continue operating and

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thriving in the northwest Bronx, and that these

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hospitals are able to serve the very communities

The residents of the 33rd Senate

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they are situated in.

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district live in diverse neighborhoods like

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Bedford Park that has a sizeable Latino, black,

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and white population, and live in the same

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buildings, such as Amalgamated housing, where

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 large Jewish, Latino and African American communities are represented. 3

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These shared experiences mean shared housing concerns, and concerns about the quality of public education in the area. That is why voters in this district have been able to come together to build coalitions and to come together as a community, to coalesce around the goal of electing representatives who they feel represent their interests and the interests of the district -- as well as then removing a representative when the voters felt he was no longer serving the interests of the community.

I am asking today that these communities be kept together around the economic, educational, and recreational anchors that bind them together. In addition -- in addition to looking at the changing demographics, I believe we need to take a look at the neighborhoods--the anchors that make up and define the 33rd Senate district, and keep the communities that have formed around them together.

So again, I thank you for giving me an

	Dage 1
1	Page 1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	opportunity to be here with you today, and I'm
3	looking forward to the rest of the hearing.
4	Thank you.
5	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you,
6	Senator. Are there any questions or comments
7	from the panel?
8	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you, Senator.
9	Very good to see you again. I appreciate your
10	advocacy for your district, thank you. Our,
11	first witness
12	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Nelson Castro,
13	Assembly member.
14	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Why don't you go
15	ahead, Jack, and introduce him.
16	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: I noticed my
17	colleague, Assembly member Nelson Castro.
18	Nelson? Did youdid you want to make an opening
19	remark? Then proceed, please.
20	NELSON CASTRO, ASSEMBLY MEMBER: By the
21	way, thank you tothank you for coming to my
22	district. So, good morning. II'm going to
23	read this testimony, which is basically geared
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towards the creation of a new congressional

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district--not a new congressional district, but a

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congressional district that would actually

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include the upper Manhattan area and the west

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Bronx area.

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and I am representing myself. Please allow me to

As you know, my name is Nelson Castro,

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thank you for the opportunity to appear on record

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supporting this, the creation of a congressional

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district that will allow residents of northern

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Manhattan and the west Bronx communities to have

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a fair representation in turn of the cultural,

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linguistic, and socio-economic background.

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been a stronghold for a vibrant Latino community,

Manhattan--as documented by the Census, that has

During the last four decades, upper

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as portrayed by the professional business and

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community and faith-based organization and

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educational institution in this area.

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a spill of residents from the upper Manhattan,

In the last two decades, there has been

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relocating into the west part of the Bronx, me

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being one of the examples. The 2010 census data

24

clearly track this movement. This shift is

practically visualized as we witness the increase of public transportation within this contiguous

communities at the main connection point between

upper Manhattan and the west Bronx.

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Being the BX-12, BX-3, who actually move people--thousands of people on a--on a daily basis from upper Manhattan to--into the Bronx, and vice versa. As well as the numerous tax bases that actually service our community.

And I don't know if you remember, last year when we--well two years ago, when we had actually--one of the proposals on the table was to toll the bridges, the East River bridges--that we opposed to tolling the 207th Street Bridge, because it's basically a street--a high street that actually connects two communities.

So that was the argument back then and that argument is so ever present now in this--in this redistricting hearing. We're talking about two communities that, you know, now have the same businesses--both on one side and then the other. I know of people that actually come to school here at Bronx Community College that live in

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

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Washington--in Washington Heights, and vice versa. People that live in the Bronx and go to Bronx--City College. So, this has been a community of common interests. We want to keep it that way.

We want to have one congressional representative, because, you know, if I--if I am going to the doctor in the--in the northern

Manhattan area, and I see the developments that one congressional member is doing in that--in that particular area, and yet I do all my stuff in Washington Heights. Let me tell you, there have been cases--many, numerous cases, of people that actually have registered--live in--live in the Bronx, but they continue to be registered in--in upper Manhattan. And they continue to do every bit of business in the northern Manhattan area. And yeah, they live in the Bronx.

And we're at a disadvantage here in thein the west part of the Bronx. Therefore we
should definitely consider combining both
district—the upper Manhattan area and the west
Bronx area into one congressional district.

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2	Thank you very much.
3	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.
4	The next testifier, Burnell Arthur Richardson
5	[phonetic]. Burnell Arthur Richardson? Jay
6	Sevino [phonetic], or Sevinno. Jay Sevinno?
7	Alonso de Castro? Good morning.
8	ALONZO DE CASTRO, PRESIDENT, EAST OF
9	LACONIA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, CO-PRESIDENT,
10	NORTHEAST BRONX COMMUNITY COALITION: Good
11	morning.
12	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Morning, Excuse me,
13	Mr. Castro.
13 14	Mr. Castro. MR. CASTRO: Sure.
14	MR. CASTRO: Sure.
14 15	MR. CASTRO: Sure. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Castrobefore
14 15 16	MR. CASTRO: Sure. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Castrobefore you speak, I'd like to recognize the arrival of
14 15 16 17	MR. CASTRO: Sure. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Castrobefore you speak, I'd like to recognize the arrival of the citizen member of the Task Force, Welquis
14 15 16 17 18	MR. CASTRO: Sure. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Castrobefore you speak, I'd like to recognize the arrival of the citizen member of the Task Force, Welquis "Ray" Lopez. That Ray has been attending all of
14 15 16 17 18	MR. CASTRO: Sure. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Castrobefore you speak, I'd like to recognize the arrival of the citizen member of the Task Force, Welquis "Ray" Lopez. That Ray has been attending all of the hearings, and is theone of the citizen
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. CASTRO: Sure. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Castrobefore you speak, I'd like to recognize the arrival of the citizen member of the Task Force, Welquis "Ray" Lopez. That Ray has been attending all of the hearings, and is theone of the citizen representatives of the Task Force. Thank you.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. CASTRO: Sure. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Castrobefore you speak, I'd like to recognize the arrival of the citizen member of the Task Force, Welquis "Ray" Lopez. That Ray has been attending all of the hearings, and is theone of the citizen representatives of the Task Force. Thank you. MR. CASTRO: Good morning. My name is

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
Association.

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My family and I have resided in Bronx

County for over 50 years. I have been involved in the political process for over 25 years, having served as state committee man and district leader.

I thank you for the opportunity to speak to you today on my community, and our need to have a congressional district that meets the needs of my community, and the community of residents that share my experience as residents of the Bronx, New York City, and southern Westchester. Today, I am here in support of district lines for the Senatorial and Assembly, as represented by Senator Ruth Hassell-Thompson, and Assemblyman Carl Heastie. With respect to district lines, I urge your committee to strongly consider the natural relationship that exists between my neighborhood in the Bronx, with the adjoining communities in Manhattan and Westchester.

I support the drawing of a congressional district that recognizes these areas as one,

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 formally acknowledging a relationship that already exists. I urge you to do so with the following principles in mind. A district that by nature flows from southern Westchester to northern Manhattan, to the African American sections of the Bronx, best represents how our communities can continue to have representation that best understands our struggle, one that has been chronicled in history, and more importantly, one that undoubtedly continues today.

The after-effects of slavery and Jim
Crow have lingered, causing our people and our
children to still lag behind the majority
population and achievement, advancement and
economic development. We sorely need
representation that not only understands these
issues, but can actually personally articulate
them in the halls of Congress.

The principle of communities of interest, by definition, states that a community must be recognized as distinct by those outside of the community. There is no doubt that the general population acknowledges the black

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community as one distinct community.

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Moreover, as those who have selfidentified themselves as African Americans, or
black, there is more than ample self-recognition
as one community, as witnessed by the United
States census. The black community is one
community.

Lastly, as one community, we are effected by government action to our benefit—and even sometimes to our detriment. The community of interest principle, as traditionally defined—more than aptly applies to the black communities of northern Manhattan, the Bronx and southern Westchester.

Please allow me to speak on this in practical terms. As the President of the northeast Bronx Community Coalition, I have on several occasions coalesced with groups in my adjoining areas to advocate for better services. We have consistently joined with residents, clergy, and business owners from these areas for better transportation, youth services, senior services, and housing. We have fought for youth

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 services most recently, calling for the development of a community center to meet the needs of the children from the surrounding areas because we are all facing the same issues: higher than average crime, lower than average education attainment, and increasingly diminished job opportunities.

Attached to my testimony is what I and my constituents believe would bring the fairest representation possible. In addition, with all due respect to my Latino brothers and sisters, I've included proposals for the 14th district and the 16th district—which protects and presents a similar outcome for the Latino community.

I cannot stress more the importance of having a minority district that shares common political, social, and cultural interests. Our analysis indicates that we have an opportunity to have representation that represents our common interests from northern Manhattan to southern Westchester. And we can bring about fair representation and meet the goal of communities of interest. We urge you to consider our

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 proposal strongly.

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In conclusion, this country of ours is now witnessing at some states in this union passing laws inhibiting citizens from exercising their right to vote. As you draw the lines for Congress, the Senate, and the Assembly, I respectfully remind you of the Civil Rights Act of 1965 as it applies to Bronx County. Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. Nestor Montilla? Nestor Montilla.

NESTOR MONTILLA: Yes, I'm here. Thank you. Mr. Chairman Nozzolio, Mr. Chairman, McEneny, and members of this Task Force, my name is Nestor Montilla. I'm a property owner here right just across the street on Horizon Avenue [phonetic]. But I'm here representing the National Dominican American Council. It's a civic community engagement initiative, composed of local councils and the United States.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Excuse me, Mr. Montilla, there's a lot of echo. Would--I don't know if you back up a little bit.

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2	MR. MONTILLA: All right.
3	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Let's try that
4	and see how that works.
5	MR. MONTILLA: The National Council
6	actually joins other
7	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing]
8	Thank you, that's better.
9	MR. MONTILLA:organizationsthat
10	sounds better? Leaders and community based
11	organizations in the U.S. advocating for the
12	socio-economic and political development of our
13	communities in areas concerning education,
14	economic development, health, immigration, and
15	community empowerment.
16	My remarks today express the position on
17	recommendation of the National Dominican American
18	Counsel. Our position is that we are endorsing
19	and supporting the community's efforts to have a
20	new Latino congressional district created, a
21	district that would reflect the ever-growing
22	Hispanic population of the state of New York.
23	Our recommendation is a map proposal, I have

submitted already for your consideration.

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Mr. Chairman and members of the Task

Force, as we prepare to testify before you today,
we spent many weeks trying different ways to draw
the map proposal that you have in front of you,
that you will have access to. It is a Latino
majority congressional district, in essence, a
re-drawing of congressional district 14. The
proposal, which is 60% Latino, encompasses Latino
neighborhoods from El Barrio in Manhattan to the
west and north of the Bronx and to the south of
Yonkers.

This map indeed reflects the growth of the Latino population in these neighborhoods, and also reflects their common interest and peculiarities, including common language, culture, a way of life, place of work, and basically where they practice their religion and go about doing their lives.

As we kept trying--drawing sample maps, we were pleasantly surprised to find out that it didn't matter how you draw it, we could always end up drawing a majority Latino congressional district. You could draw east to west, north to

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south, and it didn't matter the direction we

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The main reason for this is the increasing took.

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number of Latinos in the city. We are here.

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are not an invisible population any more. We are

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here.

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Despite our number, however, Mr.

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Chairman, our community has not been able to

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garner the respect or representation that we

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deserve. For instance, this last decade, the

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Hispanic population of New York, as validated by

12

the 2010 census, indicates that in New York City,

In the state of New York alone, the

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the Hispanic population is larger than the

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Italian, Irish and Jewish population combined.

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16 Hispanic population grew by 19.2%, which

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indicates that the time to draw more than a few

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Hispanic congressional districts is overdue.

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is a fact that Hispanics are under-represented in

20 21 New York State. It is a fact that Hispanics are under-represented in New York City. And I'll

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tell you that the recent growth of the overall

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New York State population, which is 19.2%, as I

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said, one could conclude by looking at these

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numbers from these percentages and growth of the Hispanic community, that we merit proportional political representation.

If you take into consideration—if you take under consideration the fact that the New York City Latino community alone makes up approximately 30% of the entire city population, and the recent growth of the overall New York State population, which is like I said, 19.2%, again—it merits proportional political representation.

So, we in the Latino community have been challenging the U.S. census population numbers, because traditionally, without exception, the census has been under accounting our community for as much as 10%. Added to this undercount percentage, is the fact that mainly Latinos who were born in the U.S.—and particularly in New York City, list themselves as either Caucasians or African Americans. This is due to the fact that Hispanics reflect a rainbow of colors. Yet we are not categorized by the U.S. census as a racial group—but rather, as an ethnic group.

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So whether you are Dominican, Columbian, Ecuadorian, Mexican, or Puerto Rican, we are Hispanics, Hispanic Americans, primarily sharing a common language and a common heritage. So the importance of creating a new congressional district as the one we are proposing to you today, would encompass not only 60% of the Latino population, but also would bring a greater understanding of the cultural sensitivity, and meet present social and community needs that are particular to the New York Latino community, such as bi-lingual education, immigration, affordable housing, job opportunities, and among many other important matters -- additional federal funding for our schools, our hospitals, and Latino organizations.

Approving our proposal would guarantee full representation and—about to finish—and also will guarantee full respect for all Latino workers or taxpayers, our children, the elderly, youngsters, men and women, families, and all people residing in our community today. So please approve this map and give our community a

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	voice in Washington D.C. We urge you to afford
3	our community the opportunity to ensure fair
4	representation. Thank you.
5	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very
6	much.
7	ASSEMBLY MEMBER WELQUIS "RAY" LOPEZ, NEW
8	YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DEMOGRAPHIC
9	RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT: I want to ask a
10	question. Mr. Montilla? Hello?
11	MR. MONTILLA: Oh, yeah.
12	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: I want to ask
13	youfirst of all, I want to sayI apologize to
14	all of you for being late. [Foreign audio].
15	MR. MONTILLA: That gives all New
16	Yorkers trouble, right?
17	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: [Laughs] Are you
18	going to be submitting a plan or a map?
19	MR. MONTILLA: Sir, I'm sorry
20	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: [Interposing] I
21	said ifare you going to be submitting a plan or
22	a map?
23	MR. MONTILLA: We didI did already. I
24	turned it in at

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: [Interposing] 3 Okay, because it looks like we haven't received 4 it, that's why. 5 MR. MONTILLA: -- the front desk, and I also sent it by email as--following the 6 7 directions that you put on the website. ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Okay, great. 8 9 Thank you, appreciate it. Thank you very much. 10 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: As I'm sure, 11 everyone understands the growth of the state of 12 New York to 19.2 million people was not the same 13 rate of growth as other areas of the country. 14 And because of that, every single congressional 15 district which we now have, does not qualify to 16 be a congressional district. 17 They're short people, some of them 70,000 people short, others as little as 10,000. 18 19 The new districts will have to be exact. When we 20 deal with the State Assembly and the State 21 Senate, the courts have given us leeway, two,

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three, four percent--even up to five percent

above or below the norm. But when we draw a

congressional district, it is to the person as

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 far as possible, so that even constitutional prohibitions on splitting towns, for example, not 3 4 relevant here but certainly throughout much of 5 the rest of the state, all that goes out the window in favor of the federal. So the new 6 7 number is 707,717 people. So it's a--the congressional districts will be much larger than 8 9 what we are used to. Could we call Haile Rivera? SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Before our next 10 11 speaker, Senator Dilan and I would like to thank 12 Senator Ruth Hassell-Thompson for being here 13 today. Senator Thompson, it's always great to 14 see you, Ruth. And that I thank you for your 15 continued input. I believe this is the second or 16 third hearing you've attended. And I appreciate that very, very much. 17 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Mr. Rivera? 18 19 To be followed by Senator Ruth Hassell-Thompson. 20 HAILE RIVERA, FOUNDER AND EXECUTIVE 21 DIRECTOR, HANDS ON NEW YORK LINKED WITH 2.2 DOMINICANOS UNIDOS DE NEW YORK: Her first, 23 right?

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY:

No--you.

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MR. RIVERA: Me first? Well, I'll be short, because I didn't actually—I didn't bring my speech today, as I wanted to prepare—have more time to prepare it. But I do, just for the record, want to state that as a resident of this district, of the 33rd Senate district, and the 86th Assembly district, I am very proud to have my representatives here. And I will stand for the record behind my State Senator Gustavo Rivera—no relation, by the way. But I will stand behind his statement of his speech today, and for the future I will submit the record as far as where we want to proceed with the district. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. Senator?

RUTH HASSELL-THOMPSON, SENATOR: Thank you and good morning. I did not come prepared to testify, as I have at each of the hearings. I've come to lend support and legitimacy to this process, and to ensure that people from the community have as much time as possible to express their concerns.

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I do appreciate you coming to the Bronx and allowing the people here and in lower
Westchester to have the opportunity to share with you some of the concerns that they have. And certainly I want to be sure that we all go on the record, indicating that this is not a perfunctory process, but that the—that the voice of the people will in fact be heard. And so therefore it is very important that as many people as possible do speak.

And then given the opportunity to allow us to understand and know, as we get to the final stages of drawing the lines, where people really are. So I thank you very much for the opportunity this morning.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you,
Senator. The Reverend Bill Marzel [phonetic], or
Mizel? Reverend Bill Mizel? Pete--oh, I'm
sorry. Barbara Stronczer?

BARBARA STRONCZER, PRESIDENT, BEDFORD

MOSHULU COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION: Good morning. My

name is Barbara Stronczer, and I'm here on behalf

of the Bedford Moshulu Community Association. I

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am their President. We are a not for profit

grass roots community organization located in the

Bedford Park area of the northwest Bronx. We

meet each month and work to improve the quality

of life in our neighborhood. All of our members

are volunteers.

Bedford Park is a multi-ethnic community with a strong and varied housing stock. Six story rentals, private homes, and coops encompass the area. Our area includes Fordham University and the Botanical Gardens to the east, Lehman College to our west, and Montefiore Hospital to our north. We are also fortunate to have the beautiful parklands of Moshulu Parkway running through our neighborhood.

