NEW YORK STATE

LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT

PUBLIC HEARING

CONGRESSIONAL AND STATE LEGISLATIVE REDISTRICTING

Queens Borough Hall, Rm 213

120-55 Queens Boulevard

Kew Gardens, New York

Tuesday, February 7, 2012

3:00 p.m.

TASK FORCE MEMBERS PRESENT:

SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO, Co-Chair

ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOHN J. MCENENY, Co-Chair

SENATOR MARTIN M. DILAN

ASSEMBLY MEMBER ROBERT OAKS

DEBRA LEVINE

ROMAN HEDGES

WELQUIS LOPEZ

LEWIS HOPPE

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RESIDENT

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 (The public hearing commenced at 3:14 3 a.m.) 4 ASSEMBLY MEMBER JACK McENENY, CHAIRMAN 5 LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT: Clear the aisle. 6 7 Photographers please clear the aisle. My name is Jack McEneny, I'm a member of 8 9 the Assembly, co-chair of this committee known as LATFOR, which is the Legislative Task Force on 10 11 Redistricting. I am joined by my equivalent and 12 colleague co-chairman Mike Nozzolio from the 13 Senate. We are also joined on the Assembly side 14 by Dr. Roman Hedges, who is the citizen 15 participant. To his left is the Co-Executive 16 Director Lou Hoppe (phonetic). We may be joined 17 later by somebody who's working now in Albany and that would be Bob Oaks. I'll introduce him 18 19 should he come here in time. And I'll pass it over now to Senator Nozzolio. 20 21 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much 2.2 Assemblyman McEneny. Good afternoon, ladies and gentleman. 23 24 My name is Mike Nozzolio and I am honored to be

the co-chair of this task force, along with

Assemblyman McEneny. The Senate representatives
on this task force are to my right Senator Martin

Dilan. To his right Welquis Ray Lopez and to his
right the executive director of the commission
and that's Debra Levine.

This is wonderful to see such a great turnout today. It's democracy in action and it is the result of a suggestion made in Queens by some of you who are here today. Our second hearing in Queens, our $18^{\rm th}$ -- $19^{\rm th}$ hearing altogether across every corner of the state.

The suggestion made in Queens was that we have a meeting later in the day, in the afternoon. And this was made by members of the Asian American committee from Queens who said, "Let's have this testimony opened up in the afternoon, and evening," and we will be here through this process.

The process we ask everyone, including the elected officials to keep this testimony orally to five minutes. Your written testimony can be 500 pages, but that written testimony will

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be submitted for the official record of the task force. Your testimony is being recorded; there's a camera there and a camera there that will record your testimony as part of the official record of the LATFOR review.

I'd just like to say two more things: t the first is that the lines that were put out are meant for your review. We know that no plan is perfect and that the purpose of the hearings is to take testimony from those that are most affected to hear their opinions. I'm also very proud, from the Senate perspective, again an issue that was germinated here in this room by members of the Asian American community from Queens who told us last year that they wish to have a Senate seat with a majority Asian population. The lines as presented establish that objective for the very first time in our New York State's history. There is an Asian majority district, Senate district in Queens as a part of this proposal.

Other than our Borough President
Marshall, and we appreciate very much your

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courtesies, your attention, your support, all the work that took place to -- that you and your staff engaged in to prepare this meeting room today we are extremely grateful. We hear you and we are going to leave it up to the elected officials from the state, that normally it is a courtesy that legislators present to legislators when there is a hearing that legislators receive the opportunity to choose when they speak. are going to leave it up to the senators and assemblymen in this room, who, whether they should speak in early order or whether or not they should defer to the rest of the community. That will be the senators and the assemblymen's decision, not the panels'. Is that understood by everyone?

Lastly we ask you to keep your comments, again, to five minutes so that everyone has that opportunity to speak. Thank you very much, Madame Borough President. Again especially thanks to you and your staff for the courtesies you've extended us.

Oh, I'm sorry, Senator Dilan would like

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 to speak. SENATOR MARTIN DILAN: I would just like 3 4 to say good afternoon to all and I'm very eager 5 to listen to what you have to say. And I just sincerely hope that this panel does listen to you 6 7 and that your voices does get heard by this panel and produces a final product that is fair for 8 9 Thank you. all. 10 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Lopez, Mr. Hedges 11 any comments? Without further ado thank you 12 Madame Borough President. 13 ASSEMBLY MEMBER McENENY: The Honorable 14 Helen Marshall. MS. HELEN MARSHALL, QUEENS BOROUGH 15 16 PRESIDENT: Thank you. I'm not going to read 17 from notes because (inaudible). 18 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Madame? We really 19 need you to speak into the microphone, Helen. 20 MS. MARSHALL: Well we need one that we 21 can pick up because I want to look at you when I 2.2 talk to you, okay? This is a very important --23 in the whole politics of our city this is 24 probably one of the most important meetings we've

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ever had. I went down to Foley (phonetic) Square and fought for a decent district and I also helped integrate Southeast Queens, all right?

And it was very interesting.

Now the reason the put the three panel, the three-judge panel in was because the past, the race before, it was for a council seat and they could not agree on the -- oh yeah, okay.

This is the wrong kind of -- all right I'll just hold it, okay? Well I told you I want to see their faces when I talk to them, okay?

Minority votes should count. It should count, okay? Because this Queens is the most ethnically diverse county in the whole United States of America and one of the main things I did here was bring together a Queens general assembly to bring the people together. And we live next door to one another and that's the right things to do. And I know many shenanigans can go on with this redistricting. I never ignored redistricting. I never ignore it because it's a very important time.