We are not here to complain about our elected officials, since they have been responsive to community requests. We are here to ensure that the proposed redistricting will enhance our ability to work together as a community.

Unfortunately, our area has been the victim of partisan gerrymandering during the past

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ten years. Moshulu Parkway encompasses three

assembly districts. One piece of Moshulu Parkway 3

4 is aligned with a major piece of Riverdale.

> Another section of Moshulu Parkway is cast off to a section of Morris Park in the east Bronx. third section of Moshulu Parkway is joined to the south with the 78th Assembly district.

> It has been impossible for the residents of Bedford Park and neighboring Norwood, whose composition and needs are very similar, to work together for improvements in our area. Since we represent a very small portion of these three assembly districts, we are often overlooked for funding and capital improvements in the area.

We are requesting that an independent nonpartisan committee be established to redraw the lines in our community. We feel strongly that Bedford Park and Norwood should be represented by the same elected officials. The district needs to be co-terminus and not cobbed and divided as done ten years ago. This current division has led to a divided approach to issues and problems in the area.

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2 We are in favor of Governor Cuomo's demand for independent redistricting. We feel 3 4 strongly that unless a non-partisan committee is 5 established for this task, that our community will again be sliced and diced to the detriment 6 7 of our local needs and concerns. I thank you for 8 this opportunity to speak and represent my 9 community.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. We'll try Reverend Bill Mizell? Pete Healy [phonetic]. Is Pete Healy here? Maria Teresa Feliciano.

MARIA TERESA FELICIANO, PRESIDENT,

DOMINICAN AMERICAN NATIONAL ROUNDTABLE: Good
morning.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Good morning.

MS. FELICIANO: Is this close enough? I don't get it. Good morning, Co-chairman

Nozzolio, McEneny, members of the Task Force.

I'm Dr. Maria Teresa Feliciano. And on behalf of the Dominican American National Roundtable, a

National Organization advocating for the rights and interests of over two million Dominicans in

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Legislature and Congress.

2 the 3 of D 4 you

the United States, including the large population of Dominicans in New York, I would like to thank you for the opportunity to address the Task Force regarding the redistricting of New York's

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We understand the task at hand is New York's constitutional process of adjusting the lines of its legislature and Congress to comply with one person, one vote requirements for fair representation in any legislative body across the country. As indicated by co-chair Senator Nozzolio, at the August 4th hearing in Albany, this Task Force's job is to carry out this responsibility governed by Civil Rights Law, Voting Rights Law, and the concern that New Yorkers be properly represented. This, while seeking to reflect the will of the electorate, provide minorities with appropriate representation, and keep communities of interest

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together.

In carrying out your mission, we would like you to consider the following; according to the 2010 U.S. census, there are 50.5 million

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Latinos in the United States, composing 16% of the total population. Latinos increased by 15.2 million or 43% between 2000 and 2010, which accounted for over half of the total population growth that occurred in the United States over the past ten years.

In New York, for example, Latinos accounted for one out of every two individuals added to the total adult population in the state. Latinos make up 19.2% of the state's total population and has grown to approximately 30% of the New York City population. This not taking into account the traditional 10% undercounting of the U.S. census, which fig--whose figures, by the way, we are currently challenging.

If not for the growth of the Latino population, I could say New York State could probably be losing three congressional districts instead of two. As a note of interest, when you combine the Latino population of three large cities of Los Angeles, Miami, and San Antonio, it is approximately the same size as the New York The Latino congressional representatives City's.

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in these cities are basically six, yet New York

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is represented by only two Latino congressional

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members who have been serving for the past 25

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years.

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emergence of Latinos as the largest minority in 8

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reflect the state's changing demographics. the state requires the creation of majority Latino districts or Latino opportunity districts, that will allow us to elect candidates of our

The new New York Legislative map must

choice in numbers commiserate with our population.

We propose a map of a majority Latino congressional district -- which I have submitted online, that will unite the communities of interest of El Barrio, Washington Heights, Englewood, and the Bronx; a district that would have 60% Latino population. It will be comprised of communities that share places of work, places of worship, shopping centers, socio-economic and educational interests, as well as challenges.

These maps--these maps are for the Task Force the opportunity to add one of the needed

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five Latino congressional districts, and uphold

the spirit of the Voting Rights Act. It is

evident that the biggest challenge facing this

Task Force, in its attempt to provide fair and

accurate representation to all New Yorkers, is

the drawing of maps that will result in the

number of additional congressional and senatorial

majority Latino districts needed.

That the explosion of the Latino
population in New York be accurately and fairly
reflected in its legislature. In a democracy,
the principal of one person, one vote, is a
sacred concept. It should apply in New York.
And ensuring a greater voice for Latinos in the
house of power. We look forward to working with
the Task Force to contribute in your effort to
make sure that New York achieves fair and
constitutional redistricting. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: So this is the map that you submitted, not for district 15, right?

MS. FELICIANO: Yes, sir. The district 14, 15, and 16--we have submitted online.

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Okay, thank you. 3 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very 4 much. 5 MS. FELICIANO: Oh, I'm sorry. One more observation, is it possible that Task Four 6 7 schedules a meeting in the evening, at some point? We understand that many individuals are 8 9 unable to take off from work and--10 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing] 11 Well, we actually have 14 more meetings 12 scheduled, one in the Bronx. And we could 13 certainly consider that. Senator Rivera also 14 mentioned it. It was also mentioned yesterday in 15 Queens. Now I would--I would point out that in 16 Queens we had 40 people testifying. Here we have 17 If we were to start--oh, we're up to 66 now-63. 18 -and growing because we don't turn people down 19 when they show up at the door. 20 21

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So I would caution -- and we will certainly listen to those requests, but if we give people time to get home from work--because that's what we're being told, there are people who are out working, they can't handle this,

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etcetera, and we were to start at 6:30, then what

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time would these people get home? It was a four

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and a half hour meeting yesterday, because we

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also had--was it seven hours? Yeah, yeah, I'm

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sorry, it was seven hours, which means people

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would be going home at 3:00 in the morning.

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pretty much--like in Lee, Massachusetts. The

MS. FELICIANO: Well, you would be

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] Your

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hearing began at 6:30 and ended at 1:45. But

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that was a meeting allowing for people who can

suggestion is very well taken and we will try to

accommodate it. I think that that's certainly a

concern that we've tried to address by televising

everyone who is speaking is on video. And that

certainly we welcome people to submit written

testimony at their convenience through the

these hearings. That you are on video, as

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take off from work and are able to--

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name--the address?

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ASSEMBLY MEMBER DEBRA LEVINE, CO-

website -- the LATFOR website. And this is as good

a time as any to cite that. Debra, what's the

And

1	Page 4 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE
3	TASK FORCE ON DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND
4	REAPPORTIONMENT: Info@Latfor.state.
5	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: LATFOR
6	MS. FELICIANO: [Interposing]
7	Info@LATFOR.state.
8	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LEVINE: You can call
9	the Task Force at 212-618-1100 and we'd be happy
10	to assist you in
11	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] And
12	that again is also for the record, any one
13	viewing these proceedings, if you want to get to
14	the LATFOR website, help us as a community
15	advocate, to get citizens that are interested to
16	look at the LATFOR website, to provide written
17	testimony.
18	It doesn't have to be anything real
19	formal, just people's thoughts. Emails are
20	welcome. And we're trying to use the technology
21	we have available to enhance citizen
22	participation. So rather than even having to go
23	to a hearing, someone can sit at their computer

and indicate exactly what they are thinking.

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that will be part of the official record of these

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proceedings. So help us get that word out, and

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we'll do all we can to accommodate the requests

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that you've made.

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MS. FELICIANO: Thank you.

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SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you.

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ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: We would also

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point out that individuals who are working are

represented here by the very groups that are

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testifying. Our assumption is that they are well

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networked into the people that they represent,

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when they speak for those individuals. And we

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are blessed by having a great many citizen

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disenfranchised minorities, etcetera. Could we

groups, neighborhood groups, people who represent

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call Gregory Lobo Jost?

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GREGORY LOBO JOST, DEPUTY DIRECTOR,

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UNIVERSITY NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING PROGRAM: Hi,

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good morning. Thank you for the opportunity to

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testify here today in the Bronx. My name is

Gregory Lobo Jost. I am the deputy director of

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the University Neighborhood Housing Program,

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which is a non-profit affordable housing group

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that came out of community work in the northwest Bronx. And I'm also--mostly speaking on behalf of myself. I am a Bronx resident, as well as working in the Borough.

And while I support redistricting reform and independent redistricting, my hope right now is that, you know, whoever is drawing the maps does their best to keep real neighborhoods intact, along the lines of what both Senator Gustavo Rivera and Barbara Stronczer were saying-just reiterate a little bit of what they say.

I live in the Norwood section of the Bronx, which is actually one of the neighborhoods that's very easy to draw its borders. And I worked in the Fordham Bedford section. And as was mentioned, you know, I cross Moshulu Parkway; I cross through three different assembly—state assembly districts in about six or seven minutes on my way to work. And if I continued another couple of minutes I'd be in a fourth assembly district.

And, you know, that--that--it really depends, though. It's a real contrast for us.

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So that--with our State Senate district--the 33rd

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district, we really feel like it's a great

representation of common neighborhoods with

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5 common population demographics, places where

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people are--a real neighborhood feel. And the

While with our Assembly districts, it

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feeling feels really empowering.

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9 just feels like we're split up and the places of

power of where the majority of people in those

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districts are--is far away. And we have no

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connection to those neighborhoods at all. And

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so, just from that sense--I really hope that the

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new districts that are drawn can model on more of

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what the 33rd Senate district is like, and keep

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real neighborhoods intact.

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I know there's some other Senate districts that are completely not keeping neighborhoods together. They go around--that are not even contiguous in the Bronx, I think it's the 34th Senate district doesn't connect in the Bronx, there's two parts, but they go through Westchester. I'm just advocating for the point of view of keeping neighborhoods together. So I

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brought--you know, there's--I brought along a

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I make maps a lot, and I put them into the map.

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packet, but basically they're just showing, like,

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it's a neighborhood map from the Department of

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City Planning.

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I don't think these are the perfect maps

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of what neighborhoods are. It's kind of

subjective, but I think it's great to have

participation by all of us in the community,

citizens groups, neighborhood groups,

individuals, and it would be great to have more

input in terms of -- not just at this stage, but

maybe after some of the district maps are drawn,

if they're in draft form and we can make

comments -- I think it would be great. Maybe we

could be able to have some input on maybe saying,

like, all right, these two neighborhoods, you

know, they're--the demographics are what they

are, but, you know, there's no historical

There's no real connection between connection.

those neighborhoods. And, you know, in addition-

-that--that's really my main point.

I also support, you know, keeping the

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population deviation low. And really the whole point of counting prisoners in their home districts as well. But my real point is just that it would be great to have—for us to have more input on keeping neighborhoods intact in the new districting. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.

Assembly districts are 128,787. If your neighborhood is larger than that, some of it will wind up going to another district. If it's smaller than that, you'll have to absorb another district. And that's the hard part of redistricting, trying to keep neighborhoods together. One person, one vote makes that difficult on many occasions.

Ted Jefferson [phonetic]? Ted

Jefferson? Phillipe Feblez [phonetic]? Phillipe

Feblez? Rosa Ayola [phonetic]? Rosa Ayola? We

will go back over this list and call any name

where a person wasn't here--didn't get here yet.

And we would hope that in all cases when we see a

name, that something will be submitted in--in

writing, if at all possible, as well. Cecilia

_	Page 54
1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	Baez? Good morning.
3	CECILIA BAEZ: [Testimony read by
4	Yudelka Tapia] Good morning. My name is not
5	Cecilia Baez. My name is Yudelka Tapia. And I
6	when I came in, it was up to the 70 number and I
7	have to go to work, and I know that she's not
8	coming today. So I took her space. And I am
9	Yudelka Tapia. And I have lived in this
10	community for more than 20 years.
11	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Who's space is
12	that that you were taking?
13	MS. YUDELKA TAPIA: Cecilia Baezthe
14	one thatthe name that you called.
15	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Oh, okay
16	MS. TAPIA: [Interposing] She's actually
17	working; she couldn't be here.
18	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Sure.
19	MS. TAPIA: When I came today, the list
20	was up to the 70 numbers.
21	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Sure.
22	MS. TAPIA: And I also have to go to
23	work.
24	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Yeah.

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 MS. TAPIA: And I didn't want to miss 3 the opportunity to--4 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing] 5 Yeah, very good. MS. TAPIA: --testify today. 6 7 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Okay. 8 MS. TAPIA: So I took her space. But my 9 name is Yudelka Tapia. I am the elected district leader for the District 86, and a resident of the 10 11 33rd district. And I've been living in this 12 community for more than 20 years. And I've been 13 a community advocate for the more than 20 years 14 that I've been living in the Bronx. And I thank 15 you for the opportunity to address you, regarding 16 covering the current district impasses. 17 18 19 20

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We understand that one of the biggest issues facing this Task Force is to ensure the Latina populations are well represented in all levels of government. Despite the status as the largest minority group in the United States, Latinos are dramatically under-represented in elected office. Although approximately 50 million Latinos in the United States live, making

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up 17% of the nation's population, out of 535

members of Congress, only 28--5% is Latino. This

pattern of under-representation extends to the--

to the state level also. In New York, only 2 out

of 29 Congressional seats are Latino. A very

small percentage of the Senate and the Assembly

We are grossly underrepresented at all

8 are Latino.

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10 level in New York. The redistricting process

11 forces this Task Force the opportunity to create

12 at least one additional congressional district,

where our community can elect a candidate of our

choice. Such map would unite the communities of

Washington Heights and the Bronx, and provide us

16 the opportunity of a Latino majority district. I

ask that you consider giving us this map. Thank

18 you very much.

19 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. Before

calling our next witness, we'd like to

21 acknowledge the presence of the Honorable Bill

22 Perkins, New York State Senator. Senator, it's

very good to see you. And thank you for

24 attending today's proceedings. As a courtesy to

2.2

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our elected officials, if you would like to speak now or at some other time at this proceeding, please let us know. Good to see you, Bill.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. Wilson Terrero?

WILSON TERRERO: Good morning. This is not going to be the first time you're going to be hearing from me, if you go to Westchester County. Good morning everyone, elected officials, members of the Task Force. My name is Wilson Terrero, I'm a council member of the city of Yonkers, representing the second council district. I live at Ox Street, Yonkers, New York. Thank you for the opportunity to address this body regarding the redistricting process.

We understand that your job is to adjust the lines of the New York State Legislature, as well as the Congress. To comply with one person, one vote requirement, for fair representation in all legislative bodies. It is evident, based on the census figures, that the biggest task facing this Task Force in its attempt to provide fair and accurate representation to all New Yorkers,

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2 it is the drawing of a number of additional
3 Congressional and Senatorial majority Latino
4 districts that will reflect the explosion of
5 Latino population in New York. You have the
6 challenges of insuring that Latinos are
7 accurately and fairly reflected in this

legislature.

2.2

Drawing the legislative maps with majority Latino population should be simple. One only has to look at the map to see where Latinos are concentrated. One congressional district, including the population of Washington Heights, the Bronx, the Yonkers--stands out.

I request that this Task Force give us such district that it brings together those—these communities of interest who share places of worship, shopping malls, places of work, and socio—economic interest, and allow us—and allow us to elect a candidate of our choice. Thank you for your time and consideration.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much, Councilman. Paola Martinez. Good morning.

PAOLA MARTINEZ: Good morning. Good

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

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morning, members of the Task Force. My name is Paola Martinez, and I live at 2289 5th Avenue, Apt 2S, New York, New York, 10037. I thank you for the opportunity to address this body regarding the current redistricting process.

I request that in drawing the new legislative districts in the state of New York, you can see that the rapid growth of the Latino population, the emergence of Latinos as the largest minority in the state, as per 2010 census -- requires the creation of majority Latino districts, or Latino opportunity districts that will allow us to elect candidates of our choice in numbers commensurate with our population.

I submit that in drawing the new legislative maps, you do not look at the residence of incumbents, or at the party makeup of these streets, or attempt to manipulate the numbers of districts for any party, or to secure unwarranted privileges of Legislative membership for yourself or others. For the lines to be fair, you must be blind to incumbents, party membership, and adhere to sensible standards.

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I ask you to give--I ask you to give us a map, that joining the Latino population of Washington Heights and the Bronx, provide us with the opportunity of electing a congress member of our choice, by giving us a majority Latino district. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. Idelsa Mendez?

IDELSA MENDEZ: Good morning, members of the Task Force, my name is Idelsa Mendez and I live on 430 East 138th Street. I thank you for the opportunity to address you regarding the redistricting process.

The redistricting process has historic—historically protected incumbents including carving down competitive incumbent's homes out of the districts, and discouraging competition in the electoral process. The 2010 election, New York State had one of the lowest rates of voters' participation in the nation, as voters have become disenfranchised with the process. And part of it has to do with the redistricting issue.

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

Reapportionment only comes once in a decade. And the public perception regarding redistricting is that New York legislators choose their voters. This commission is the only legally mandated process at this time, and I appreciate that this is a very complex process, that there is a lot that you have to consider.

I am requesting that in the end you make
the right judgment calls and maybe voters will - representation by voting. Latino voters and
population of New York clamor for fair
representations, for the conditions to be created
that mean elect candidates of our choice.

Our growth calls for congressional district joining our Washington Heights and Bronx community, that will lead to the election of a Latino Congress member. We have only two out of 29 Congress members; 19% of the population should have five. I ask the Task Force to uphold the spirit of the 1965 Voter Right Law, that we might have just representation. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much.

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Let me ask you a
3	question.
4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Yes. Ray?
5	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Okay, let me ask
6	you a question. Are you going to be submitting a
7	plan or a map of the district?
8	MS. MENDEZ: Yes, we are in the process
9	of submitting the map as well.
10	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Yeah, I
11	encourage everybody that when they come and speak
12	and talk about a hope that they can, you know, do
13	it, all right?
14	MS. MENDEZ: Oh, okay.
15	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Thank you.
16	MS. MARTINEZ: Thank you.
17	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.
18	Rafaela Zapata?
19	RAFAELA ZAPATA: Good morning. Before I
20	start, I would like to make an observation. I
21	thinkI see that it is a gender disparity in
22	your Task Force. We need more women representing
23	our communities.
24	My name is Rafaela Zapata and I live in

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

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East 149th Street in Yonkers. I thank you for the opportunity to address you regarding the current redistricting process.