Now we're not -- we -- the last thing

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that I did I brought it under this, under the Voting Rights Act. This whole procedure, I brought it into the, into the federal court and the judges, the three-judge panel was very good, in fact they even established a special master with all the computers and everything in the And I've been all over this borough, all over it. And we moved here in 1957 and I came from the Bronx, I was roaring then and I'm still roaring, okay? We've got to make sure that the lines are drawn properly; that's very, very important. And I want to thank each and every one of you to take your time out to come and testify here. I think as long as we have a civil discussion we'll go on, okay? I want to thank you again for coming. Okay that's it.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER McENENY: Thank you very much.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Any questions of our borough president? Hearing none thank you very much for your testimony.

The next witness -- again, there are one, two senators and one, two, three -- three

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senators and three assemblymen and council members. I'll call up the first senator, Senator Gianaris; it will be up to him to decide whether he wishes to speak.

QUEENS: I will keep to my five-minute limit and just for the information I'm as interested in hearing what everyone else has to say as this panel that's listening to you and I'm going to stay for several hours listening to the entire community. So I will be here with you every step of the way. Let me address my comments to the panel and do this as succinctly as I can so we can move on; I know there's a lot of people here today.

I want to begin my testimony today by explaining what I will not do: I will not sit here and plead for this panel to change its mind and include my home within the boundaries of my current district, which was left overwhelmingly intact in the draft plan released two weeks ago. There will be plenty of community residents who will testify to the sheer partisanship and

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absurdity of the approach you have taken in that regard but I'm less concerned about myself; I'm more concerned about the community I represent and all the people in this room. I for one will not take the bait.

It is clear that Senate Republicans' aim is to use blatant gerrymanders like that as straw men to district the public from your true intentions to create artificial problems that you can so generously solve in your next draft while still achieving the disenfranchisement that is the ultimate goal of the Senate Republicans.

Today you're being called out -- called out for your disgraceful manipulation of the democratic process to prevent communities throughout this state from achieving the representation their numbers warrant. We often comfort ourselves in the notion that New York is a progressive state, home to a proud tradition of standing up for the rights of minority communities. Yet the Senate Republicans belie that tradition and belie us to a time long gone when we saw the worst abuses of our democracy in

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vain attempts to deny political power to entire segments of our community.

This time the public will not be fooled, not by cosmetic changes that mask the true atrocity of Senate Republicans' plans and not by hollow promises of change a decade from now. The only changes that could salvage this debacle would entail a wholesale revision of Republicans' draft map to allow minority communities the representation they deserve. I'm going to offer a few specific examples, I'm going to cut short the number of examples I brought because I want to get through this quickly but it is best illustrated by showing you some maps.

This is a map showing what was done in the draft plan to the Town of Hempstead. Color-coded by minority population the deeper the blue the more populace in terms of minority population these districts are. The gerrymandering you've done in Hempstead should be help up to students throughout the nation as a prime example of redistricting being use to crack minority communities into multiple districts to prevent

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them from achieving political power. Surgical incisions were performed to ensure the density of Hempstead's minority population is spread among no fewer than four different Senate districts all represented by white men. This in a town that has African American representation in the Assembly and two African Americans in the county legislature. If you could see the map this is in one district, this is in another, this is in yet another, this and this are in another. This is all one town, in the Town of Hempstead, yet it's divided unnecessarily simply to deny representation to the community there.

I'm going to show you Westchester as well. Now in Westchester there were three different cities and one Senate district that were split up. What could possibly be the reason Senate Republicans went to such great lengths to subdivide not one, not two, but three cities in a single Senate district? The City of White Plains, the City of New Rochelle and the City of Yonkers, the attached map reveals the answer. Again you can notice how carefully District 37 is

expunged of minority population which goes from 40 percent in its current manifestation to 32 percent under LATFOR's proposal. Meanwhile the neighboring 35th District gets packed with a population removed from the 37th. Hardly a coincidence. You did the same thing in Rochester, you did the same thing in Suffolk where the Latino community in Islip and Brentwood was split three ways. You get the idea. I won't go through all the maps in the interest of time.

But what do all these examples have in common? They all use the notorious tactics known as cracking and packing, where minority populations are cracked among several districts to prevent their political power from being harnessed into one district, thus diluting the power of their votes.

Cleverly, Senate Republican talking points speak of strengthening minority districts.

Let's put that lie to rest as well. The corollary to cracking is the tactic of packing, in areas where the minority population is so large that cracking would be ineffective, those

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who seek to prevent minority representation pack as much of that population as they can into as few districts as possible, giving the false impression of strengthened voting power.

Finally, additional tools in Senate
Republican's arsenal include the unconstitutional
addition of an entirely new 63rd Senate district
which is currently the subject of a legal
challenge and the abuse of population deviation
among districts between upstate and downstate,
thus diluting voting power for those of us who
live south of the Hudson Valley.

The final map I'm going to put up is very telling and it's relevant to everyone in this room because it is what allowed the outrages you have conducted in Queens to take place.

FEMALE VOICE: Senator you have five minutes.

SENATOR GIANARIS: Really quickly the purple up here shows a maximum population deviation which means these populations are undercounted down here in New York City and the suburbs it is overpopulated which means a vote

2 upstate is worth more than a vote downstate.

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It's outrageous, it's unconstitutional and hopefully you won't let it stand.

If I could have just 30 more seconds I will conclude. The top nine districts measured by African American population in your plan would contain 2,864,000 residents while the top ten white districts would contain 2,925,000 residents, a number that is essentially equal with a difference of only 2 percent. This means that for every nine senators to which African American communities are entitled white communities would receive ten. In other words the vote of an African American New York under your plan would be worth nine-tenths that of a white resident. How can you possibly propose such a thing with a straight face? Abuses like these belong in the dust bin of history and I'm sure most people believe they're already a thing of the past. Sadly you have proven them wrong.

Gentlemen and ladies your actions have embarrassed yourselves and brought shame to the State of New York. If you're serious about

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making substantive changes to this ridiculous proposal these are the areas we would look for progress, not in the fabricated abuses meant to distract us from your goal of denying democracy to millions of New Yorkers and communities of color for the benefit of 32 white Republicans. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Any questions of Senator Gianaris? Hearing none, thank you Senator Gianaris; very nice to see you, as always. Senator Avella?

SENATOR TONY AVELLA: You know I happen to agree with the members of the community who got up and said that the public should speak first, not elected officials. This is a public hearing after all. So I'm not going to read my speech but I just want to make, because it will be entered into the record but I just want to make a couple of comments.

We all campaigned on an independent redistricting commission so that the politicians would not be drawing the lines. And yet here we are, here we are with a plan where the

politicians have drawn the lines. Senator

Nozzolio, Senator Nozzolio can I have your

attention? Senator? Can I have your attention

while I'm speaking? I could sit here as long --

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: It's running,

7 Senator.

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SENATOR AVELLA: Well I'd like to have your attention. You're the co-chair of this committee.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: I can do two things,
Senator. All right continue, your time is
running.

SENATOR AVELLA: All right I'll continue. But this goes to show, and that attitude just goes to show why we're here, as it relates to the Senate, the State Senate: the Republicans have drawn a totally partisan plan to protect themselves. And I've always said in the past part of the problem is the Democrats and the Republicans. But in this case Senator the Republicans have done something that is absolutely disgraceful, and that is to protect your majority in the Senate at the exclusion of

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	every ethnic, every neighborhood in the State of
3	New York. And in Queens it is especially
4	egregious and you should be ashamed of
5	yourselves. And I hope let me finish now,
6	Senator.
7	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Which districts are
8	you referring to, Senator?
9	SENATOR AVELLA: Every single district
10	in Queens. Every single district in Queens.
11	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: And which district
12	SENATOR: (Interposing) And you know
13	exactly
14	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: (Interposing) Which
15	district, which districts, in your opinion, are
16	in fact
17	SENATOR AVELLA: (Interposing)
18	Gerrymandered?
19	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Changed you made a
20	charge, Senator where's your documentation?
21	SENATOR AVELLA: You have it, Senator.
22	You know I'm not going to
23	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: (Interposing)
24	Senator, Senator (crosstalk)

forward to that -- I look forward to that

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provision.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: None have been given

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-- have any members of the panel received this?

SENATOR AVELLA: It might have been given to the staff outside. I don't know if they've given to you direct.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Fine Senator. Thank you very much. Any other questions? Hearing none, Councilman Mark Wepburn. And while Councilman Wepburn is coming forward I'd like to announce the presence of Assemblyman Robert Oaks as a member of the LATFOR taskforce. Thank you Assemblyman, for your continued efforts on this behalf. Councilman Wepburn?

MR. MARK WEPBURN, NYC COUNCIL MEMBER:
Thank you, Senator, assembly members and senators
and members of the panel. Thank you for having
me here today. You know, I have long supported
independent redistricting commission, as many of
you did last year in a pledge. And the reason I
think it makes most sense is that it instills
some sort of public confidence that the
redistricting process is not done for partisan
purposes. The anger you hear today and the
outbursts you hear all across this state are

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based in part because people don't trust us in elected office these days. And that's unfortunate. And by creating a partisan redistricting commission which has districts that do seem gerrymandered in so many ways, and in particular in the Senate districts does create a lack of confidence in the people that we represent here in Queens.

Let me talk about specific things in absence of that. I represent a district in the city council now, the 23rd council district which has a large portion of the current 24th council district and in that district many of the communities of eastern Queens are divided. And it's a source of a lot of frustration. constitution requires that you make an effort to keep towns and counties together throughout the state; here in New York City we're treated differently, I understand. But we have communities like the ones that are represented here today, many of them wearing white shirt and Eastern Queens that their neighborhoods have been divided up. And when you're part of a

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neighborhood, when you live in a community you

want to be together in that same district.

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There are arguments, as Councilman

Gianaris said, as the Constitution of the United States says that you can't divide up communities of a certain race or a certain minority or ethnicity and that is a problem as well, and efforts I know have been made in some areas to try to unite minority communities but in other areas like that in Belrose and Floral Park and separately in the area of Richmond Hill where there is a large growing South Asian community those communities have been divided as well.

So unfortunately we fail two different tests here. One test was to keep communities together, one test is to try to keep minority representation together and in areas in Eastern Queens we failed both. I just think it adds to the feeling out there that this has been done for only partisan reasons. And I compliment -- and I've known Jack McEneny a long time and he works incredibly hard and he's a dedicated thing. But the problem is Jack is that we can't, you know,

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this is an area that feels like we're getting the short end of the stick. And I know you've bent over backwards in some areas to try to make the districts look united. But when they start looking like Rorschach tests in parts of the state and not like district lines people lose faith in the process. And that's why an independent restricting commission would have made the most sense because we could say, "Look, it was done by an independent group who isn't doing it for partisan purposes.

So on behalf of my colleagues in the

Senate from Queens who feel like they've gotten
especially slighted, as we heard here today, but
on behalf of the people in this room who you've
heard some from in the audience and other people
who feel like their communities out in Eastern
Queens have been divide and areas in Belrose and
Floral Park in particular which have been divided
hurting an area and hurting a South Asian
population there as well both at the same time I
think we should look at how to address that issue
here in Queens. So thank you all very much for

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 hearing from me. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Councilor thank you. 3 4 Thank you very much. 5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER McENENY: Thank you. Mark I have to comment that if you take a look at 6 7 what Common Cause did and some of the other 8 groups they look like Rorschach tests too. And 9 the reason is the Federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 requires us to wander around and gather in 10 11 groups from different neighborhoods of like complexion, if you will, Asian, African American, 12 Hispanic, et cetera and people don't live in 13

little square boxes of neighborhoods. So they're odd shapes, odd shapes.