I ask you today that in carrying out your duties, you avoid pitfalls of the last redistricting process in 2010, and produce maps that will accurately and fairly reflect the New York population and allow just representation. That at the end of the process we, the people, don't come to you and rightly accuse you of having manipulated the system that the Assembly can be dominated by one faction, of having us crush the voices of the people, of having reached the Senate district so that it is controlled through numeric and demographic trickery, of having protect incumbents that at the expense of the challengers and citizens, of having hacked up social communities in favors of political boundaries, of having failed to keep communities of interest together, and diluting the communities voice.

I ask that at the end of the process, we can come to you and say thank you for doing your

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 job well. And making the interest of our community a priority. I ask you to give us at 3 4 least one additional majority Latino 5 congressional district, containing the Latino communities of Manhattan and the Bronx, that we 6 7 might be fairly represented.

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I ask that -- I ask that you uphold the Voters Rights Act for my community. And as our president says--and I want--I would like you to take this into consideration. If the Latino community falls behind, this whole country--the United States, will fall behind. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. Jose Cruz [phonetic]? Jose Cruz? Miquel Santana [phonetic]? Miguel Santana? Valentine Silvario [phonetic]? Valentine Silvario? Marita Del Torro [phonetic]? Marita Del Torro? Marita Del Eduardo Hopelman? Eduardo Hopelman. Torro? Good morning.

EDUARDO HOPELMAN: Good morning, everyone. Good morning. For the members of the Task Force, my name is Eduardo Hopelman. I live on 24 Cooper Street in Manhattan, and I would

	Page 6
1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	like to thank you for the opportunity to address
3	you regarding the current district
4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing]
5	Excuse me, I'm having hearingwould you move the
6	mic now so it's more directly pointed at you?
7	There you go, okay.
8	MR. HOPELMAN: Okay, thank you.
9	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: That's better.
10	Would you start over, please?
11	MR. HOPELMAN: I thank you for the
12	opportunity to address regarding the current
13	district process. I am requesting that you take
14	into consideration the following information
15	while drawing the new maps.
16	The U.Sthe U.S. census 2010 reported
17	an increase in Latino population, 15.2 millions
18	from 2000 to 2010. This means more than half of
19	the total growth of U.S. population27.3
20	millions, the country's population increased by
21	9.7% while the Latino population increase for
22	43%.
23	In the state of New York, the Latino
24	population increased three million. We're at

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

136,718 or 18.2%. In the total population,

Latinos are 20% of the New York City population

and the majority in the Bronx.

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According to the U.S. Constitution, the Constitution of the state of New York, the newly elected district to reflect this, among other things. This Task Force has the mission to draw a district according to 1965 Voter Rights Act, guaranteeing fair and just represented—representation to communities of interest.

According to the percents of the Latino population in New York, there should be five Latino Congress members. - - and 21 Assembly members. I ask that you create at least one additional Congressional district uniting the communities of Washington Heights, Inwood, the Bronx, and Yonkers. That may be--that may elect a candidate of our choice. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.

Suzie Lazada [phonetic]? Suzie Lazada? Yeah,

yeah, I will. Reverend Bill Mizell?

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Reverend, excuse me. Before you speak, if I'd ask those people in the

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

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back of the room to take conversations outside.

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Please do not--please show respect for those that

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are speaking. Any conversations, please take

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them outside the door.

CLERGY:

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BILL MIZELL, REVEREND, BRONX/WESTCHESTER

Thank you. Good aft--good morning, my

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name is Reverend Bill Mizell. I'm an Associate

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Pastor of Congregation of Care, Grace Baptist

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Church in Mount Vernon, New York. I represent a

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coalition of clergy from the Bronx and southern

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Westchester that have come in favor of the

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rewarding--redrawing of the 15th Congressional

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district, to represent northern Manhattan, the

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Bronx, and southern Westchester county.

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The redistricting of the 15th

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reflects the population with the common interest

minority representation in Congress as well as in

Congressional district has a common thread that

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and the constituency for the advancement of

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Westchester Clergy Coalition has been redrawn to

the district. The 15th Congressional district

that is being proposed by the Bronx in southern

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reflect those who share a common economic,

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 communal, cultural and political interest.

As clergy, many of our members move back and forth between Westchester County, the Bronx, and northern Manhattan, for worship, shopping, food, family, and other important goods and services. The mobility of the family and community residents from Harlem and Manhattan to the Bronx, and Mount Vernon and New Rochelle in Westchester County is not new. The movement has been consistent for decades and neighborhoods continue to maintain close ties.

The redrawing of the 15th Congressional district would bind these historical ties and give more political leverage and future connection to those who are already community and culturally related. As a member of the clergy, I can personally testify that there is a strong connection with clergy in Manhattan, the Bronx and Westchester count—County. We share pulpits, common values, and communal interests that uphold our community in the interest of those we serve.

It is not uncommon in New York Statewide races for clergy in Manhattan, the Bronx,

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and Westchester County, to coalesce on issues of interest in regards to crime and balance, housing and education, youth and seniors. The economic and housing makeup in the proposed districts of—is of similar value for many of our church members. They range from single family homes to high rise Mitchell-Llama buildings. Many of our members that make up these districts range from poor to middle class—hardworking families. They come to worship with similar concerns for their community, their jobs, and their children.

As clergy, we have answered the call to speak for the vi--voiceless and uplift the broken. And this--and these quality of life issues that have been raised in the past by clergy for residents, that there are similar anxieties when it comes to housing and jobs.

Throughout the proposed district from

Manhattan to Mount Vernon, residents want to

maintain the safety of the community and security

of their family, and live comfortably without the

threat of national cuts to assistance in housing,

education, medical care, and only through fair

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representation can we assure that these services

could--services and goods will be maintained.

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The 15th congressional district being

proposed is one of many districts that legally require minority representation. The boundaries being proposed in the 15th Congressional district allow for minority repress--representation where there has not been an African American congressional representative in the Bronx and Westchester.

The redistricting would allow for fair representation for the mainly African Americans—the many African Americans that reside in these neighborhoods of common interest. Therefore, the congressional district being proposed would not only be impartial but historical.

The Bronx and Westchester County Clergy
Coalition also support fair representation for
the 14th and 16th congressional districts, where
the Latino population has grown over the last ten
years. In conclusion, we would like to reiterate
the importance of a minority district with people
who have shared and continue to share common

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 political, social, cultural interests. The redistricting of the 15th Congressional district will not only bring those interests together politically, but impartially and historically for the next ten years.

I'm sure the committee agrees that fair representation is the goal of redistricting. And we should do all we can to make it possible.

That makes--this plan makes it possible.

Attached you will find a copy of the proposed map with the 15th Congressional distance--district that the Bronx and southern Westchester County Clergy Coalition is supporting. I thank you for your time and consideration in this matter.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Reverend, thank you for your testimony. And we particularly appreciate a map being submitted as well. The district that's been proposed by several speakers, is one that would go from Washington Heights up through the--up to Inwood and through the west Bronx and then up. And I wonder what section--are you talking southwest

	Page /
1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	Yonkers as well? Because you say southern
3	Westchester County, or going over to Mount
4	Vernon?
5	REVEREND MIZELL: Mount Vernon. I was
6	speaking specifically about Mount Vernon.
7	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Would you need
8	southwest Yonkers as well, to hit the map?
9	REVEREND MIZELL: No.
10	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Just Mount
11	Vernon.
12	REVEREND MIZELL: Yes.
13	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Okay, thank
14	you very much. Luis Facundo. Good morning.
15	LUIS FACUNDO: Good morning. Mr.
16	Chairman, members of the Task Force, my name is
17	Luis Facundo and I live at 425 West 205th Street,
18	New York City. I am also doing business in
19	Yonkers and the Bronx. Thank you for the
20	opportunity to address you regarding the
21	redistricting process.
22	I am here to represent the thousands of
23	people that do not know today the importance of
24	this hearing. We understand that your job is to

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adjust the lines of the New York State

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Legislature, as well as the Congress, to comply

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with one person, one vote requirements for the

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fair representation in all legislative bodies.

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figures, that the biggest task facing this Task

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Force is an--is an attempt to provide fair and

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accurate representation to all New Yorkers. It's

It is evident, based on the census

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drawing of a number of additional congressional

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and senatorial majority Latino districts that

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will reflect the explosion of Latino population

Latinos are accurately and fairly reflected in

its legislature. Drawing legislative maps with

min--minority Latino population should be simple.

The populations of Washington Heights, the Bronx,

and Yonkers, for example, make a complete and

contiguous map that joins community with many

commonalities. They share shopping centers,

churches, places of work. They should also

share the members of Congress who represent it.

You have a challenge of ensuring that

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in New York.

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I request that this Task Force give such

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district that it brings together these

communities of interest and allows us to elect a

4 candidate of our choice.

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Members of the Task Force, take for example the B-line bus service and the number one train. If you get in on the number one and run to 240nd street, and then you take the B-line to Carroll Avenue, you will notice the commonality of working class families, all together. As a difference, sometime when it's rain, a lot of these individuals get wet because a lack of protection from the elements. These are the points important.

We know what maps and geographic information has done to the process, but we're talking about people. For that reason, I ask and request to you—this body, which should respect the drawing of a legislative map with a majority Latino population. It should be simple. We are the labor force of the future of America. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. Marieta Estrella [phonetic]? Marieta

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	Estrella? Miriam Morales [phonetic]? Miriam
3	Morales? Facundo Knight [phonetic]? Facundo
4	Knight? Francesca Pena [phonetic]? Francesca
5	Pena? Brian Paul? Good morning. I would point
6	out that if you're speaking out on behalf on
7	Common Cause, that we have heard the message a
8	number of times and would like to hear
9	particularly anything that you want to add to
10	that message.
11	BRIAN PAUL, RESEARCH AND POLICY
12	COORDINATOR, COMMON CAUSE NEW YORK: Yes, good
13	morning. Yes, I'll be offering specific
14	testimony regarding the Bronx this morning.
15	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: I should add for the
16	record that we saw you yesterday.
17	MR. PAUL: Yes.
18	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: And that I
19	MR. PAUL: [Interposing] And will be at
20	every hearing.
21	SENATOR NOZZOLIO:look forward to the
22	new developments that you're bringing to the
23	table since yesterday.
24	MR. PAUL: Okay, thank you. Well, we'll

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be at every hearing in New York City, offering

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specific analysis for each borough. So thank you

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again for allowing me to testify.

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My name is Brian Paul and I'm the

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New York. As we've previously testified at other

Research and Policy Coordinator for Common Cause

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hearings, we continue to support redistricting

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reform and independent redistricting. And we'd

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also like to thank the Task Force for moving

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forward with its compliance with Chapter 57, of

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the laws of 2010 I a transparent manner, at the

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hearing yesterday.

14 For today's hearing in the Bronx, I will

15 focus on providing an overview of the demographic

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changes in the borough and analysis of some

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issues with current district lines in Congress

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states -- and Assembly. And as always, a more

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complete analysis is available online on our

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www.citizensredistrictny.org.

mapping democracy blog at

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Do you all have copies of the maps I've

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provided? Okay. Just to begin, you've gotten

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the neighborhood map from other folks. I'll skip

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over that. The neighborhoods of the Bronx are a complex mosaic. They range from dense urban concentrations to areas of single family homes that are essentially suburban in character.

While south and central Bronx is densely urban, Wakefield and the north of the borough is middle density and Riverdale in the northwest and some neighborhoods in the eastern half are essentially lower density suburbs as map two population density illustrates.

And there are some major socio-economic differences between certain areas of the borough. The south and central Bronx are much more densely populated and majority lower income tenants who work in blue collar and service sector jobs, compared to the more middle income east Bronx and the more affluent area of Riverdale in the northwest.

Overall the population of the Bronx grew by almost 4% since 2000 and this growth has been concentrated in the south central Bronx. Neighborhoods that grew the most were Morrisania, and Crotona Park area. So in every region where

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growth in New York State, we've found that it has

we've looked at the factors driving population

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been growth in the minority and immigrant

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communities that has helped boost the population,

In the Bronx, the non-Hispanic white

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as others have testified today.

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voting age population decreased by more than

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35,000, or 21%. And this pattern of white

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population decline in historically white majority

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neighborhoods in the outer areas of the borough

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is the same pattern that we've seen in Queens and

In contrast to the white population

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we'll see in Brooklyn as well. It's a pattern

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that holds city-wide.

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decline, non-Hispanic black voting age population of the Bronx grew by almost 20,000 or roughly 7%. But even more significantly, it has been growth in the Hispanic community, as many have said today, that has really boosted the borough's population. The Hispanic voting age population of the Bronx grew by close to a 100,000 individuals in the last ten years, or almost 23%.

The Bronx is now a majority Hispanic borough,

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with Hispanics accounting for over 51% of the voting age population.

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One--if you look at map 9 in my

testimony, one interesting pattern that reveals

itself on a map of Hispanic population change in

7 the last ten years, is the relative decline of

8 the Hispanic population in Washington Heights and

Manhattan, compared to strong growth in adjacent

10 communities of the Bronx. And since these

figures indicate that almost 19,000 Hispanics

12 left Washington Heights since 2000, and there

seems to be a movement into the Bronx of the

14 Dominican population.

Unlike the situation we discussed yesterday, with the Asian population of Queens, for the most part—a Hispanic population in the Bronx, especially when you compare it to the situation in Queens with the Asian community, is much better represented by existing lines.

Regarding Congress and the State Senate, however, there are a few specific issues that should be looked at. The Bronx is currently divided between three congressional districts.

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Of these districts, only district 16 is entirely

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contained within the borough, encompassing the

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core of the south and central Bronx, with a solid

District 7 joins the east Bronx with a

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Hispanic majority.

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7 small area of Queens in the Elmhurst-Corona area.

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And while we object to the current line of that

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district in the Queens portion, the idea of

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dividing the Bronx between the south and central

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areas and the east, generally makes sense based

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on distinct socio-economic demographics.

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As others have noted today, district 17

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15 currently combines the black communities of the

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north Bronx and Mount Vernon with Riverdale, and

is highly problematic, however. This district

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then in a shape that snakes up the Hudson River

Instead of

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following this strange gerrymandered shape, this

to cross into Rockland County.

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district could instead join the north Bronx with

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2.2 including Yonkers, New Rochelle, Mamaroneck, and

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then going up the Long Island Sound to

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Portchester.

the towns and cities of southern Westchester,

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And that district in that shape would be much better aligned with demographic commonalities, geographical common sense, and communities of interest.

In the State Senate, the Bronx is currently divided between six districts, four of which are a Hispanic majority, one of which is a black majority. While districts 28, 32, 33 are relatively compact, districts 31, 34, and 36 are some of the most oddly meandering districts in the state right now.

District 31 extends from Washington

Heights and Riverdale far down into the upper

west side along the Hudson River in a shape that

actually cuts out many individual blocks from

their surrounding neighborhoods. Now these lines

were drawn ten years ago as a political

gerrymander, and should be repaired in the new

cycle. District 31 could remain based in

Washington Heights, but should perhaps be joined

with neighborhoods across the river and the

Bronx, where the Dominican population has been

growing. If this were done, there is still

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plenty of room for districts 28, 31, 32, and 33

to remain based in the south and central Bronx

areas.

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and joined with district 36 were redistributed to these districts instead, this extension of district 36 from the north Bronx into this area violates many of the basic principles of good government redistricting, as it extends in a noncontiguous shape that blatantly divides neighborhoods. More areas of the north Bronx and Mount Vernon could be added to that—the rectangular core of district 36 to make up for the population loss.

Similarly, we leave that the inclusion of Fordham University area, into state district 34, rather than one of the districts based on the central Bronx, is also misguided. And as Senator Rivera testified about neighborhood anchors, I think that neighborhood anchor belongs in a central Bronx-based district.

In the State Assembly, we've also heard someone testify about the division of Norwood,

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	and that's the basic issue with the assembly
3	districts right now, divided into three.
4	District 80 snakes over from the east
5	across the park and in an unnecessary shape that
6	could easily be avoided.
7	And in closing, I'd like to thank you
8	once again for the opportunity to testify, and
9	express my hope that you will seriously consider
10	the information presented in this testimony, and
11	the many testimonies of the local Bronx residents
12	and elected officials offered here today, thank
13	you.
14	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.
15	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you.
16	Discussions are helpful. Are you planning to
17	submit maps for proposed districts?
18	MR. PAUL: Yes, we will be submitting
19	maps for the complete state, all levelsprobably
20	in about a month from now, I would say.
21	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: I'm sorry, I couldn't
22	hear you.
23	MR. PAUL: Early October.
24	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Early October.

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	That's terrific, because this gives us a chance
3	to discuss the time frame that thethere are a
4	number of forces that are requiring the earlier
5	than later establishment of lines to be proposed
6	for the public scrutiny and the review of the
7	legislature. So thank you for your participation
8	and I encourage further input.
9	MR. PAUL: All right, thank you very
10	much.
11	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: The Honorable Cynthia
12	Cox?
13	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Actually
14	before you start, please, Ms. Cox, I want to say
15	that Assembly member Dinowitz is here, and we're
16	happy to see him.
17	HONORABLE CYNTHIA COX: Good morning,
18	okay. Good morning.
19	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Good morning.
20	HONORABLE COX: I am the Honorable
21	Cynthia Cox. I am very pleased to be here. I am
22	an elected district leader of the 79th Assembly
23	district, located in the Bronx. I reside in 800
24	Concourse Village West, the Bronx, New York,

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which is known as Concourse Village. Concourse

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Village is--has over 1800 corporate units.

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York State's Legislative task was for demographic

I am here to testify before you that New

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research and reapportionment. As an elected 6

7 public official, I offer you the testimony for

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this region to have the lines established at the

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Senate, Assembly, and Congress level. As elected

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judicial leader, what would you like to see

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structured as an appropriate representation line

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for these legislation bodies, namely the Senate,

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Assembly, and the Congressmen. Exactly what your

We have drawn individual maps--will be

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attorney has stated.

their families.