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MR. HEPBURN: I understand that. understand that, Assemblyman McEneny, but like I said, if you can't draw the nice boxes that look like fair districts then you should be drawing them in order to protect a certain community; in our area you didn't do either, that's all. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER McENENY: Thank you. The Honorable Aravella Simotas. Aravella?

Councilmember Karen Klassowitz (phonetic)?

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SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Councilmember Daniel Halloran? Councilmember Daniel Halloran.

Councilmember Reuben Wills.

REUBEN WILLS, NYC COUNCIL MEMBER: Good afternoon.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Afternoon.

MR. WILLS: I actually did not come to testify today. I'm in total agreement that the public should speak first. We have a lot of different organizations here and I'm hoping that Reverend Norris and the Honorable (inaudible) and others can speak. The issue that we're facing is there's more than just fragmenting of communities and I just want to put it as clear as possible: whether it's intentional or not intentional the procedure and the way that it was done and the product of the procedure has been taken as borderline racism in our communities. And I'm not saying Senator Nozzolio and Senator Dilan or anyone else has that intention but when you have a process and you have a product that ends up in the way it has it's easy for someone to extract

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When you look at southeastern Queens and if you look at my area in particular you have a community that is majority-minority but the communities have been spread around three or four different Senate districts. And then if you take the map that you had on (inaudible) to give you a specific example if you look at Senate district 10, Senate district 10 was drawn all the way down from Adelaide Park and St. Albans and other districts and taken all the way out to Far Rockaway, which we have no understanding of why that could have possibly been done. And when you can say that you can read your district so drastically and still separate the cluster of the district as far as minorities are concerned over the same amount of Senate districts you're not doing anything except breaking up the voting power of those areas.

So when you have a district that is made up of African Americans, a growing South Asian population and a growing Latino population that was spread out over four districts and you take

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the one district that you could have impacted and brought more into and you spread that all the way out to Far Rockaway it begs the question of what is the real rationale behind this commission.

So we would just like you to understand exactly what you've done with these first maps. I do believe that these first maps (inaudible). I don't believe this is really what you guys have I don't believe that this is a final intended. result. Going back to the drawing board if you look at it, Senator Nozzolio you can see --Senate district 10 is what I'm talking about. you see the way that the map was redrawn? You see that it came all the way down from Adelaide Park, St. Albans, took out a lot of Hollis, came all the way and you stretch it all the way out to Far Rockaway -- that district has never been And when Senator Mike Gianaris was before. speaking Senate district 14 now goes up into almost Hempstead.

So this is -- if you really look at the maps this is the point of frustration of people.

It's not giving the new immigrant populations any

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voting power, it's not giving them any true representation in the body of the Senate or the Assembly with these new maps. That is my testimony. Thank you very much

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Councilman thank you for your specific testimony. One of the things I would like to point out is that on the Senate district that you focused on, and we will look further into this issue and I appreciate you bring it up today but the percentage of non-Hispanic black population remains over 51 percent, almost 52 percent in district number 10.

MR. WILLS: No we understand the numbers
-- we can move the numbers around as much as
possible but when Senator Gianaris --

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: (Interposing) Just to point out, it's still a black majority district.

MR. WILLS: But it's about, it's about density. And it's not just about -- I'm not here just to represent African Americans; I have a large South Asian and a large Latino population in my district also. So when we speak of minorities we can't allow minorities to be

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divided up into black against Indo-Caribbean, against South Asian, against Latino. Minorities are minorities are minorities are minorities. So when we -- wait, wait -- we're not doing it for that; we're doing it to make sure we have representation, not for applause. So when we go to work every single day -- I go to work making sure that every single citizen in my district is represented no matter where they're from. So that's just what I want to highlight today. That's what I want to highlight. I want to put a spotlight on the density and I want to put a spotlight on the communities that the redistricting to this point has broken up.

And I can't fault you because I don't know if you were there before and I can't fault the rest of this committee, even though some of you were there. But the same communities that were broken up the last time have remained shattered, even though their growth has increased. So that's all I want you guys to take away today. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

2 Going to our list: James Hong?

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MR. JAMES HONG, SPOKESPERSON ASIAN AMERICAN COMMUNITY COALITION ON REDISTRICTING AND Good afternoon members of the DEMOCRACY: My name is James Hong and I'm a taskforce. spokesperson for the Asian American Community Coalition on Redistricting and Democracy, also called ACCORD. First of all thank you very much for your presence here today and your serious consideration of our past statements and recommendations. ACCORD is a non-partisan Pan-Asian coalition of social service agencies, civil rights organizations, legal advocates and civic associations from around the city joined together around the critical issue of redistricting and its impact on our democracy and in particular whether democracy is realized for minority communities, especially Asian American communities of New York.

There are a lot of us in Queens and I'd like some of them to stand here today just for a moment and I'd like to point out the hundreds of petitions that we have gather from this

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community, saying that they support our coalition

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and the work that we are doing on redistricting.

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The justice that we seek in

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maximizing the number of Asian Americans included

Americans elected into office. It is about the

redistricting is not and has never been about

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in a district, nor is it about getting Asian

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ability, the potential of our democratic system

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to properly represent the people. And when you

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draw districts to reflect communities of interest

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you empower people.

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In light of this the proposals by the task force have mixed results for the Asian American community, that is to say our support as well as our criticism of the proposals is specific to neighborhoods in either the Senate or Assembly maps. None of our comments should be interpreted as support for an entire map.

Now in the Assembly's proposal three majority Asian districts have been drawn. This is a tremendous step toward equality and fairness for our community. We applaud this achievement. Yeah, you can clap. You can clap. The 49th

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District in southwest Brooklyn in particular is a great district for our community in Sunset Park and Bensonhurst. The adjacent 47th is also very well-drawn. The proposed District 25 of Queens is a vast improvement from the current district, which was extremely problematic for our communities.