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16 submitted, with our recommendation on how the

17 lines should be drawn for the Senate, Assembly

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and Congressmen. I strongly support our maps and recommendation, because this is the best way for

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20 our community to enjoy a better life. It's the

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best way to have a safe life for themselves and

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All the corporate of--owns of--at

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Concourse Village makes a vital contribute to our

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economic and our culture. They pay taxes, vote,

ceonomic and our curtaine. They pay cakes, voce,

every primary and general election. It's unfair

to decrease the election represent --

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representation in the Senate, the Assembly, and

the Congress. As our--as our representation is

decreased, it will cause a severe hardship and

burden on our community, especial our senior

citizen, our youth, our single parents, our

unemployed, our working families, and our

neighbors who are struggling with their major

sicknesses.

community.

It is unfair to deny access to decent health care and basic human needs. It's only fair to draw the lines the way we recommend it. If the Assembly and Senate district under--underrepresentation, our community will suffer. Our probable need will be overlooked and not addressed until they have become big problems--more severe and difficult to solve. This is the results of increased costs. The increased costs will be passed onto the rest of the higher ta--higher taxes, less services, benefits to the

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Finally, because of the state, our economy is also the right thing to do. I urge you to support the lines and maps we have drawn for the legislative body of the Senate, the Assembly, and the Congress. Please support our recommendation.

Thank you for your attention to this important issue, and thank you for your commitment to the healthier representation, economic survival in all of the Bronx.

Respectfully submitted, the Honorable Cynthia Cox, thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. Do you have maps that you're submitting?

MS. COX: Yes.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Okay, thank you, that's important. We'd like to receive them, during September if possible. John Garcia? John Garcia. Fernando Terado [phonetic]? Fernando Terado? Carmen Acosta? Good morning.

CARMEN ACOSTA, ASSOCIATION MUJERES

PROGRESISTAS: Good morning, members, official-elected officials of the state of New York. My

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	name is Carmen Acosta, and I represent the
3	Association de Mujeres Progresistas, translated
4	the Association of Progressive Women. I am the
5	secretary of that organization. And I stand
6	before you because I believe that this is a very
7	important issue for our community. Again, thank
8	you for inviting the community to this hearing.
9	Unfortunately, many who would like to be
10	here, that would not miss this opportunity
11	cannot be here because they are working, making
12	ends meet, and keeping a roof over their family's
13	head. It is the hope of the community that a
14	hearing be scheduled during working hours and
15	preferprobably in Washington Heights area.
16	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: During working
17	hours or after working hours?
18	MS. ACOSTA: After working hoursoff-
19	working hours.
20	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: What time
21	would you like to see that begin?
22	MS. ACOSTA: I'd say between 7:00, 9:00,
23	6:00, 8:00those hours.
24	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: If it was

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 yesterday's hearing in Queens, add seven hours to 7:00 at night, and you'll find out when you'll 3 4 get out. 5 MS. ACOSTA: And we could be here all 6 night, too. That--that's important--this is an 7 important issue for us, and I don't think that 8 anyone would be, you know--9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing] Unless they had child-raising responsibilities 10 11 and the babysitter had to get to school. 12 MS. ACOSTA: What I believe is that 13 14

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there are work--a work-able time frame that community can be here to participate. And I think that should be looked into--very important for us.

We're working people and--you know, we have those responsibilities as well, but we also like to be engaged civically--particularly in these kinds of meetings. So the Association of Women Progresista is a community-based organization that serves the communities of Washington Heights, Hamilton Heights, and Inwood. But I'm not limited to those areas of--and they

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 serve in the areas of health care, education, immigration, and issues of domestic violence.

Our programs--AMP's programs are family focused and uniquely tailored to the needs--and very mindful of the time limitations of working women, head of household, and their children.

Congressional district 15 contains the areas that we serve. But for the past ten years, AMP has seen many of our participating families move to the adjacent neighborhoods of Highbridge, Kingsbridge, Marble Hill, and other parts of the northwest Bronx. Nevertheless, these families remain loyal to the programs that AMP offers, such as Dancercize, Play Streets--Clear [phonetic] programs to help combat childhood obesity. We welcome their participations in special events, in commemorating the Three Kings Days and midsummer Health Fair programs. Families from across the Bronx come and enjoy AMP staple of activities and many other special projects that are both educational and enriching.

As part of its commitment, AMP will continue to help women and their families take

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advantage of services that are available within

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the district's seamless borders. The new

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district should reflect elements of a desirable,

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well-rounded, balanced block of Hispanic voters.

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It will unite social, cultural, racial, ethnic,

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and economic interests in that area.

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Without a doubt, we'll be the subject of

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discussion and consideration in the next

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legislative session in Congress. Most

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importantly, reapportionment of the--of the

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congressional district 14, 15, and 16 will be

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significant and a necessity for several reasons.

One, the 2010 statistics of the census

There are commonalities of issues, that

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15 shows that there's a growing number in those

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districts of Hispanics. So that one Congressman-

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-Jose Serrano, which does a wonderful job, is not

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sufficient to fill the void and the challenges

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that lie ahead.

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affect the community, in education, economic opportunity, health and welfare, which demand more representatives, rather than less, with

skills that can handle the increase in volume and

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culturally sensitive nature of the issues and the

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needs.

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The shifting population of displaced tenants--its composition that is made up of a pattern of women who are single head of household, and a pattern of mobility that indicates that these diverse group of Hispanics are bidding for resources, that are interconnected. And that crisscross territories--northern Manhattan and northwest Bronx.

Act--activist Hispanic leaders have matured politically. And more than ever, are prepared for full civic engagement at the federal level of government. Our youngsters want to go to Washington D.C. to proclaim their rightful place at the table where decisions are being made about their future.

AMP has a duty again to support the redistricting efforts of the Coalition for Fair Representation. And we'll be remiss if we did not advocate for those families who are looking to have their voices heard in Congress. believes that due to its natural progression, the

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2 3 reapportionment will be carved out in ways that

include maximum cohesiveness of interest, and

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emerging political prowess among new immigrant

voters that are contained in the areas of

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northern Manhattan and the northwest part of the

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Bronx.

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can be better served by an increase of elected

officials that have lived the Hispanic

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families--on both sides of the I-87 corridor, who

There's a big presence of Hispanic

experience. For these reasons stated above,

Association de Mujeres Progresista supports the

present proposal to redraw the lines as it is in

the map submitted by the Coalition for Fair

Representation. Reapportionment, where fair

representation is achieved, is long overdue in

our community. Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very Fredas Vina Moscosa [phonetic]? Fredas much. Vina Moscosa? Aldrin Bonilla? Good morning.

ALDRIN BONILLA, EX-CUNY IN THE HEIGHTS: Good morning, and thank you for your service on the Task Force. Since much of what I want to say

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 has been stated, I'll just submit for the public 3 record--4 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] Mr. 5 Bonilla? MR. BONILLA: 6 Yes? 7 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Could you be so kind 8 as to pull the microphone closer to you? 9 MR. BONILLA: Yes, so I'll submit for 10 the public record so as to not repeat and save 11 some time, but I would like to offer my support 12 for the redistricting map that represents and 13 reflects the clear and compelling and growing 14 community of interest that has taken shape over 15 the decades in northern Manhattan--the northwest 16 and west neighborhoods of the Bronx. 17 These neighborhoods roughly comprised of Washington Heights, Inwood, Marble Hill, 18 19 Kingsbridge, Fordham, University Heights, 20 Highbridge, that are connected through several 21 key, heavily trafficked and utilized bridges--not 2.2 least of which are the 181st Street bridge, 207th 23 Street bridge, and 225th Street bridge. These

bridges have -- these communities, on average, are-

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-have more in common with each other than they do with the rest of their current congressional districts.

A newly redrawn congressional district that comprises these neighborhoods would align democratic representation with the demographic growth in shifts that have accelerated over the last decade, and reinforced the common lived and shared reality on the issues around immigration; housing stock and affordability; public transportation; road and bridge infrastructure; river front access and parkland use; small business job creation; education quality; school over-crowding and school construction, as well as non-profit social service agency capacity building.

The pressing and growing common lot of this community of interest make the unconventional possible. For example, a large northern Manhattan based non-profit organization, such as [foreign audio], being called upon to manage and operate several programs in the west Bronx, for youth services, immigration, women's

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services, and not least of which the much

3 heralded mosaic Beacon school.

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Or vice versa, a Bronx-based institution of higher learning such as Hostess Community

College [phonetic] being called upon to create an extension program in Washington Heights-Inwood, to offer continuing education, licensing, and professional certificate programs.

I am a resident of the Bronx, but I am a former resident of Washington Heights, like so many other thousands of people who have made that transition. Nonetheless, the bridges that I speak of serve to unite us and coalesce us around northern Manhattan and the west Bronx. For play, work, prayer, economic activity and business activity, this community of interest -- we cannot wait another ten years for the recognition and respect of this community interest that is growing and compelling. Let us not sit here ten years from now and have to then divvy up and carve up a net loss of two more congressional seats because people have decided to implement the teabowl hypothesis, and not vote--but vote

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 with their feet and go elsewhere. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. Luis Ducos [phonetic]? Luis Ducos? Kenya Abru [phonetic]? Kenya Abru? Rafael Beaumont?

RAFAEL BEAUMONT, 161ST STREET: Hi, good morning--good afternoon, it's after 12:00, yes, hi. Thank you for this opportunity. This is the very first time that I'm testifying before a congressional--legislative body, and I'm very happy to do so.

As a student of political science, I was--I was always expecting to see the legislative process in action, and this is the opportunity for me to see that. I am a member of a northern Manhattan, west Bronx commission for fair representation, and as such I am in support of redrawing the new lines, where a new--a new conger--congressional district is to be--or should be--or should be created.

I'm not so much interested in the--in the ethnic composition of any--of any district in New York. What I'm interested is in the

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2 3 political process and the legal process to take its natural or legal process. And that is that

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after a particular geographical area acquires a

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particular number of residents, according to the

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law, a new district or the lines should be

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redrawn.

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That's why I became involved in--in my support.

And basically that's why I'm here--to

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organization. And that's one of the things that

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I--I'm going to be working for, for the next few

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months.

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I'm an educator. And one of the things that I explain to my students is that the American political process is one of the best one in the world, once--number one--once you learn how it works, and number two--once you are committed to it. And that's -- and that's the reason why I'm here. And again, as an educator, one of the things that I'm planning to do is to organize workshops within my community to explain what's going on here so more people can become involved. And so more people can be--can--make come before you to urge you to--just to redraw

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 another district as the law requires. 3 And again--I live in a community, 4 Washington Heights, that has acquired a number of residents that are new--that--that according to 5 the law, a new committee should be--a new 6 7 congressional district should be created. And basically that's what I'm here for. 8 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: What do you 10 teach? 11 MR. BONILLA: I'm sorry? ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: 12 What do you 13 teach, you say you're an educator? 14 MR. BONILLA: I teach preparation of 15 legal documents. I have been doing this 16 opportunity for the last five years. And I'm 17 also a legal professional for the last 30 years. And I have been residing in New--in Washington 18 19 Heights for the last 35 years. I was a member of 20 my community board for seven years. So I'm 21 really--I'm really committed to my community. 2.2 That's why once- I found out that we have reached 23 that -- that number of residents, I'm here to urge

you just to create another district, okay?

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Very good, Thank you very much for your testimony. 3 thanks. MR. BONILLA: Yeah, thank you for the 4 5 opportunity. ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Yeah. Ramone 6 7 Murphy [phonetic]? Ramone Murphy? Marcia Garcia? Marcia--ah. Good afternoon. 8 9 MARCIA GARCIA, CLUB DE LEONES: Good afternoon, members of the Task Force and elected 10 official of the State of New York. My name is 11 12 Marcia Garcia, and I reside at Washington--I am a 13 resident of Washington Height and Inwood section 14 of Manhattan. 15 I am representing the New York Leone 16 Club, which is a club that has served our 17 community for many years. And most of the members reside in this area. I am also a member 18 19 of a northern Manhattan and west Bronx Coalition 20 for Just Representation. 21 I am here today in front of this 2.2 commission to request consideration for map 23 presented by our Coalition to have a congressional representation. To defend the

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1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	interests of our people, we are a minority
3	community in need of numerous services such as
4	housing, more school, health care. These
5	services could be only obtained by having a good
6	congressional representation from somebody
7	familiar with our need. That is the reason why
8	it's so important to us to obtain at least two
9	congressional seat. I thank you for the
10	opportunity to have a voice in this important and
11	much needed process, thank you.
12	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.
13	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you.
14	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Father Ricardo
15	Dajardo [phonetic]? Ricardo Dejardo? Jose
16	Zabala? Good afternoon.
17	JOSE ZABALA, ZABALAALDIA.COM-181ST
18	STREET: Buenos dias.
19	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Buenos dias.
20	MR. ZABALA: [Foreign audio]
21	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Do you
22	understand?
23	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Yo entiendo
24	pequito, pero
=	

1	Page 102 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	MR. ZABALA: Okay, [Foreign audio].
3	Okay, my nombre is Jose Zabala. [Foreign audio].
4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Muchas
5	gracias.
6	[Applause]
7	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: [Foreign audio]
8	MR. ZABALA: [Foreign audio]
9	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Basically, what
10	he testified toand we apologize for not
11	translating, but I will do that now. Basically
12	what he testified to was regarding Washington
13	Heights and the Bronx, which several other
14	individuals had testified to that, and they're
15	recommending an additional congressional district
16	with the opportunity to elect a Latino in the
17	5thin the Washington Heights Bronx area.
18	And basically what I said to him was
19	thank you for his testimony, and that we will
20	take his recommendations into account, as we will
21	everybody else who has testified. Thank you.
22	Excuse me?
23	[Inaudible conversation with audience
24	member]

Steve

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Well, I just translated, thank you. We can move on, sir. 3 4 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Tony Matta 5 [phonetic]? Tony Matta? Ubaldo Santos 6 [phonetic]? Ubaldo Santos? Altagracia Iraldo 7 [phonetic]? Altagracia Iraldo? Sandra Harris Sandra Harris? Wilma Alfonso 8 [phonetic]? 9 [phoneticl? Wilma Alfonso--Alonso? Luis Para [phonetic]? Luis Para? David Williams? 10 11 Santana. 12 STEVE SANTANA: Good morning, to the 13 Task Force. Thank you. I would like to thank 14 you guys for the opportunity--to give us the 15 opportunity to present ourself to you guys to let 16 you know the needs that we have. To have a 17 congressional seat together in the area, 18 basically represented by Latino. Basically 19 leaving Latinos there--we have a lot of needs. 20

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We need a representative for us to understand our culture, to understand that we need more support from the federal government. To understand the opportunity that we are looking for when we come to this country. These areas

1	Page 10 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	basically on the upper Manhattan side, Washington
3	Heights and the west Bronx, where I live, has
4	been not well represented. And we'llwe want
5	you to take into consideration the needs that
6	these reresident have. Please take into
7	consideration thatthe needs that we have.
8	Thank you very much.
9	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Leonida
10	Garcia? Leonida Garcia. Good afternoon.
11	LEONIDA GARCIA: [Foreign audio].
12	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing]
13	No, excuse me. Pardon me. If this is to be
14	productive for everyone in the room, I would ask
15	if somebody might translate at the same time.
16	MS. GARCIA: [Translated through Mr.
17	Lopez] Okay. The distinguished members of the
18	committee, of the Task Force, my name is Leonida
19	Garcia. I'm a residentI'm sorry? Of east of
20	the Bronx. [To Ms. Garcia].
21	MS. GARCIA: West Bronx.
22	MS. GARCIA: [Translated through Mr.
23	Lopez] West Bronx, thank you. I came to ask you
24	that you take into consideration the necessity of

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 the Hispanic in the area, that we should have representation at the level of Congressman--3 Congressperson. And that they represent also our 4 5 language and culture. And our interests, economic and social. The high cost of living has 6 7 taken over a lot of my families and friends--and a friend of ours that a restaurant from the area-8 9 -that they have to be--they moved from the area in the east of the Bronx, to form a new community 10 11 close to the area. [To Ms. Garcia] Look--I'm 12 sorry, say that again, I'm sorry. I lost you 13 there. 14 MS. GARCIA: Okay. [Foreign audio] 15 MS. GARCIA: [Translated through Mr. 16 Lopez] Nonetheless, them--the same as other 17 Latinos, they cross daily. They cross the north of Manhattan daily, so they can receive basic 18 19 service, like medicine, doctors, food, education, 20 work, and civic involvement in the community. 21 They are a legal resident of the Bronx, and they 2.2 receive service in the community. 23 I ask you--oh, why don't they get the

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service in the new area? They tell me they don't

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 know the assistant of a new service in the area. 3 And they don't know where their representatives 4 are located--where they live. I came here today 5 to ask you that you should take into consideration our necessities that we of Latin in 6 7 these two communities are facing, north of Manhattan, east of--west of the Bronx. 8 9 Yeah, okay. MS. GARCIA: [Translated through Mr. 10 MS. GARCIA: 11

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Lopez] Of the Bronx--that they have in common. And that they will have -- they will give us opportunity so we can obtain political representation in the area. [To Ms. Garcia] I'm sorry, I lost you right there. Go back again. [Interpreting] So that they can give us opportunity--political representation--oh federal, okay, representation. [To Ms. Garcia] Go ahead. [Interpreting] Capable to provide us the resources--the resource--necessary resource so they can empower us--so they can empower us to this level.

We are asking this commission that you take the decision--correct decision so you can

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protect this community--the Spanish community.

That we live in both counties--we have com--hold on--common interests--common interests--common interests. We consider this is a very just cause--right cause to make sure that you do this, of course. And correct. Thank you. Ethical and correct. That your decision should be ethical and correct.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much for your testimony, and we thank Welquis

Castro, a member of the Task Force, for translating. Lopez--I'm sorry, I'm looking at

Mr. Castro as I say that. Luis Espinal? Good afternoon.