District 24 is a clear and positive step toward recognizing the vibrant South Asian community of Queens. We applaud this effort as well. However, the district is drawn in such a way that it includes chunks of three distinct neighborhoods, each with high Asian population. So even though it creates a strong Asian influence district this district splits up many voters from their own neighborhoods. That is to say Richmond Hill must no longer be fragmented. It and South Ozone Park should be unified into one Assembly district while the entirety of Belrose and Briarwood be kept together in the proposed Assembly District 24.

Now in the Senate's proposal the longanticipated majority Asian Senate district has

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been drawn. Our coalition was one of the foremost proponents of a major majority Asian district and we appreciate that the Senate plan recognizes that such a district is warranted and necessary. But the current proposal, groundbreaking as it is divides the neighborhood of Flushing, not only a residential center but a social, commercial and cultural center of activity for Asian Americans. It is a major Chinatown and the heart of the Korean American community.

Dilution of the Asian American vote
between Senate District 11 and Senate District 16
has been and continues to be unacceptable.
Rather than tweak the configurations of these
districts the taskforce should rearrange them to
more fully respect communities of interest while
maintaining the majority status of Senate
District 16. We suggest Bay Terrace as a
starting point in your visions. Now the Senate's
plan for District 22 of southwest Brooklyn
continues an egregious gerrymander and we
adamantly oppose the Senate plan for that area.

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On a side note I'd like to mention the word diversity and what it means for redistricting. Some people have brought up the word diversity of a district as if it were some way or some noble principle in drawing district lines but actually districts should be built around commonalities and common interests. This is the essence of what it means to respect communities of interest.

Lastly, ACCORD members have heard that

LATFOR has defended certain district

configurations on the basis that it was compelled

by the Voting Rights Act or the creation of

majority Asian districts. Our community should

not be put in this position. Adhering to the

Voting Rights Act can be done without

gerrymandering as shown by the Unity map, maps by

Good Government groups and even maps drawn from

redistricting competitions in New York. No one

should give a rationale about district lines that

pits the advancement of the Asian American

community against principles of fairness,

impartiality, representation or good

redistricting in this process. Thank you.

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SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you, Mr. Hong. Jerry Vattamala. Thank you very much.

MR. JERRY VATTAMALA, STAFF ATTORNEY ASIAN AMERICAN LEGAL DEFENSE AND EDUCATION FUND: Good afternoon. My name is Jerry Vattamala and I am staff attorney of the democracy program for the Asian American Legal Defense and Education Fund known as AALDEF. AALDEF is a 38-year-old non-partisan organization based in New York City that protects and promotes the civil rights of Asian Americans through litigation, advocacy, community education and organizing. In the area of voting rights AALDEF works on enforcement of the Federal Voting Rights Act, bilingual ballots, electoral reform, anti-Asian voter discrimination and redistricting. We submit this testimony to comment on the proposed state assembly and state senate redistricting plans' impact on the ability of Asian Americans to elect candidates of their choice in accordance with the Voting Rights Act of 1965 and the U.S. Constitution.

Our analysis shows that in the proposed

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Assembly plan Asian American voting strength was equalized with other voters in certain districts but not in other neighborhoods. In the Senate plan Asian American voting strength was diluted in some districts but an attempt was made to preserve Asian American voting strength in Flushing, Queens.

Since 1982 AALDEF had commented on redistricting plans, worked with community groups to develop proposed maps and litigated cases, challenging redistricting plans that violate the Voting Rights Act. AALDEF represented Asian American voters, has defended as intervenors in DSV Silver (phonetic), a case from 1997 in the Eastern District of New York a case that recognized that Asian Americans in Manhattan's Chinatown and Brooklyn Sunset Park were a community of interest that should be kept together within the 12th Congressional District. The court articulated several factors that could establish a community of common interest including cultural background, economic status, common media markets, shared community services

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and organizations including health clinics, stores, public transportation and workplaces, voting patterns, common languages and dialects and common country of origin.

We urged this task force to take a close look at several neighborhoods in Queens, Brooklyn and Manhattan to ensure that Asian American communities, many of which have grown substantially over the last decade were kept together within newly-drawn districts. To assist LATFOR in this process AALDEF prepared two documents. The first was the Asian American neighborhood maps that was submitted at the first public hearing in Queens by me. It included detailed maps of 15 Asian American neighborhoods in New York City as defined by community groups and residents who live and work in those geographic areas. They include and I'll just list the ones for Queens: Flushing, Bayside, Elmhurst, Jackson Heights, Woodside, Floral Park, Oueens Village, Belrose and Glen Oaks, Richmond Hills, South Ozone Park, Ozone Park, Briarwood and Jamaica Hills.

For each of these maps we indicated the total population of these community-defined

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neighborhoods and their racial and ethnic background breakdown. At the Manhattan hearing Margaret Fong executive director of AALDEF submitted the Asian American communities of interest survey. We met with community groups and residents throughout New York City, especially in neighborhoods experiencing the fastest Asian American population growth. They were asked to draw their neighborhood street boundaries on a map and describe their most common concerns and issues in their neighborhoods.

Among the top concerns cited by the groups we surveyed were the need for Asian language assistance, immigrants' rights, social services, health care, education, affordable housing and workers' rights. Finally we asked the groups to identify the surrounding neighborhoods that were most similar and most different to their neighborhoods. you know we submitted those, we asked this panel, this taskforce to use those two documents in drawing the new districts.

Then on October 4th, 2011 AALDEF along with Latino Justice, PERDEF, Center for Law and Social Justice (inaudible) and National Institute for Latino

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Policy submitted State Senate and Assembly plans for

New York City to this task force called the Unity

Plan.