LUIS ESPINAL: Good afternoon. Good afternoon, Honorable member of the Committee.

Good afternoon everyone. My name is Luis Espinal, and I am here representing the northern Manhattan and west Bronx Coalition for Fair Represent—Representation. Please allow me to thank you for the opportunity to appear on record supporting the creation of a congressional district that will allow residents of the

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northern Manhattan and west Bronx communities to have fair representation in term of cultural, linguistic, and socio-economical background.

During the last four decades, upper Manhattan, as comment by the census data, has been a stronghold for the Latino community as portrayed by the professional businesses, community and faith based organization and educational institution in this area.

In the last two decades, there has been a spill of residents from upper Manhattan coalition into the western part of the Bronx.

The 2010 census data clearly tracks this movement. This shift is practically - - as we witness the increase of public transport-- transportation within this contiguous community at the main connection points between upper Manhattan and the west Bronx. Bronx 12, Brown Street, Bronx 36--as well as numerous taxi bases.

Those who have relocated to the western part of the Bronx continue to use--to use the upper part of Manhattan island--not only to visit relatives and friends, they remain in the old

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

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neighborhood back also to continue getting essential services such as health care, shopping, civic, education, and laser.

While crossing the new political lines of New York City and State, congressional district, you now have before--you now have before you a historical opportunity to provide this similar community, who share the same linguistic, cultural, and socio-economic values with the representation and voice at the federal level. This is the--demographically possible while preserving the political representation at the federal level of the African American community to the south of the Puerto Rican community to the west.

Honorable commission member, I call on you to marry with the history by allowing your action and decisions be fair, just and ethical.

I would like to make a simile between this good opportunity that I'm having right now, in connection with that one voice that we could have at the federal government, okay? At the federal level, all right? Thank you.

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very Alanda Sancho--Sanchez? 3 much. 4 ALANDIS SANCHEZ: Good morning. 5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Good 6 afternoon. 7 MS. SANCHEZ: Good afternoon. Actually we came here at 10:00, yeah, I see why you're 8 9 here when you say seven hours. Okay, my name is Alandis Sanchez, and 10 11 I've been a business owner for over 20 years in 12 this community, district 86. I'm here 13 representing northern Manhattan and west Bronx 14 coalition for fair representation. Please allow 15 me to thank you for the opportunity to appear on 16 record supporting the creation of a congressional 17 district that would allow residents of northern Manhattan and west Bronx communities to have fair 18 19 representations in terms of cultural, linguistic, 20 and socio-economic background. 21 I--with this--I am going to support 2.2 something with my own experience of what it's 23 been living in Washington Heights and moving into

the Bronx as a teenager. I was expressing to Mr.

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Castro yesterday, when we spoke about this issue.

I said this is a very important issue for me. We

do not want to wait another ten years, because my

experience was that even though my family moved

to the west Bronx, I didn't feel familiar with

7 the new neighborhood.

Everything I did in Washington Heights—
I went to school in Washington Heights, and if I
was—if I wasn't empowered by being among my
community, I would have probably not been lucky
enough to have good grades, to be able to go to
the school that I wanted to.

Most of my classmates had to go to a zone school, which is decided by your district. Which meant that I would have had to go to Roosevelt, which wasn't a very good school at that time. Which really panics me. I was lucky enough, like I said, to have good grades and be accepted into one of the best schools in New York. And it was on 135th Street and Convent Avenue [phonetic], which was Manhattan. It was very convenient. I loved it.

I think our children need to be--they

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need to be empowered by where they come from.

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And this is--one of the things that I loved when

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I real--when I actually realized this--that New

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York was a boiling point of all cultures. And

6 7 until that time that I really understood that, I was--I was--felt out of place. But at the time

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that I was empowered by the knowing that, not

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only us Latinos are here, Italians are here,

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Jewish are here, and they all have a place in

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Congress, as a federal -- in the federal level.

We also want a piece of that boiling

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point at--to be represented and to understand the

14 needs of our community. I am very strongly

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advocating for something that would actually make

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my kids, because--for me it's very important to

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keep my roots. I have a toddler. I have a baby.

And I am--I am doing my work to keep them knowing

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that they are Latinos. They have a Spanish last

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name. And I'm very proud of it. I want them to

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be empowered by it--by it. I don't want them to

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they come to be born in a place where they have

be feeling that they are out of place because

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no representation.

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So for me, it is very important that these lines are rearranged in a way--to be honest, the first time I came to the--to the idea, I was lost. I was like--I don't understand how this is going to work. Northern Manhattan, west Bronx--I thought districts were supposed to be--and when I looked at it in that perspective of how you want to be represented as a community that have the same worships, that have the same language, that have probably the same needs, I--I totally understood.

I said--of course we need that, of course. I'm going to be there and I will be there all the way. This is the opportunity that we were--we've been looking for. I came here when I was seven. Well--I'm 40 years old and I've been here so many times. And this is part of my community, but I really understand that--I feel American. But I understand that we have a community that will--that it's still coming in, and we're still going to be a boiling point for a long, long, long time.

I would really appreciate if you would

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1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	honor our commission members, our cultural marry
3	your view with the history allowing us to the
4	action of fair decision and ethicaland we would
5	really, really be so happy to actually
6	see this happen now. Thank you.
7	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very
8	much.
9	MS. SANCHEZ: Did you have a question.
10	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Yeah, Senator
11	Dilan.
12	SENATOR DILAN: No, we'd just like to
13	thank you.
14	MS. SANCHEZ: Okay.
15	SENATOR DILAN: Okay, I just want to, on
16	behalf of State Senator Nozzolio, our co-chair,
17	acknowledge the presence of State Senator
18	Vemanette Montgomery from Kings County. Welcome
19	and thank you for your presence.
20	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.
21	It's good to see you, Senator. Yocasta Polanco
22	[phonetic]. Yocasta Polanco.
23	MALE VOICE: Can someone take her spot?
24	She's not here.

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Oh. Could I
3	ask that we go through the list first, and then
4	we would allow you tobecause that's basic
5	MALE VOICE: [Interposing] Because we
6	did that before, you know, we could do that
7	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing]
8	Well, because we made the mistake before, we
9	should continue to be consistent? Very well, at
10	theat the recommendation of our local host. Go
11	ahead, sir, and give us your name.
12	DAVID WILLIAMS: Okay, my name is David
13	Williams. [Foreign audio]
14	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Are you going
15	tohold on a minute. Do you want to do it, Ray?
16	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Let's do it
17	again. Okay.
18	MR. WILLIAMS: My name is David
19	Williams, right?
20	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Yeah, si.
21	MR. WILLIAMS: [Interpreted through Mr.
22	Lopez] The person in this forum is to establish
23	the interest that the Dominican community and the
24	African community has toso they get recognized

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something that was establish in the 2000 census.

That we recognize the amount of Hispanics that

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they live in this side, in the county of Bronx. 4

And that this requires that we reach a level of

federal representation, an adequate and dignified 6

7 of representation in the federal government, so

we can defend our interests and our rights. 8

Twenty two years I've been

superintendent of the Bronx. I--I have seen the 10

11 necessity of our community and the growth of our

12 community. I have the perception that is--this

13 is the right time that we have a representation--

14 federal representation that can carry on the help

15 that our -- that our community needs.

16 The same as the upper Manhattan, like

17 the Bronx, they have 75% of business people that

they contribute economically to the growth of 18

19 the--of the--Manhattan, the city of New York.

20 That is justified that in both counties that we

21 have a dignified representation. And have the

2.2 perception that this committee has a

23 responsibility--so they can have the

24 responsibility--the historic responsibility to

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 make the impossible a reality. For the next elections--federal--our 3 4 county has--want a representative--federal 5 representative. And lastly, I want to inform that the numbers--that the census came out in the 6 7 two counties justify--they justify the position that we are just discussing right now. We came 8 9 to ask for and justify the reason why they should do a federal representation, so we can recognize 10 11 it. 12 I want to apologize that I came and 13 spoke in my language, but it is the language of a 14 lot of different people--well known people. 15 Thank you. 16 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. 17 I'd like to acknowledge the presence of the Honorable Larry Seabrook, a former colleague. 18 19 Great to see you. Yajira Ramirez [phonetic]? 20 Yajira Ramirez? Nelson Castro? Nelson Castro--21 he spoke. Abraham Jones? 2.2 ABRAHAM JONES, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR,

My name is Abraham Jones. I am the

CLAREMONT NEIGHBORHOOD CENTER, INC.: Good

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afternoon.

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
executive director of Claremont Neighborhood
Centers, a community based organization in the
Bronx. I also stay here as a resident of the
Bronx. And also I serve on the Executive Trustee
Board at my church, the Bible Church of Christ-which is located in the Bronx. We also have a
location in Mount Vernon. So we have a community
of interest there.

I'd like to just share with you a couple of thoughts that I have. I am sitting here, as we are looking at redistricting. And I'm thinking about the long and the very, very hard fought battle that was won through the Voting Rights Act. I'm thinking about all the challenges that were faced and how, in the end, we were successful.

And so I'm here because I have a concern of making sure that communities of color still stay united. I'm also here for another issue and that's the issue of the count for prisoners. As we look at the community remaining united, I think that through this long, hard fought battle, that we must make--ensure--we must ensure that

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 those communities that have worked and worked and worked and been supported by elected officials still remain united.

In my work with the Board of Elections, as a coordinator, I cannot tell you how very, very disenchanting it is for me to have to turn away voters. Because they come to the polling site; they find out that -- that their district or the--where they're supposed to vote is--whether it's across the street or across town, they're disenchanted, they're angry, they're upset. many often just refuse to go across town to cast the ballot because they feel that they've now-once again, been disenfranchised.

And so it is important that you understand that people who have become accustomed to voting and knowing who their representatives are, that we make sure that they don't remain confused. We're talking about single families; we're talking about seniors which live in our communities. As Executive Director of Claremont Neighborhood Centers, we work with all populations of people. We work with--for the

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 census, we was a site, in which we encouraged people to vote. We encouraged people--I'm sorry, to--not to vote, I'm sorry. We encouraged people

to take the census to be counted. To be counted.

In my organization, we work with all populations of people. I've done work with immigrants. And so I'm listening to a lot about different populations and I'm--I got stuck on one word--voting age. But I'd like to submit to you, gentleman, that because someone is voting age, it does not mean that they can legally vote. And I know that this may not be politically correct; however, it is politically true. And so I just want to submit that to you for your consideration.

And, in leaving, I just would like to read something to you--actually from the Voting Rights Act, section five, which states that, "it should consider the effect of the proposed changes. And will the proposed change lead to retrogression." And that's an interesting word, "retrogression." Will any of these changes lead to "retrogression"--worsening of the position of

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 minority voters. For instance, a proposed plan may effectively decrease the number of minority elected officials as well as decrease the voting strength of the minority group. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.
[Applause]

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Maria Luna?

Maria Luna? There she comes. Good afternoon.

MARIA LUNA, DISTRICT LEADER AD 71: Good afternoon. Well, I came early in the morning, but I am happy to be here with all of you today. My name, as you know, is Maria Luna. I was born in Santiago, the Dominican Republic. I am a proud, naturalized American citizen. I am a resident of Washington Heights, in the other side of the river.

As a citizen of this great nation, I have the opportunity to participate in the political life, engaging my time mainly in educating other members of my communities and newly immigrants about our political system and the responsibility to join with others in the bettering of all equally.

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2.2

I am the only Latina to be elected as the first biracial of the New York State

Democratic Party, and the first Dominican

American elected to a party position here in New York. I'm a district leader on the 71st Assembly district. I'm also a member of the New York

State Democratic committee. Let me add that I'm also the first Dominican American ever elected as a member of the Democratic National Committee serving on the Credentials committee [phonetic].

I was an elector placed to President

Obama in 2008, and a delegate to many

presidential democratic conventions--going back

to Jimmy Carter.

So here I am, with a very significant appeal to this commission, to see me as a voice for the newly organized northern Manhattan/west Bronx Coalition for Fair Representation. Our goal is that you, distinguished members of this committee, will recognize the importance at this time, based on the figures of the U.S. census—the 2010 census, and considering approve our recommendation of creating a congressional

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district that will allow the residents of our

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communities to see fulfilled the promise of the

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lands of opportunities.

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Latino linguistics, socio-economic background, and everything else. How we have done--how we

You will hear in this hearing about our

have grown in numbers, but this should not be

enough for you to agree to our requests.

What we hope you do is to be fair and transparent. Recognize our contribution, and then one day soon, one of us will serve as representative in the United States Congress.

There has always been resistance to fully embrace equality for all. But the increasing number of Latinos in the map that I presented today--I submitted the ten copies that I was asked to submit--also we put it online, that this is a historic opportunity for all here in New York--in New York state, to share--to share equally in the decision makings at the congressional level. And we hope you make a decision based on facts, not on emotions.

I also would like to apologize. Some of

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our--the people who came, they are, you know, a member of our coalition have said that they are--we are lacking services, and so on and so on.

Each one have a right to say--to make a statement said. We don't want to offend anybody. We need to make sure that we leave together with all the groups and that we have the same opportunities of representing each other.

I always tell everybody, when I register people to vote, and to encourage people to participate--it's just not a color of the skin only that is a fact. We need to see how the person is going to deliver for everybody equally. We have been served highly by Congressman Charles Rangel, by Jose Serrano, for--and Congressman Engel, we have also been represented highly at--the congressional delegation of New York state is one of the best. We need to continue that.

We also have to be part of the same table. We want to make sure that everyone feels that we can--that we are brothers and sisters, that we need to continue working for the future of our country, the future of our children. So

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 it's not a matter of color, height and how tall, 3 and how heavy, and how skinny we are. We need to 4 reassure that we respect each other, that right 5 now we have the opportunity--since in New York, we are losing two congressional seats. 6 7

People have to understand that by drawing lines just based on the way I speak, the way I sound, the way I look--is not really the fair way of doing things. We need to share at the table equally--as I said before, but also take into consideration the increasing numbers of Latinos. That also needs to be sure that they are inclusive. They are going to be part of the seams of our particular state.

So I hope that you as a commission, take into consideration our request, is not fighting with each other, it's also only participating with each other that is important to us. you so much.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. Ana Garcia [phonetic]? Ana Garcia? Jose Cruz? Jose Cruz? Dr. Hazel Dukes?

[Laughter]

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1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Good
3	afternoon.
4	DR. HAZEL N. DUKES, PRESIDENT, NAACP NYS
5	CONFERENCE: [Testimony read by Biarni Burke] I
6	guess you know there's a need to clear up one
7	thing. I am Biarni Burke, I am the President of
8	the Bronx branch NAACP.
9	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: What is your
10	name, sir?
11	MR. BIARNI BURKE: BurkeBiarni Burke.
12	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Biarni Burke.
13	MR. BURKE: Yes.
14	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Representing
15	Hazel Dukes?
16	MR. BURKE: Ah, yes.
17	[Laughter]
18	MR. BURKE: Thank you. Thank you, Task
19	members, for allowing me to give testimony as to
20	why it is important that the 15th congressional
21	district remain intact as a traditionally African
22	American congressional district.
23	In my testimony, I will seek to outline
24	the reasons why the 15th Congressional district

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is so very important to the residents of Harlem and to African American communities throughout the United States, and why it should be expanded through African American neighborhoods in the Bronx and Westchester County, in order to preserve our historic legacy and quality congressional representation.

As you know, the 15th congressional district is a voting rights district, protected by section five of the Voting Rights Act of 1965. Historically, efforts have been made to preserve the 15th Congressional district, given the seniority of this district and the historic and every-day significance of what it means to have a Harlem district. This deference to the Harlem district is not due to political influence, but the true needs of our people for a guaranteed voice in Congress. Without it, Manhattan would not have a single African American federal representative, nor the political involvement that we so cherish throughout Harlem.

Since 1945, Harlem has had two
Congressman--Adam Clayton Powell, Junior, and

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Charles B. Rangel. This speaks to the power which this district gives our residents and the power that our people give to the representatives of this district, the power that allowed Congressman Powell to become the first African American - of any congressional committee, and the power that allowed Congressman Rangel to ascend to the chairmanship of the powerful Ways and Means Committee.

The NAACP, along with both Congressmen, has successfully advanced our agenda, concurrently with the advancement of our elected officials. Without the Harlem district, there would be no Federal Voting Rights Act. Without the empowerment of African Americans in the north, it could be said the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, and countless other federal mandates aimed to give our people the rights we have always deserved, would have gone down as a one-sided argument, not the complex social movement that we still foster today.

With the help of Congressman Rangel and Congressman Powell, we have brought more federal

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funding into impoverished inner cities. We have

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created empowerment zones, aimed at stimulating

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job creation, education and business development.

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We have ended apartheid in South Africa.

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We have reimagined the possibilities of our

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people, given all African Americans throughout

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our society faith and hope, and helped pave the

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way for our first African American President,

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Barack Obama.

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Some may say otherwise, but we in Harlem

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know that is imp--that is because of our leaders

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whom we first fostered before any other district

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in the nation, that we can thank our rising power

15

and community improvement.

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As you know, all is not well in Harlem.

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We have unemployment beyond the city, state, and national averages. Most importantly among young,

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black males. We have high levels of poverty

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among our children and our elderly above the

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city, state, and national averages. More people

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from our district rely on social services,

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subsidized housing, subsidized medical care above

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city, state, and national averages.

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Our district needs all the attention it deserves, and cannot--and should not be diluted, but rather strengthened. Unfortunately, many areas in the Bronx and lower areas of Westchester County suffer the same problems and have a similar demographic makeup to the 15th congressional district. This is precisely why we must hold these neighborhoods close to us, and refuse to allow division among our people and our neighborhoods, because we are one.

Our congressional district should become one as well. You see, Harlem is not just a place, but a state of mind. It is the cultural capital of black American diaspora. Harlem is a community that is known throughout the world-throughout the city. And that is because of our It only makes sense that we would seek culture. to bridge the Harlem River with our brothers and sisters into the fold. In the first--last census, Harlem demographically looked a lot like Bronx does today, with many problems and little By tying our neighborhoods together, we hope. would empower the districts north of Harlem with

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the veracity and tenacity that made our body
politic famous.

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The United States Constitution promises a guaranteed voice for communities, a right that was reaffirmed by the Voting Rights Act. Harlem is a vibrant community, with cultural institutions ranging from the religious, to the arts, to fine dining, with a bevy of historical institutions interspersed throughout our neighborhoods.

We have the Cathedral church of St. John the Divine, Riverside Church, St. Martin's

Episcopal Church, St. Phillip's Church, Convent

Avenue Baptist Church, Abyssinian Baptist Church,

Malcom - - and Chavez - -, Metropolitan AME,

Canaan Baptist Church, and hundreds more. We have Sylvia's, Red Rooster, Longdell's

[phonetic], The Lenox Lounge, The Apollo Theater.

We have Grant's Tomb, the Studio Museum, the Jazz

Museum of Harlem, and City College.

Many of these institutions are as utilized by Bronx and Westchester African

American communities as they are by members of

stage.

the Harlem community. It only makes sense to tie communities of similar mindsets together politically, to guarantee our voice is heard loud and clear for generations to come. We are African Americans, Afro-Caribbeans, and Continental Africans. Our people are of one cloth, and we must bind ourselves together to preserve and expand our power on the national

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2.2

By creating districts with different purposes than preserving the voting rights district, we would not only be softening our voices, but conceding that our neighborhoods no longer need a collective voice to be heard in Congress. This is simply untrue, and the underrepresentation of African Americans in the United States Senate and the United States House of Representatives speaks to the continuing need for our political unification.

Simply put--the 15th congressional district is a powerhouse in our community and in Washington. By carving it up weakens the black voice. We would potentially set our

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2 neighborhoods back at least a generation.

As I stated before, we are a high needs district--very much like some parts of the Bronx, such as Eastchester and Williamsbridge. By tying our communities together, we would maintain our voice, strengthen our people, and continue the uphill battle to improve our city, state, and nation.

As President of the New York State

NAACP, I have a responsibility to ensure that our
people are adequately represented at the

bargaining table. In an effort to see our
communities responsibly represented, I have a

plan that I hope will help guide this Task Force
in its deliberation.

We black New York residents need the 15th congressional district to continue our uphill climb and hope that this Task Force will do the right thing and work with our communities to create the future that we all need for our city, state, and nation to flourish.

Thank you for allowing me to deliver this testimony on behalf of the communities I

	Daga 12
1	Page 13 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	have dedicated my life to representing. I will
3	be glad to answer any questions that you should
4	have at this time.
5	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you, Mr.
6	Burke, and express our gratitude to Hazel Dukes
7	for thatthat testimony.
8	MR. BURKE: Thank you.
9	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Walter J.
10	Edwards?
11	WALTER J. EDWARDS, CHAIRMAN, HARLEM
12	BUSINESS ALLIANCE: Good afternoon. My name is
13	Walter Edwards, Chairman of the Harlem Business
14	Alliance and CEO of Fullspeck, LLC [phonetic], a
15	Harlem-based green building development
16	corporation.
17	I would like to extend my thanks to the
18	members of the Task Force for holding this
19	hearing today to hear the concerns of the
20	communities and individuals who will be the most
21	affected by possible redistricting.
22	I will address the Task Force as an
23	independent business representative, a coalition

of Harlem located businesses, and as a Muslim

24

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American of African descent, two distinct

groupings which will be impacted by any redrawing

of political lines.

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The Harlem Business Alliance serves as an advocate for the preservation and retention of Harlem business community. Founded in 1980, we have worked diligently to establish Harlem as a self-sustaining business community and make our collective voice part of the decision making process on the local, state, and federal level.

Hence, this is why I am here today.

Harlem is historic, brand new tradition and eclectic. We are the cultural center of black America. We are moving forward with an eye on history. We are home to famous business, legendary attraction, ma and pop grocery stores, and street side vendors. In short, Harlem is a small town in a big city, with all the history and dreams that have made New York City what it is today.

This is one reason that we need to preserve Harlem and Harlem's congressional district as the black district it is today.

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Harlem is home to internationally renowned chefs,

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historic soul food restaurants, celebrated ethnic

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and cultural institutions, holy sites to black

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Christians and Muslims alike.

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developments, Lenox Terrace, Riverton, Delano

Harlem is home to large scale housing

7 8

Village, 3333 Broadway, and a plethora of New

9

York City Housing Authority property.

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Harlem is home to City College, Columbia

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University, Bernard College, Union Theological Seminary, and Yeshiva University. Harlem is a

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fully intact community and any divisions to our

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representative--representation could be

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potentially devastating to both our community and

I do not believe that we should be

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our political power.

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divided, but united with similar communities in 18

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the Bronx and perhaps Westchester.

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attractive to business development is the long-

business standpoint, part of what makes Harlem so

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standing ties that the business community has

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with political community. We have forced each

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other's growth in terms of creating self-

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sustaining businesses and encouraging our elected officials to lend a helping hand to indigenous business people.

Congressman Rangel, our second

Congressman since 1945, and I have worked with

both of them, thank God--helped alter the federal

empowerment's own program, which give tax

incentives, grants and bonding authority to local

communities. This helped create the second

Harlem Renaissance, which we are seeing the

positive effects today.

Despite the economic revitalization which we have seen since the last redistricting, Harlem still remains a high needs area. Many people rely on government benefits to survive and many businesses rely on government benefits to prosper. We have thousands of people living in housing and many more relying open--upon federal aisles and subsidy.

Simply stated, Harlem needs the precious government funding that we currently receive, and any political division could threaten the ability of the representatives to bring these dollars

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home.

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The 15th congressional district has always been one that has gotten attention from the federal government, due to our historical nation and empowered population. And I believe that by extending the borders to better reflect the historic demographics of Harlem, we'd continue this trend for the benefit of our people, our defenders, and our neighborhoods.

The Harlem Business Alliance has many connections with other groups representing minority business people, and if we were able to share a congressional district with members of our ethnic community, who live in the Bronx and Westchester, it is my positive belief that we could extend our relative prosperity outward. By linking our neighbors which would have of the same negative demographic trends, such as high unemployment and poverty, we would be able to bring more federal assistance to the people who need it most.

Additionally, by bridging the gap between our similar communities, we will bring

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the edge of fiscal stability.

our longstanding business development agencies, empowerment zones and advocacy groups to parts of New York who haven't seen such investment. We would be able to bring our expertise to communities which share Harlem's demographics and show our businesses off who've been working on

Businesses that already are in good standing would be connected, both political and culturally to newly developing businesses, and that would stand to benefit all of New York--not just one ethnic group.

As I stated before, I am also speaking to you as a Muslim American of African descent.

We are a rising demographic in Harlem, the Bronx, and Westchester. In fact, anywhere the African diaspora resides, Harlem and the Bronx are longstanding bastions of Islamic faith, with countless mosques and houses of worship available to the religious diverse population that comprise our neighborhood. Although I do not have the hard numbers of how much of the population in the 15th congressional district is constituted by

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Muslims, it is apparent to any resident that we

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are a growing force.

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5 district a protected district, according to the

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Voting Right's Act of 1965, it has also fostered

So not only is the 15th congressional

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the growth of religious tolerance with any

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diverse community--African and African American

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politically represented, and especially not on a

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world.

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Muslim are a segment of the population not often national level. But I have found that with the current structure of political representation, we have a

voice and some political clout that has benefited

both the followers and non-followers of my religion. The Harlem group--the Harlem congressional seat has become a force for the

oppressed in the United States and throughout the

And that is because we have people from

around the world comprising our community.

It is my hope that we can take this representation to a similar demographic, and keep our communities whole and quarantee that we have a united voice at the bargaining table.

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 I believe that the Bronx and Mount Vernon offer the best possible outcome for 3 4 preserving our co--and economic continuity. And 5 I would encourage you to view our efforts to preserve our community in a light that they 6 7 deserve--the light of freedom, empowerment, and 8 just representation. 9 Thank you for this opportunity to voice these thoughts today. I look forward to 10 11 continuing this dialogue and answer any questions 12 that you may have. 13 And in closing, I would say that as we 14 look around our nation today, and see the ugly 15 head of racism raising its head, what would we be 16 if we didn't have our representatives 17 representing us as we need them. Thank you. 18 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. 19 [Applause] 20 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: William 21 Stanford? William Stanford--okay. Good 2.2 afternoon. 23 WILLIAM STANFORD: Yes, this is my 24 proposal. The portion--western Broadway Avenue--

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AK Broadway above to 25th Street--between 225

Street and the border should be considered as

5 reason, okay?

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Most districts--well, you mentioned--you didn't mention the city council, but you mentioned the other three. Any particular reason why? You mentioned the State Assembly, you mentioned the State Senate, you mentioned the Federal Congress--you didn't mention the city council.

Manhattan--not this borough, for the obvious

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: No, because we have no jurisdiction over the city council. The city of New York redistricts itself when the time comes.

MR. STANFORD: Okay, scratch that. All right, so. . .most of these districts have--lie in one borough, but it would be nice if they just lie--if all the districts lied in one borough, to avoid confusion. There's very few of them, there's very--I just feel one--most of them should just lie in one borough. I'm not saying you can't--you know, extend them. But, it would

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be nice if--here in the New York City region,

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they lie in one borough because there's too much

But--part of one--part of a district in

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confusion here.

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Brooklyn, and part of it in Staten Island--when

6 7

Staten Island technically belongs to New Jersey--

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so it's considers--I guess it's a fake New York

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borough. . . As far as the districts go, I think

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they should just be left the way they are.

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don't know, maybe they should just be left the

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way they are.

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the one next to it is between the river and the district, and they're short 10,000 people then

And even if it does in one district, if

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: We don't have the option to leave it the way it is, because the numbers differ from district to district. they have to--because of the Voting Rights Act, as far as individual groups, but also because of the New York State Constitution. And because of the federal one person, one vote ruling, every ten years it very rarely comes out exactly the same.

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 you have to eat into one of the districts next to 3 it. So the map gets redrawn every ten years. 4 MR. STANFORD: So, all right, but. . . 5 6 7 8 9 in. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

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if the districts--well cause districts change, my politicians will change. But it would be nice if I can elect who I wish to elect, not necessarily the person who represents the neighborhood I live ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Mm-hmm. MR. STANFORD: Especially if I deem that politician is a crook. And we have some crooked politicians here in the New York City region, but I'll mention the names some other time. But in the future, if you hold public hearings here, you should post signs all over the campus so we don't get disproportioned. I had to go through hell trying to find this building because you hadn't even posted signs. You had one posted sign right outside this building, but you didn't have any all over the campus. unfair to us. ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Well, the one thing that you can remember as far as seeing what

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	went on, you can actually watch it now on the
3	webon the webcast thatthat the Task Force
4	maintains. So you'll be able to watch every bit
5	of testimony that's here. Plus, ultimately there
6	will be a whole report that comes out of what
7	everyone said, including yourself.
8	MR. STANFORD: Yeah, but the problem is
9	I don't have my own computer, so if I want to
10	watch it on webcast, I have to
11	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing]
12	Go to
13	MR. STANFORD: [Interposing] RightI
14	have to go out of my way
15	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: You have to go
16	to the public library.
17	MR. STANFORD: Right, but I have to
18	supply the use of my own computer and then you
19	and then borrow the library computer. Because we
20	know how library computers can be. We know how
21	Dell computers can be. Dell computers give you
22	hellyou know.
23	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Okay, well
24	thank you for

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MR. STANFORD: [Interposing] It isn't-ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: --coming down
and giving us your opinion. That's what it's all
about.

MR. STANFORD: All right, but do you think it's possible that in the future--if the districts change, that a law could be placed stating I could elect who I want in the Democratic party--not necessarily who represents me? Because that's what I've always wanted over the years. I want to let who I want to let--not who the powers that be decide who I should let.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: The pit-political process allows you to go out and to
advocate. We try and find meaningful districts
that you can advocate for the individuals and the
causes that you believe in.

MR. STANFORD: Oh--okay, but this--fine. But I just hope that in the future, I can elect who I wish to elect in the Democratic party, and not necessarily the person who represents my home address, especially if I can't be bothered with him or her.

	Daga 145
1	Page 147 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: So noted.
3	Thank you for coming in.
4	MR. STANFORD: Thank you.
5	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Claudia
6	Nesbitt [phonetic]? Claudia Nesbitt? Carlos
7	Sierra?
8	CARLOS SIERRA: Good afternoon,
9	everyone. Good afternoon, members of the Task
10	Force. I thank in advance for allowing me an
11	opportunity to testify before you. My name is
12	Carlos Sierra. I am a proud resident of the
13	Bronx. I live a few minutes away from herefrom
14	this wonderful campus.
15	I am a proudmostly a proud member of
16	the Legal United Latin American CitizenLULAC,
17	the National American Roundtablethe NAR, the
18	National Association for the Advancement of
19	People of Colorsthe NAACP, and the Bronx
20	Democratic County Committee.
21	But today I am speaking on behalf of
22	myself as a Bronx resident. I have to support
23	the plea of our Honorable Assemblyman Nelson

Castro, as well as the NAR president Dr. Maria

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Teresa Feliciano, which is to create a new congressional district that will represent part of the upper Manhattan and the west Bronx.

I believe the new district will help us enhance our quality of life by securing additional Congressional funds, and more political power.

I am a perfect example of how both areas impact our lives. For example, when I was a teenager, I went to school in the Bronx--Taft High School. It is located in the Highbridge section of the Bronx. But at the same time, I assisted as volunteer for cultural events in Manhattan. I participated in cultural programs with Elisa Mericana [phonetic] that had several facility--that has several facilities in Manhattan, as well as many other not for profits in Manhattan. Now I continue to live in the Bronx in the Highbridge section of the Bronx, but I work in Manhattan, in Washington Heights.

Like myself, my son, young Luis Sierra, now goes to school in Highbridge, in the Bronx, but he play baseball in Manhattan. Finally, it

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is important for me to state for the record that

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I am not here advocating on behalf of the

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creation of a district that will help benefit any

However, I ask that the Task Force

I thank you in advance, and as a former

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particular ethnic group.

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consider the creation of a new congressional

7 8

district. And in doing so, I hope that you will

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consider preserving and enhancing the culture,

Community College, I thank you for being here,

choosing this wonderful campus among many other

wonderful campus--especially the Great Hall of

Fame of Great Americans. Again, I thank you.

would love for you to take a walk over our

And God bless all of you for being here.

facilities that you had available. And I also--I

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religions -- cultural, religion, and economic

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dynamic that helps us move forward as one

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community.

you.

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14 student here--one who graduated from Bronx

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Thank you. ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: also appreciate your alma mater and we will look

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2.2

MR. SIERRA: Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Johnny Goff [phonetic]? Johnny Goff? Elizabeth Thompson? Elizabeth Thomp--oh. Good afternoon.

ELIZABETH THOMPSON, KINGSBRIDGE HEIGHTS
NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION: Good
afternoon, everybody. My name is Elizabeth
Thompson. I'm representing Kingsbridge Heights
Neighborhood Improvement. And Kingsbridge--I
lived in Kingsbridge over 30 years. I volunteer
at Kingsbridge Heights Neighborhood Improvement
for half of that or more.

My child got killed in Kingsbridge. So there is a lot of things that I know that need to be done in our area--whoever become the representative for our community, we would like to make sure that they listen to the community. And as one of the things I feel that when people get empowered, they do not listen to the people. And we are overcrowded. We are from Science High School, Walton High School, PS 86, 304, and 207-- and the Armory.

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And the filtration in our area, we need a lot of things done in our community. And I'm here to represent African American—we have no jobs. We're—we have homeless. We definitely need a lot of things. Whoever goes in power have to recommend the community and listen to the voice of the community.

And I'm sitting here—this is my first time coming to one of these hearings, and I'm listening very careful on key events and key notes that the people are talking about. And I want to make sure that ya'll listen to them, because we need a lot of things to be done. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much. Councilman Larry Seabrook? Senator
Nozzolio and I are always happy to see one of our alumni.

LARRY SEABROOK, COUNCILMAN: It's good seeing all of you here and welcome to God's country. It--it's certainly--having the opportunity--and I certainly know the work of this committee as well. I chaired this committee

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 at one time in the Assembly.

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ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: That's--I--I believe you are my predecessor on this committee, among several.

MR. SEABROOK: That's right. [Laughs]. So--but I come here to--today--I certainly want to thank you all for holding the hearing here--and certainly holding the hearing here at Bronx Community College. And I think that it--it's important as we come to talk about this period--and certainly of reapportionment.

And being in the Bronx and having the opportunity to represent the Bronx, and being a part of a Voters Right Act seat in the Assembly, and a Voters Right Act seat that was protected in the Senate as well.

So I come here today to talk about the need of preserving a congressional district. And this congressional district is so historic--as it relates to black empowerment--even before the concept of black empowerment. That congressional district that I'm talking about is the 15th congressional district--it's so historical to us

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because it was the first ever held by an African American in this entire city. And to have that and the historical event for the first African American in New York to chair a committee in Congress—and then secondly, to have the first African American to chair the congressional Ways and Means Committee, so it has a historical dynamic to it.

But it also has a historical sense of migration as well. People who've lived in Harlem and at a time migrated to other parts of the Bronx--Concourse Village, later when Co-op City, Williamsbridge, Mount Vernon, and places where there was opportunity as things spread. So there was a sense of migration, but never losing the concept of the Harlem Renaissance.

So this district is so historical that it has to be preserved. And what better way of preserving it is with some of the offspring's of Harlem, now moving up and having an opportunity to buy homes in those districts in which we live and which we represent—Williamsbridge, Co-op City, and those areas.

So it has a historical dynamic and tying it together as a means of preserving this district, and what it actually means. So it is not a question of who is there as much as it is a question of geography. And so people who lived in Harlem--who felt that there was an opportunity, as they say, to move on up--had that opportunity to move up and as they moved up, it gave them that opportunity for--as I said, to purchase homes, co-ops, and everything else. But still in mind--Harlem on my mind. And it existed.