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The Unity Plan was submitted to LATFOR with the expectation that the suggested districts would be considered by LATFOR in the redistricting process which brings us to the proposed lines for the assembly. LATFOR has taken steps to equalize the voting power of Asian Americans in Assembly District 40, Assembly District 25 and Assembly District 49 as was suggested in the Unity Map. However we are disappointed that the community of Richmond Hills, South Ozone Park and other Asian American communities of common interest continue to be splintered in numerous districts.

AALDEF is pleased with Assembly District 40 which is 62 percent Asian American and maintains a substantial portion of the existing Asian American majority district in Flushing, the residents of Flushing have common concerns and interests and should be together in one assembly district. AALDEF is also pleased with Assembly District 25 which is 52.7 percent Asian American and is (inaudible) in the

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 1 2 communities of Flushing and Bayside. AALDEF proposed a similar assembly district in the Unity Map that 3 4 combined portions of Flushing and Bayside into on 5 assembly district. Residents of both neighborhoods 6 7 8

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share common interest and are linked culturally, economically and socially for assembly district 34 which is almost 34 percent Asian American the communities of Queens Village, Belrose, Glen Oaks, Floral Park, Briarwood, Jamaica Hills and Richmond Hill are joined together in one assembly district. The Hillside Avenue corridor is the main thoroughfare that links these Asian American communities in Queens similar to the Northern Boulevard corridor that links the communities of Flushing, Bayside, (inaudible) Neck and Douglaston. Assembly district 24 can be improved to include more of the neighborhood boundaries of these communities that were submitted to LATFOR by AALDEF.

Now the neighborhood of Elmhurst, Elmhurst is divided into five assembly districts in this proposal, it's currently divided into five assembly districts and this proposal continues to dilute Asian American voting strength in this

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neighborhood. Elmhurst has a large Asian American
immigrant population with shared needs and struggles.
The Unity Plan drew Elmhurst into one Asian American
majority assembly district and equalized Asian
American voting strength in this community.

Now for the neighborhood of Queens
Village, Belrose, Glen Oaks and Floral Park. This
community is divided among assembly district 33,
assembly district 24 and assembly district 26. AALDEF
advocated for this community, this one community to
not be divided at any legislative district level.

Which brings us to Richmond Hill South Ozone Park. This community is divided among proposed assembly district 38, 24, 31, 23 and 32 continuing the minority vote dilution of this community.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Excuse me, Jerry,
you're over seven minutes. Could you summarize
and submit -- make sure your written testimony is
submitted to every member of the panel?

MR. VATTAMALA: Sure. Absolutely. And if I quickly comment on the Senate proposal. We believe that equal Asian American representation in the New York State Senate can be achieved

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while also drawing compact district lines as demonstrated in the Unity Map. There's been much talk in the press and public arena regarding the first ever proposed Asian American majority senate district in New York and the odd shape of the district. We believe the district could be improved but reject the notion that this proposed district was drawn in this odd shape to capture Asian American population. The U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Shaw V. Reno that race cannot be the predominant factor in drawing district lines. We believe that senate district 16 is compliant with Shaw because the district was not drawn from scratch to accommodate the Asian American community. The proposed senate district 16 is substantially similar to the current senate district 16 illustrated in the attached figure one that I submitted to this taskforce. almost identical proposed lines for senate district 16 should not be mischaracterized as the result of trying to capture Asian American population, it's just not the case.

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Proposed Senate District 16 includes portions of three Asian American [background Noise]. All right. [background Noise]

SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO, CO-CHAIR,

I'll summarize. I'll summarize here.

NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE TASK FOR ON

DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT: Excuse

me. Please, please respect the speaker. To the

speaker, please respect the, please respect,

please, you do not have the floor sir. And if

you continue those kind of outbursts, I'm going

to have to ask you to leave. I'm saying to the

speaker, please listen to the request made two

minutes ago to conclude. Thank you very much.

MR. VATTAMALA: Okay. So, Senate

District 16 includes Elmhurst, parts of Flushing
and parts of Bayside, which we believe the three
communities have inter-related concerns, which is
outlined in my testimony. Our suggested
revisions to Senate District 16 are to eliminate
the Northern appenditure that goes into Bay
Terrace. And replace that with the equal amount
of population, which is about 16,000 people from

Page 52 1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 the community defined Flushing. That's our suggestions, you know. I have the rest submitted 3 4 here and I thank you for all your hard work on 5 this. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much 6

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And if you would make sure that we all have a copy of your written testimony. Thank Mackenzie Yang. Mackenzie Yang. you.

MS. MACKENZIE YANG, MEMBER, OCA-NY: Ηi, good afternoon Committee members. My name is Mackenzie Yang and I'm testifying on behalf of OCA-NY as a member and its redistricting intern.

Founded in 1976, OCA-NY is a non-profit, non-partisan organization dedicated to protecting and advancing the political, economic and cultural rights of Asian Americans. OCA-NY represents the five boroughs in New York City and is a founding member of ACCORD.

OCA-NY's work in Queens includes holding naturalization trainings in Elmhurst and Flushing, that attracted over 100 people, conducting voter registration drives and organizing community education forums.

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We co-sponsored candidate forums for Queens City Council District 20, State Assembly District 22 and State Senate Districts 11 and 16, at Flushing Public Library. OCA-NY organized community meetings with the Queens District Attorney, involving crimes against Asian Americans.

Flushing based groups like Min Quan

Center for Community Action, Chinatown Planning

Council, Queens Division, Korean Community

Services and Flushing Chinese Business

Association partner with OCA-NY on events and

issues. OCA-NY participates international dragon

boat races in Flushing Meadows and marches in the

Flushing Lunar New Year Parade.

We have leafleted throughout Queens regarding OCA-NY's advocacy efforts on private DNA Chin's case and OCA-NY's hate crimes, our prevention contest.