I think that it also said something that—that here's an opportunity. And we have lived to see and have the opportunity to elect an African American President. But the people in the northeast Bronx, and Mount Vernon, and other parts of the Bronx in particular—has never had the opportunity to have an elected black congressional person—ever. And so that says something about an opportunity, that—before I leave this planet I will be able to say that I voted and elected an African American to go to

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 Congress. And what better way to do it than 3 having those lines drawn to preserve that 4 district so that I will be able to say to my kids 5 and grandkids that I did have the opportunity before I left this planet that I could actually 6 7 vote and get elected and stand on election day and say we elected--my vote elected a black 8 9 person to Congress from the Bronx--which has

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And I think that that's the reason why it is so important for us to do that—otherwise it will never ever happen. And we must do that so that our children will have that opportunity.

never ever happened before.

And so I know that—that you all were here a lot of this, because I have seen that.

And I certainly appreciate all of you and what you all have been able to do. But it's so important for us to maintain that 15th congressional district because it means so much for history to come. And two people have represented it.

But that district—as I've always called it, the person that represents that district is

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 not just in that congressional district. become a spokesperson for African Americans 3 4 throughout this nation. And that's what they do. 5 They're not just a 15th congressional district Congress person. 6 7 But if you look at historically--those two individuals -- they are national Congressional 8 9 people, and they represent all of us when we are in trouble. So always -- we must always remember 10 11 that -- that that was their purpose and their need. 12 13 14

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So I certainly want to thank all of you so very much. And I know that justice will Thank you, and it's good seeing all of prevail. you guys. You are looking younger there.

[Laughter]

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you, Councilman. Francis Chapman? Good afternoon.

FRANCIS CHAPMAN, PRESIDENT, KINGSBRIDGE HEIGHTS NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION: Good afternoon. My name is Francis Chapman, and I live at 2075 Sedgwick Avenue, here in the I am President of the Kingsbridge Heights Bronx. Neighborhood Improvement Association and we are a

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non-profit organization dedicated to empowering our community.

I welcome the opportunity to testify before the committee today, and I congratulate you on undertaking this task. I appreciate the efforts that the committee is making to increase the participation of residents, and the fact that these hearings are being videotaped and being preserved and distributed through video and transcription. I am also impressed by the openness and transparency of the process so far, and look forward to the second series of hearings.

My experience with reapportionment is limited. And I'm not making any definite recommendations on how to redraw the lines this time. However, I join in a request that the lines be drawn by fairly representing the communities of interest, in conformance with prevailing laws and constitutional requirements. I thank you for your attention to this matter, okay? That's it.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very

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much. Gregoria Feliciano? Good afternoon.

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GREGORIA FELICIANO, COMMUNITY BOARD OF

BRONX: Yes, good afternoon. First I'd like to apologize for the redundancy of my statement, which I'm sure you've heard earlier today. But I ask that you indulge me as I make my brief statement.

Good afternoon, Chairman and members of the Commission. Thank you for holding these important hearings here in the Bronx, and affording me the opportunity to comment on your task, which is to establish districts that represent—that respect municipal boundaries and communities of interest.

I am Gregoria Feliciano, a resident of the Bronx for over 40 years, and an educator. I am here on behalf—on behalf of immigrant parents—perhaps hundreds that have children in public schools in both the Bronx and northern Manhattan, who have very high needs and require specialized services. This is just one thread that unites these two communities together. The needs of the children through their—for their

education and for them to thrive.

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Northern Manhattan and the west Bronx is

a unique corridor between two distinct boroughs that have very similar populations and in many

respects, share many common interests,

socioeconomic interests, cultural, and similar

needs.

I respectfully and strongly request that you take in--take this fact into consideration as you draw new congressional district line that unites these two communities with one legislative representation.

I would conclude by saying that I am compelled to come here today as a result of the 2010 census, which indicate a high number of Hispanic residents that are unique in the area of northern Manhattan and the Bronx, who are entitled to representation of elected officials who understand and advocate for the needs of this community. Finally, I support the maps submitted by the Northern Manhattan and West Bronx Coalition for Fair Representation, and I also support the scheduling of public hearings in the

1	Page 160 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	evenings, when my neighbors are available to
3	attend and address this commission. I thank you
4	for your time.
5	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very
6	much. What time would you like the evening
7	meetings to begin?
8	MS. FELICIANO: I think 6:30 is a good
9	time for people to get out here.
10	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: 6:30?
11	MS. FELICIANO: Yes. And I understand
12	it takes a long time. I've been in government
13	and understand that public hearings take many,
14	many hours. But it's a very important topic that
15	many of us are passionate and concerned about.
16	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: I do believe
17	that a lot of people here have represented people
18	who couldn't be here. And represented them well-
19	-including yourself, thank you. Loretta Ruddock-
20	Smith. Good afternoon.
21	LORETTA RUDDOCK-SMITH, RESIDENT OF
22	BRONX: Good afternoon, gentlemen. And thank you
23	for giving me this opportunity to express my
24	concerns. I live in the west Bronx, in the

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 Morris Heights section, in a very diverse 3 committee--community. And--4 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing] Move the mic a little bit closer to you, or speak 5 more directly. 6 7 MS. RUDDOCK-SMITH: Oh, okay. ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Perfect, thank 8 9 you. MS. RUDDOCK-SMITH: Yes, I live in the 10 11 Morris Heights section of the Bronx. And in my 12 community it's very diverse. All nationalities--13 it's too--it's so many of us in this community 14 that are different language--different culture. 15 And I've been a resident here for the past 40 16 years. And today my concern is keeping our 17 community united. And I'm asking that our representation 18 19 be a person who is sensitive to the quality of 20 life, and to--and to the impact of fractured--a 21 fractured line that is drawn and it's fractured--2.2 the impact it would have on our schools, our 23 hospitals, our youth, and our community--and our

community involve--involved in different aspects

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of our life.

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I also would like to ask that our representative be someone of color that understands our needs and the quality of life in our community.

I would like that more of our community residents be here today. But they're not able to be here. And I've heard so many community residents ask for afternoon meeting, because a lot of our community are a working people—and another thing. A lot of our people are not aware of this meeting. It wasn't—it was in the papers, I understand, but it wasn't really publicized. And a lot of senior citizen would be here today.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: All the advocacy groups--many of whom, like the NAACP and others were made aware of it. And that goes on to literally hundreds of groups across the state. We're told of these, and told to get the word out--as well as the usual legal and all elected officials knew of it.

MS. RUDDOCK-SMITH: Yes, well I just ask

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the fractured line drawn to confuse our local

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families. Because a lot of our people don't even

that we keep our community united. And it's not

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know who their Senators are or representatives

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are, because of the lines. They are not aware of

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it. So I thank you for this opportunity.

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ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very

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much for your testimony. Ted Martin.

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TED MARTIN, CHIEF OF STAFF FOR ASSEMBLY

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MEMBER ERIC STEVENSON: Good afternoon,

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gentlemen. I would address the Chair, and I'm

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Ted Martin. I'm the Chief of Staff for

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Assemblyman Eric Stevenson. And we are here

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basically to talk about the concept of fairness.

You've heard from a number of speakers

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with respect to preserving the 15th congressional

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district. And we're not going to talk about

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that. This is a borough with a population of

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about 1.3 million people. And in this borough,

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we don't have an elected black Congressman. We

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two white Congressmen, who--one is from Queens,

do have, however, one Hispanic Congressman and

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and he's act--in fact, he's a Queen's County

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Leader. And we have another Assembly--Congress person, Mr. Engel, who represents part of the Bronx and he goes off into Rockland County.

If we look at the purpose of the Voting Rights Act and though--and it's progeny, we are aware of the fact that there came a time in history when populations which had been in power were forced to give up that power. But before they did so, they would graft onto a certain area in order to include areas that previously were not included or never thought of.

So I quess we're concerned about the fact that the districts represent the populations. And any time you've got to go across a bridge, over the river and through the woods to get to grandma's house to include her in your congressional district -- I think we're stretching reality.

And there comes a time when we all recognize that it's a new day. And to the extent that it is a new day, and I speak for an Assemblyman who is now the new Assemblyman, and it's a new day--we are looking at the monumental

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will be decided by a court of law.

task of this committee, knowing ultimately that

to certain actions by elected officials there,

We witnessed that in Nassau with respect

the Courts will resolve our differences.

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and we are also witnessing it now with respect to the inclusion of the prison populations where they should be included. So what we're asking for, perhaps, may be rhetoric at this juncture, knowing full well that whatever is decided, it

And we only hope that in drawing up the lines, we don't protract or have a protracted process, which only makes for confusion for those who are running for office because they're not sure if they're in this district or not in this district. And to the extent that we all must live by the sword and/or die by the sword when it comes to electoral politics, I think it's important to bear that in mind that it's virtually impossible—conceivable—it's possible because it exists.

But you can't have--I don't see how the Bronx has two Congressmen who aren't really

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connected to the Bronx other than in name only.

3 So with that in mind, I know you are going all

4 over the state, and this is a statewide

5 procedure, but we would hope that common sense--

6 which often doesn't enter into some political

decisions, would enter into yours. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you for your testimony. And I have to comment, as the historian, that with all the change that we discussed and times moving on, that your Assemblyman Eric Stevenson holds the same seat as his grandfather before him. And he's very proud of that.

MR. MARTIN: Yes, he is. And so are we. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Very good,
thank you. Fredesvina Mascoso [phonetic]? I may
be mis-pronouncing it. Fredesvinda Mascoso?
She's left? Okay. Kenny Augusto [phonetic]?
Kenny Augusto? Egypt Allen [phonetic]? Egypt
Allen? Richard Thomas? Beverly Smith? Your
partner ran out on you right after she testified,
didn't she? The two of you have been here since

dedication. Good afternoon. afternoon. MS. SMITH:

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 the very beginning. We appreciate your

BEVERLY SMITH, RESIDENT OF WEST BRONX:

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Good

My name is Beverly Smith, and I am a resident of the west Bronx. Born in Harlem in the 15th district, migrated with my parents here quite some time ago to the west Bronx, and I've lived here ever since.

I have represented this community. sat on the community board for 17 years, and I've worked for the City of New York for 32. I'm here today to ask that the lines be kept intact. Right now, Washington Heights is Washington Heights and the west Bronx is the west Bronx. Where--if you live in Washington Heights, then whatever is going on in Washington Heights should be conducted in Washington Heights. Having a person to represent Washington Heights and the cross Bronx would be--and the west Bronx would cause division. I've heard it in the speeches

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 that I've heard here today, in the course--3 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing] 4 You're speaking Congressionally now, right? 5 MS. SMITH: Congressionally, yes. ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: 6 Thank you. 7 MS. SMITH: It would cause division 8 9 10

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racially. Where there will be just one group of people speaking one group of language. And I feel it's very unfair. It will--it will cause confusion and it would be a division in the unity that's here today.

Certainly, people that live in Washington Heights shop in the Bronx, and definitely people that live in the Bronx shop in west--Washington Heights. However, that's no reason for the lines to be drawn together. I'm here to request that the lines stay intact, and also to ask that the next time you have a meeting, that it's in the evening and that you have a translator to translate the languages, because I felt like kind of disrespectful in the back when you were holding a conversation that I didn't understand. Okay, so that's all I'm

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 asking. And thank you very much for giving me 3 the opportunity to speak. 4 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very 5 much for coming and for giving us your opinion on that. And we'll also take the translator 6 7 suggestion under advisement. MS. SMITH: 8 Okay. 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: We probably weren't quite expecting it. We probably did 10 11 better for the second one than the first one, and 12 we'll be better prepared the next time. 13 MS. SMITH: Thank you very much. 14 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very 15 much. Rather than list every name that I've 16 called twice, where someone hasn't come, I will 17 ask is there anyone else here who would like to testify? Is your name on the list or--what it--18 19 come on up. Come on up. Good afternoon. 20 BERNEL-ARTHUR RICHARDSON, EXECUTIVE 21 DIRECTOR, BLACK UNITED LEADERSHIP OF THE BRONX: 2.2 Good afternoon, members of the Commission.

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name is Bernel-Arthur Richardson, and I'm the

Executive Director of an organization by the name

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of Black United Leadership of the Bronx.

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My purpose here today is to bring to the attention of the Commission certain issues and facts relevant to the decision-making process

leading up to the drawing of the lines for the

Assembly, State Senate, and the Congressional

not have to repeat that legal relief again.

districts.

Ten years ago my organization was one of the litigants in Bronx County, and we sincerely hope--though we're not optimistic, that we will

Before I focus on the specifics regarding the issues, I'd like to address certain concerns of the overall African American community. First, we as a people are deeply troubled by the non-representation of African American -- of the African American community on the New York State Legislature and Congressional Redistricting Commission. This lack of representation is the first time in the modern history of the redistricting process, and we are deeply troubled by that.

Secondly, equally distressing, is the

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Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 refusal of the Commission to implement the state law approved by the Justice Department calling to subtract the prisoners from the prison site and add them back to the population based on their home addresses--

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing]
Excuse me, sir. That is not true.

MR. RICHARDSON: Then I withdraw that.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you.

MR. RICHARDSON: I apologize. Now, for the issues of importance. One is we understand that there may be an enlargement of the State Senate. And we will certainly like to be aware of that discussion and we would like to be--to have a possible chance of responding if there is such a decision.

Second of all, we're concerned that certain specific communities of interest within the Bronx be maintained. We are particularly concerned about the in--the districts within the southern section of the Bronx. We are aware of the decrease in population of the African American communities throughout the borough, but

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there is certain specific communities of interest

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that we want to be maintained, especially as it

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pertains to the 79th Assembly district under

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Assemblyman Eric Stevenson, and the 77th district

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of Assembly-woman Vanessa Gibson, the only two

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African American representatives in the Assembly

And, thirdly, we want to ask that in the

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for the southern part of our borough.

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future, that if possible these hearings be held

10 11

in the evening. It's really a dis--it's a

12

discomfort and it's somewhat of a difficulty for

13

more participation due to the day time. We

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to add our support for a black congressional seat

really would like it to be. We would also like

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in the Bronx. We believe strongly that the

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possibility is there. And if it's not a black

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congressional seat, we certainly would like a

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full congressional seat in the Bronx.

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increased over the last ten years, and we realize

Our population have dramatically

21 2.2

that ten years ago we were down in population

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because of the problems that Bronx County faced.

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But in the ensuing ten years, the population have

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 increased. And we would like very much for we to have one full congressional seat, another full 3 4 congressional seat, and then perhaps share a 5 third one. So I just want to bring those things to 6 7 the Commission attention. And I thank you. Oh, one other thing. We would like to be able to 8 9 know when it would be the schedule for the submitting of alternative redistricting plans. 10 11 Thank you. 12 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: We are 13 accepting now alternative plans for all three--14 Senate, Assembly, and Congressional. We have 15 received a number of them. We encourage this to 16 take place, if at all possible by the first week 17 of October. 18 MR. RICHARDSON: Thank you. 19 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: If it came in 20 in September, it would be even better. All these 21 plans become part of the record, and they're all 22 very seriously considered. And we try to

Thank you.

accommodate if it's at all possible.

MR. RICHARDSON:

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	Dage 17/
1	Page 174 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you for
3	coming.
4	KENNY AGOSTO, DEMOCRATIC DISTRICT
5	LEADER, 80TH AD BRONX: Good afternoon.
6	MALE VOICE: Wait for the Senator
7	MR. AGOSTO: Oh, sorry.
8	SENATOR DILAN: I have a question of the
9	previous witness, sir? Can you come up? I just
10	want to ask you two questions. I apologize to
11	you and we'll be right back to you. Thank you
12	very much.
13	I just need clarification on two points
14	that you made. First I thinkthe one with
15	respect to the 2010 law with respect to counting
16	prisoners in their respective home district or
17	last known address. This Task Force has taken a
18	position that it is honoring that law. So that's
19	the current position of the Task Force. However,
20	you must be aware that there is a lawsuit
21	MR. RICHARDSON: [Interposing] Yes.
22	SENATOR DILAN:by several Senators
23	MR. RICHARDSON: [Interposing] Yes.
24	SENTOR DILAN:that will be decided by

	Page 175
1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	a judge
3	MR. RICHARDSON: [Interposing] Yes.
4	SENATOR DILAN: I believe it's in Albany
5	County or it may be
6	MR. RICHARDSON: [Interposing] It's in
7	Albany County, yes.
8	SENATOR DILAN: Yeah, so I expect that
9	some decision will be forthcoming late November
10	or early December with respect to that. I
11	support counting the prisoners in their home
12	district. I have also filed a brief with the
13	court as a friend of the court. So I just wanted
14	to clarify that position so the public is aware
15	that although we as a Task Force do support the
16	law, a judge could overrule that and I expect
17	that there will be appeals and it will probably
18	go all the way up to the Court of Appeals. I
19	also believe that you made a comment with respect
20	to the size of the Senate.
21	MR. RICHARDSON: Yes.
22	SENATOR DILAN: Can you restate that,
23	because I think I missed it.
24	MR. RICHARDSON: Yeah, we've been

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hearing that there are discussions to enlarge or decrease from 62 to 61, or 63 seats. And we have been told—and I'm not legal, but we've been told that according to a court in the constitution, that the commission could make that choice on their own. And we respect that, but we just would like to be informed of it and perhaps given an opportunity to express our opinion. That's all.

SENATOR DILAN: I appreciate your position because I know several people have testified as to the size of the Senate, and I've been calling for criteria, or that we as a commission let the public know if we are going to do 61 or if we are going to do 63 or we're going to do 62. That way the public or advocate groups—when they're drawing lines, they could draw the same amount of Senate seats that we would be proposing and coming back to you.

The one thing I've been stating over and over again, that the State Constitution of New York has a formula that would dictate that number. I believe that according to the numbers

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 that my staff and I have analyzed--I believe that 3 that number would dictate that the Senate stays 4 However, I do agree that perhaps it 5 should be an odd number. I've been advocating that we go down to 6 7 61. Others have been advocating that it goes to 63. But I do agree with you. We should let the 8 9 public know now what it's going to be. Not that we come back later and tell you what it is. 10 11 Thank you, Senator. MR. RICHARDSON: 12 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. 13 Good afternoon. Please state your name and any 14 group that you may or may not represent if 15 necessary. 16 MR. AGOSTO: Good afternoon, Chairman 17 Nozzolio and Senator Dilan, and all of the members of the Honorable New York State LATFOR 18 19 Task Force. My name is Kenny Agosto. 20 lifelong resident of the great borough of the 21 Bronx and serve as a duly elected district leader 2.2 of the 80th Assembly district. Welcome to the

These districts--this--this district

Bronx, gentleman.