OCA-NY's former President, Jerry Chang, testified in the previous LATFOR hearing in Queens on September 7th, 2011. Today I will speak on OCA-NY's positions regarding LATFOR's

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 proposed maps.

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I do still live in Auburndale, Bayside area. That is contained in proposed Assembly District 26 and proposed Senate District 11. I now live in downtown Flushing, which is part of proposed Assembly District 40 and proposed State Senate District 16.

I've also visited several schools
throughout Queens as part of my job as a
presenter for the Office of Emergency Management.
Support from statement is also based on other
OCA-NY Queens members, data from the American
Community Survey and the 2010 Census.

The 2010 Census demonstrates Asian

Americans now comprise 13% of the cities

population. The number of Asians have reached a

million, with over half a million in Queens

alone. So with respect to the Queens State

Assembly District, OCA-NY supports LATFOR's

proposed State Assembly District 40. This

district keeps intact the heart of downtown

Flushing, which is heavily commercial with

Flushing Library, Flushing shopping malls, many

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ethnic restaurants, grocery stores and schools.

More than 60% of the residents in this proposed district are Asian.

OCA-NY supports proposed State Assembly
District 25, which contains sections of Flushing
and Bayside. We appreciate LATFOR's recognition
of the migration and growth that has initiated in
Flushing and flowed towards Bayside and Fresh
Meadows, as immigrant communities become more
established.

There's a transactional flow of residents traveling between Flushing and Bayside, passing through Murray Hill and Auburndale, for shopping and restaurants. The Q-12, Q-13, Q-26, Q-27 and Q-31 buses connect the southern end of Flushing to the southern end of Bayside.

Residents in Bayside take the bus to

Flushing to connect to the number 7 subway. Many

Bayside residents attend church, participate in

civic organizations and do business in Flushing.

The variety of authentic Asian restaurants and

Asian products that can only be found in Flushing

attract Bayside residents to Flushing. In

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addition, many business people from Bayside commute 20 minutes daily by car to Flushing.

So with respect the Queens State Senate lines, it is feasible to draw State Senate Districts that keep communities of interest with a high concentration of Asian Americans together. While proposed State Senate District 16 reflects the growth in the Asian American population, over the past decade and shared socio economic concerns between certain neighborhoods, Bay Terrace should not be included in this district.

Bay Terrace is 70% non-Hispanic white and 19% Asian. Compared to Flushing and Elmhurst, Bay Terrace has a significantly higher socio economic level, smaller household size and does not face the same issues of crime, nor need the same social services, such as language access.

Unlike Bayside and Flushing's transactional traffic and interdependent economic bases, Bay Terrace has its own express buses, QM-2 and QM-20 that transfer Bay Terrace residents straight into Manhattan. While Flushing has a

1	Page 5 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	Sky View Center, Queens Crossing Mall and the
3	Flushing Mall, Bay Terrace has its own well known
4	Bay Terrace Shopping Center. Thus there's
5	relatively little need for interaction between
6	Flushing and Bay Terrace residents.
7	Okay. I'm going to be quick. If Bay
8	Terrace is not included then Flushing should be
9	kept whole in District 16. Of all the
10	neighborhoods in Queens, Flushing has the most
11	dense Asian American population, with strong
12	shared interests between them.
13	To divide Flushing's Asian American
14	community is to dilute their ability to elect a
15	candidate of their choice. Who would advocate
16	for their shared interests and concerns. Thanks.
17	Thank you.
18	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.
19	Midway Diyang [phonetic], Midway Diyang.
20	MALE VOICE 1: She's not here.
21	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Midway Diyang.
22	Bright Limm.
23	MR. BRIGHT LIMM, KOREAN AMERICANS FOR
24	POLITICAL ADVANCEMENT: Thank you and good

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afternoon. My name is Bright Limm. I am the President and Steering Committee Co-chair of Korean Americans for Political Advancement, also called KAPA.

KAPA is also a proud member of ACCORD, the Coalition of 13 Asian American organizations that have come together to advocate with a unified voice on the critical issue of New York State's redistricting process. Now in the, out of respect for the others who have to testify, particularly the large contingent from Eastern Queens United, as well as out of respect for the Task Force, I'm going to focus my comments on one district in particular today, which is the proposed Senate District 16. And I'm just going to also talk briefly about its neighbor to the East, which is proposed District 11.

As you know, Flushing is an unmistakable community of interests. We also know that by itself Flushing constitutes half of entire Senate District population. Given the tremendous population growth of the Asian American communities of interest, both in Flushing as well

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as in the surrounding neighborhoods, particularly Queensboro Hill and the neighborhoods along the Northern Boulevard corridor, it is clear that the 2012 State Senate map for this vicinity should include one district with an Asian American majority. And another nearby district with a substantial Asian American constituency.

Like other members of ACCORD, KAPA's reaction to proposed Senate District 16 is mixed. On the one hand, we welcome the Task Force recognition that the State District that includes Flushing ought to be an Asian American majority Senate District. However, regrettably we must also criticize the Task Force decision to divide Flushing between proposed Senate District 16 and 11. And we urge the Task Force to keep Flushing whole.

Anyone who looks at proposed SD-16 can see that Flushing is the center or anchor around which the rest of the proposed district is based. Yet the very anchor of this proposed district, as in the current Senate map, is once again divided. KAPA sees absolutely no need, and therefore, no

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justification for dividing in half this well known residential community, booming commercial center and icon of New York City culture.

Accordingly, in the event that the

Governor does not veto the Task Force maps, KAPA

offers this Task Force the following two specific

recommendations. We believe that these

recommendations are at once more consistent with

sound redistricting principles, in the interest

of all affected communities and politically

feasible.