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encompasses the communities of Allerton, Bedford

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Park, Bronx Park East, Bronxdale, Eastchester

4 Gardens, Fordham, Indian Village, Jerome Park

5 Reservoir, Kingsbridge, Laconia, Morris Park,

6 Norwood, Ollinville, Pelham Bay, Pelham Gardens,

Pelham Parkway, Van Cordtlandt Village, Van Nest,

8 and Westchester Square. Phew.

As well, I am also the first openly gay elected official of the great borough of the Bronx. I will not repeat what's already been said, in—in interest of time. But it is of paramount importance that in all levels of government—be it federal, state and local, that the Bronx—which is also called—known as "God's Country" or the "Gateway to the American mainland"—that also has the dubious distinction of being—of having the poorest congressional district in the United States—be drawn responsibly, as well as thoughtfully.

As a federally protected community and county under the United States Voting Rights Act of 1965, section five, it is virtually--it is vitally important that the districts in all

2.2

levels be drawn as compact and contiguous as possible. It must include whole community districts--at least 50% or more.

For example, in my community, in the northeast Bronx, we have Allenton [phonetic] and Bedford Park, Eastchester Gardens and Laconia at the crossroads. Pelham Parkway and Van Nest and Morris Park--also at the crossroads. It spans from community board seven to 12.

In some of those areas, we have up to four or five Senatorial districts, and four Council districts. I appreciate the hard work of some of our elected officials, such as Senator Ruth Hassell-Thompson and Councilman Jimmy Vacca, who more often than not go above and beyond representing just their areas that they represent.

But when we have a community divided into four or more districts, it's--it really is a disservice to our community, that many times already struggles in fighting drugs and crime, poverty, and sickness. We have the highest rates of asthma, cancer, and HIV/AIDs in the nation.

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That must change.

2.2

We must be mindful that although we lost two congressional seats in the state of New York, and the game--the musical chairs game starts--minus two chairs, we must be very mindful that our combined communities of color must have all of our district lines drawn to respect the sacred tenants of section five of the Voting Rights Act--to respect the diversity and dignity of all the people of the Bronx.

In the--in 2010 census, we had a dynamic change. We gained 50,000; we have a change in population. We lost a lot of people who are Euro--of European descent, and we gained a lot of people of Latino and African descent. We have to be mindful that all of our communities need to have a voice, be it Dominican, Garifuna, Bangladeshi, Ghanaians, Pakistani, Albanians, Puerto Ricans, Malawians, Hondurians--it doesn't matter. In addition to our protect--to our protected people of color, it--to our protected people of color, let us also protect the families of--our under-represented, our incarcerated

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2	people whose families desperately need our
3	support. The new law bears it out.
4	[Bell ringing]
5	MR. AGOSTO: So, I don't know if that's
6	you or that's the school, or [Laughs]
7	FEMALE VOICE: The school bell.
8	MR. AGOSTO: Okay, I'll wrap it up.
9	Whew. Oh that's a
10	FEMALE VOICE: [Interposing] Fire drill?
11	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: If you
12	continue this
13	MR. AGOSTO: [Interposing] Ican I wrap
14	it up?
15	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Sure.
16	FEMALE VOICE: That's a fire drill.
17	MR. AGOSTO: Okay, let us belet us
18	also protect the families of our under-
19	represented people who are desperately need our
20	support. Let us protect our seniors, our
21	disabled, and ourand our veterans, as well as
22	our lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgendered
23	community.
24	As you may or may not know, the Bronx is

	Page 18
1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	home of the largest same sex led households in
3	the state. We have a myriad of problems here in
4	the Bronx, but our people are strong and willing
5	to work together for the betterment of the Bronx.
6	Thank you.
7	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very
8	much. For the record, woulddid anyone else
9	wish to speak? All right. Are we supposed to
10	leave theofficer? Are we supposed to leave
11	now?
12	POLICE OFFICER: No, it's fixed. You're
13	good.
14	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: We're okay.
15	Okay, thank you Officer. Is there anyone else
16	here who wishes to give testimony. Please come
17	forward.
18	RAMON MURPHY: Okay, [Foreign audio],
19	yeah?
20	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Okay, Ray are
21	you prepared? Yeah, good afternoon.
22	MR. MURPHY: [Interpreted through Mr.
23	Lopez] Okay. Good afternoon, everyone. My name
24	is Ramon MurphyRamon Murphy, and I am the

I've been

1

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President--I am the President of the Barragatos

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Association of Barragotas [phonetic].

live in the Bronx and in Manhattan.

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We are here because we live in the--we

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able to live for a lot of years in Manhattan, and

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I also study in Manhattan. This could move

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around drastically. We immigrated in the 1980's

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and this community -- we started basically making business like grocery stores. [To Mr. Murphy] I

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can't--I can't hear you. [Interprets] This

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growth--socio-economic also increased the family,

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community growth and community, the community in

the Bronx, Manhattan. A lot of people that live

14 15

in Manhattan buy--they go and they buy in

16

Fordham. People that come from Westchester,

17

south Bronx--they come to Washington Heights so

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19

Right here in Bronx Community College, a

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lot of students from Manhattan are here too.

they can make their grocery purchase.

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This community representation in the state,

federal, and we understand that we need

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representation also in Washington. This is like

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the business that we are in--the grocery store.

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to be represented.

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The growth will--the community grows and it has

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That's why you see the grocery store is

small business. That when you go to the bodilla

[phonetic], you feel like if you are home--it's

like a family. We sell everything. Everything

you need, we sell it there. We can make

sandwiches. What does this signify? That mean a

corporation have growth with us, because with us

those corporations are not the same thing as us.

Also, in the store--grocery stores, it's for information. We go to bodillas and we get all the different information. In this area, there is more than 70% of Hispanics. In the

1970--in the 1970's we have a small business and it's changed now, right? Right now it has growth

maybe 100% more. So basically, they're talking

about that the community is growing and business

is growing from 1970 to the 1980's has grown

drastically--more than 100%. So where they're

looking right now is--since the community is

growing, they want representation also--so they

24 can be represented in a congressional seat,

	Page 18!
1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	etcetera. Mucho gracias.
3	MR. MURPHY: Gracias.
4	LUIS DACASSE, BUSINESS OWNER-143RD ST,
5	NEW YORK: Good afternoon.
6	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Good
7	afternoon.
8	MR. DACASSE: My name is Luis Dacasse, I
9	willI would try to do my best in English.
10	ASSEMBLY MEMBER LOPEZ: Thank you, Luis.
11	[Laughter]
12	MR. DACASSE: I came to United States
13	1986. At that time, the only opportunity that we
14	have for people who doesn't speak in English to a
15	story, was a Alto Community College [phonetic]
16	that has a bilingual program, and we are starting
17	there. And be surprised when I came this
18	afternoon, I saw that none my generation is in
19	the school now. Isthey are our kids. Our
20	daughters and sisters that coming to this
21	university as well as the community college, city
22	college, and II used to live in the 471 151th
23	Street in Washington Heights in the north of

However, all of my history was in the

24

Manhattan.

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Bronx.

2.2

But now I am tried to open a business here in the Bronx, even though I live here for 25 years in Manhattan. So this is really, really connection that we have in both communities.

After 25 year, I never told that I can be business owners in the Bronx, where I came to a story. Even though all my life, I live—I live in Manhattan. So that mean that—that's growth that we have. That I can see that my daughter is history here. And she born in the United States.

That means that we need to be represented. That means that we are staying there—in the city and we love that—this city.

But sometimes we have the inconvenience that—when we have some problem, we don't know where to go. We don't know—we are—we have a few officials listed that can represent us. So I would like to bring that attention to you.

Because we believe in this country--we believe in this city, and even though in my throat was go back to Dominican Republic and live and die. I decide to stay and I'm going to stay

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	here. So that growth that you seethe
3	population growth that we havethe population
4	growth that we have right now, it because people
5	like mewe decide to stay here and we will
6	continue to stay here. So we need your support.
7	We need more officials elected. We need
8	representatives that can represent us. Thank you
9	very much.
10	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very
11	much.
12	MR. DUCASSE: Thank you.
13	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Assembly woman
14	Naomi Rivera?
15	ASSEMBLY MEMBER NAOMI RIVERA: Good
16	afternoon, members of the New York State Task
17	Force on Demographics Research and
18	Reapportionment. My name is Naomi Rivera and I
19	am a New York State Assembly Member representing
20	the 80th Assembly district in the Bronx.
21	I am here today to briefly voice the
22	concerns felt by many Hispanics and other ethnic
23	minorities across our region and throughout the
24	City of New York. That concern revolves around

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the feeling of being ignored, neglected, and

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marginalized.

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To prove this point, we only need to

look at the April 2011 release of the United

State Census of the population figures for the

New York City. The city only grew by about

160,000--166,000 residents. Queens--where you

can't find a vacant apartment and our kids go to

overcrowded schools--only grew by 1,300

residents. And here in the Bronx, the growth

document -- the growth documented was shockingly

less than the reality that we see on our streets,

our housing developments, and our schools.

Early this year I released evidence of

the huge under-count that New York City has

experienced. I am sure other municipalities

across New York State have had the same

experience. That evidence was taken right out of

New York City's Bureau of Vital Statistics, which

show that over the past decade, from 2001 through

2010, there were over 1,250,000 children born in

New York City. Even accounting for deaths during

that time period, there was a rate of two births

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for every death in New York City.

Obviously, these children were born to a parent and families that include other siblings -yet according to the census, these children and their families just walked out of the city. are to believe that they were part of an exodus of young families and children that was never identified or documented in our newspapers.

The overcrowding of our schools is a clear indication that the census was wrong-overly wrong. And a very expensive--and a very expensive error for New York City and New York State, as billions in federal aid is tied to these population figures.

For Hispanics and Asians, we see these numbers as an effort to conceal the true growth of our communities. In Queens alone, 73% of all births were to foreign born mothers. Queens and the Bronx saw over 500,000 children born in these counties over the past decade. But we are to believe these children just pushed their own baby carriages out of our state.

So at this point I am here today to link

The huge

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Hispanics and minority communities.

under-count in our communities is now linked to
the creation of new political districts that are
to define political power for all communities.
But if the new political districts were to be
drawn--they were to be drawn--rely exclusively on
census data that is not adjusted--and if back
room politics trumps acknowledging the large new
racial and ethnic demographics changes that have
taken place in New York, minorities are correct

to feel ignored, neglected, and marginalized.

two issues with deep impact and consequences for

So I am here this--today to remind this government body that there is a concern that you will not acknowledge the fact that there are huge minority communities across our city and state and these minorities want to have representation in government that look like them. While I represent a part of the Bronx, I am well aware that there are large growing and emerging minority communities across New York State.

Hispanic, African American and Asian legislators are virtually nonexistent north of

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 Bronx County. Westchester has over 500,000 Hispanics and virtually none in elected office. 3 4 Our communities constant--constitute over 45% of 5 the populations of the city of Buffalo and Rochester, and over 30% of the city of Syracuse. 6

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In all of the mentioned, there is clear absence of elected officials that resemble the ethnicity and race of the residents of these communities. Let me be clear. How is it that New York State has close to four million residents but not one Hispanic elected to the New York State Legislature from upstate counties? That defies--that--this defies a trend.

Our numbers continue to grow significantly and already make up a significant percentage of the regional population. What I and many community leaders in minority communities expect to see is that the new legislative districts drawn for the 2012 elections will adequately represent the diversity of this state.

As you all know, civil rights groups have already told our mass media that they are 1

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2 3

districts--if congressional districts are drawn

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to dis--to dilute minority voting strength.

preparing for legal action in congressional

5 Recently, Latino Justice--formerly the

Puerto Rican Legal Defense and Education Fund has 6

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threatened to sue a Hispanic growth in New York

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City--if New York City is diluted to deny

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Hispanic--Hispanics the opportunity to run and

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win a seat in Congress. New York is the state

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with the third largest Hispanic population in the

Hispanics accounted for over 54% of the

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nation, yet we only have two Hispanics in the

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U.S. House of Representatives.

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population growth in the entire nation over the past decade, and this is true in communities across New York State as well. As you also know, coalitions of minority civic groups have formed to watch this process and are prepared to ask U.S. Justice Department to intervene if the lines created by LATFOR disenfranchise our communities and do not allow for more minority candidates to have a fair opportunity to run for public office.

So I ask you today to embrace the great

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 diversity of our state in a matter--in a manner 3 that will make our democracy proud. I ask you to 4 respect the wishes of growing minority 5 communities and provide balanced political districts where our future majority electorate 6 7 with--will begin the process of fully participating in government. 8

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Thank you for this opportunity to voice my concerns. I look forward to the end product of your work. Attached to my testimony, you will find data that indicates the numbers that I have described to you. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very much, Congresswoman. It's good to see you here in--in your home county. Assemblywoman--I'm sorry. That wasn't deliberate. [Laughs] It's late. Manuel Lantiqua?

MANUEL LANTIGUA, COMMUNITY LIAISON FOR DOMINICAN OFFICERS: Good afternoon, and thank you for giving us the opportunity to testify. I am the liason—the community liaison for the New York Dominican Officers Organization. The organization that—that has about 1,000 members

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for the law enforcement community.

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I served ten years in the Bronx and most recently 13 years in--in the upper west side of Manhattan. And as a police officer working in the community, I have seen the changes that New York City--that happened in New York City in the last 20 years. I come here to testify because I believe it's important that the districts reflects the community, in itself. That it should not be something that the state actually do to favor any particular individual, but the community in itself. We want the Dominican community to be taken into account in regards to the Congress, State Senate, State Assembly--but also the Council members which are--I saw it was not part of the invitation that was sent through the media.

I believe all these elected officials are vital for our community to be represented and I think it's in the best interest of New York State that all these lines represent the community for the--for the best of all of us. That's all I need to say today.

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you very 3 much. Is there anyone else here who has not 4 testified and would like to? There being--ah. 5 Congratulations, you are number 50. EVELYN RIVERA: Good afternoon. My name 6 7 is Evelyn Rivera. I lived in the community for 40 years. I lived in my building for--8 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing] Wait a minute, excuse me--talk a little slower. 10 11 What is your name? 12 Evelyn Rivera. MS. RIVERA: 13 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. 14 MS. RIVERA: I lived in my building for 15 more than 35 years, Tenant's Association on West 16 172nd Street. My concern is about our community, 17 because we used to vote in the P.S. 64 of--about 18 a couple of years they changed the address to 19 another location as around 172nd, but they told 20 the community they can go there, but it's 21 different, because we had -- now we have to take 2.2 transportation, from 170 to 172nd, on the other side of the Bronx. 23 24 So we've been losing a lot of people to

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 1 2 go and vote in the election day because the situation. When the people come from work and 3 4 then they have to call and take a transportation 5 to go to go and vote--it is a little hassle to go there, even for myself. Because a community--6 7 they have to go and take a bus and they go and have to transfer to go and -- the election day, 8 even when we have some time, we have to work all 9 Election day, my--by myself. 10 day. 11 But the question is--why do we have to 12 do this? We used to vote at P.S. 64, and they 13 keep and say they going to come--transfer us to 14 the same location. We don't understand why we 15 have to walk that far to go and vote. 16 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: It's not an 17 issue for this Board. We only control the federal and state lines of representation. 18 19 That's something for the City of New York--20 whether it's through your councilman or your 21 community board. We have--2.2 [Interposing] Community MS. RIVERA: 23 board? We will--

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY:

[Interposing]

24

1	Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
2	We havewe have no
3	MS. RIVERA: [Interposing] I've been
4	part of the community for a long time. I go to
5	the community board, I
6	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: [Interposing]
7	But this
8	MS. RIVERA: [Interposing] We ask for
9	this information and they keeping giving the same
10	information over and over then likebecause they
11	go to change and nothing happen.
12	Well anyway, we are here more so because
13	the community who trend that they havemore
14	so they have to travel from our community to our
15	other location in the Bronx, from 172nd Jerome
16	west Jerome to westeast Ramone [phonetic]. So,
17	I guess nobody can do anything about it, right?
18	[Pause]
19	MS. RIVERA: Well, inin the community,
20	and me working with the Tenant's Association and
21	otherswe are concerned about the children's and
22	the elders and teens that going on in the
23	community. Because a lot of thing going on in
24	the communities that we have to liveto

1 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011 2 understand. I mean sometimes the people are saying 3 4 that they don't have nothing to do with this, and 5 they have to do something with the city or the state, but we believe the patience to you over 6 7 here today, because I would like to see the But we would like to have the 8 change. 9 politician -- we need more politician in our district to work with the people in the 10 11 community. 12 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Okay. 13 MS. RIVERA: Okay? 14 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: We appreciate 15 your--16 [Interposing] Thank you MS. RIVERA: 17 very much to listen to me, but I here in the Bronx for more than 40 years, and I concerned 18 19 Thank you. today. 20 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. Is 21 there anyone else in the house who wishes to 2.2 testify? We had 50 people show up, which is wonderful. And if we had started at 7:00 at 23

night, it would now be pushing 1:30 in the

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1	Page 199 Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011
	Committeed on Rearberreeing, 5 6 2011
2	morning.
3	FEMALE VOICE:
4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: We'll keep
5	that
6	FEMALE VOICE: [Interposing] If there's
7	any more meetingsthat happens to all of us.
8	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Well, how many
9	counties did youhow many counties did you cross
10	to get there?
11	MALE VOICE: Move to adjourn.
12	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: A move we
13	adjourn, so toso moved, thank you. Thiswe
14	declare this hearing closed.
15	(The public hearing concluded at 2:23
16	p.m.)

Committee on Redistricting, 9-8-2011

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Brandi Dean, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 1 to 197, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Brandi Dean, Transcriptionist

Mari Dean

September 20, 2011