Recommendation number one, we ask that
Bay Terrace be made part of Senate District 11
and that a corresponding proportion of the
population of Flushing that's currently located
in District 11 be incorporated into District 16.
In short, basically, this recommendation asks for
a swap between these two districts, Bay Terrace
for more of Flushing. Both the community of
Flushing and the community of Bayside would no
doubt welcome such a modification, as would good
government and civil rights groups.

Recommendation number two, in order to

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include nearly all of Flushing into Senate

District 16, we also recommend that the Eastern

most portion of the proposed Senate District 16

be made part of Senate District 11 and that a

corresponding proportion of Flushing that's not

currently included in 16 be made so. In short,

this is another swap where the parts of Oakland

Gardens, Bayside, Bayside Hills, that are

currently part of 16 be part of 11, and that more

of Flushing be included in 16.

Together with the modification proposed in the first recommendation, this modification would not only make Flushing nearly whole, it would also make the Bayside, Bayside Hills, Oakland Gardens region nearly whole, while simultaneously making both Senate District 16 and Senate District 11 more compact.

Finally, let me conclude by urging this

Task Force to consider these recommendations in

light of the unity map, which was developed by

Asian American, Latino and Black community

advocates, as well as the communities of interest

study that ACCORD member Aldiff [phonetic]

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 conducted and submitted to the Task Force on 3 September 21st. I'm confident you will agree 4 that our recommendations are principled, reasonable and feasible. Thank you very much for 5 your time and consideration. 6 7 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much 8 Mr. Limm. Anthony Nunziato. Anthony Nunziato. 9 MR. ANTHONY NUNZIATO: Good afternoon. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Good afternoon. 10 11 MR. NUNZIATO: Thank you. My name is 12 Anthony Nunziato and I'm a business owner and 13 resident of - - for over 25 years. I am very 14 familiar with the neighborhood and the 15 surrounding areas of Queens as a whole. I wish 16 to thank the Task Force for proposed 17 redistricting maps, as I know it was a difficult 18 job. 19 Looking at new district map in Senate 20 District 15, it is clear you've done diligence, 21 researched a part of Queens and put together as a 2.2 district that unites communities of interest. 23 am impressed that you kept - - Village, Glendale,

Howard Beach, the Rock Ways together, since

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neighborhoods are very similar to mine. And the only thing that separates us is water.

All these communities are working class communities and similarities. Also the economy of small business is the same. Many firefighters, police, city workers and teachers reside in these communities. We have the same district similar, we would like to have the same district similar to the Congressional District, so if there are pressing matters that we all share.

But as pleased as I am with the Senate,
I am displeased with the 30th Assembly District.
You left out half the town of Middle Village.
And the appendix of all Woodside, Sunnyside and
Astoria is just hanging there in the 30th
Assembly District from the old gerrymandering.
And if you look at the old maps - - word came
from, gerrymander, this district makes that look
ridiculous.

It looks like a rowboat dog. The way it just hangs there, has nothing in common as far as the similarity of the homes, the transportation,

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 the quality of life issues, has nothing in 3 comparison. And it's unfair to the people there 4 as it is to the people in - - Middle Village and 5 Glendale. I thank you for listening to my 6 7 testimony. I submitted it. Thank you very much. 8 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you Mr. 9 Nunziato. Council Member Daniel Halloran. Council Member Daniel Halloran. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER DANIEL HALLORAN, NYC 12 COUNCIL MEMBER: Good afternoon Senators, members 13 of the Task Force, I appreciate your time in 14 being here. Thank you. 15 I represent the 19th Councilmatic 16 District, which is perhaps the only natural 17 looking district in the City of New York. Because it's bounded on one side by Long Island 18 19 It's bounded on the other side by Nassau Sound. 20 County. And it shares a border of the Long 21 Island or Grand Central Expressways and the 2.2 Vanwick Expressway. 23 So unlike most of my colleagues, I 24 actually live in a community that is bordered

within my Council District.

properly in terms of how a district should look. The communities of North Flushing, which is called Orbendale, Bayside, Whitestone, College Point, Little Neck, Douglas and Orbendale are almost entirely within the community. There are only small portions of South Bayside. Flushing itself, Flushing Proper, that are not wholly

I think it's incumbent on us to strip
away some of the rhetoric. I've heard much
disparagement of the Senate's proposal. But
meanwhile, in my Councilmatic District, the 26th
was cut in half, the Assembly District. The 40th
was created. The 25th was pushed completely
South and none of those districts look natural
either.

And certainly I think my Asian constituents, particularly the Chinese and Korean community, who have for a very long time, sought to have a seat that was theirs, both in the Senate and the Assembly, have a vital interest in doing so. I would simply request that the commission continue to look to closing borders,

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stripping away corridors that exist within. Some of the communities, as mentioned, the community of Bay Terrace as something that should naturally be part of the 11th SD, I agree.

The community of Bay Terrace should be and the corridor to it should be closed. It simply existed to protect one incumbent Senator who lived in the corridor in the middle of what would otherwise be the 11th SD.

Now whether or not that's something that the Task Force finds reasonable, is something of course, for you to decide. However, it certainly creates an odd looking district. I also think that the 11th SD should probably be cut off at some place below the, above the Grand Central because it naturally falls into whole communities then.

However, I understand the balancing act that you have to undertake. I would like to make a note going forward. The United States is a melting pot. It's a nation that is going to be full of immigrants year after year, who are going to become part of the fabric that is the United

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States. We cannot continue to gerrymander districts to suit any particular whim and create unnatural districts.

Our founders did not intend to do that. They set up district systems for a reason. So that everybody could be represented and that they could be represented equally and fairly. I would hope that in the future that this commission looks to adopt rules that will enable this state in particular to look to the future to create radius based districts. Where you start from an epicenter, go out a certain distance and include all of the communities as intactly as possible from that radius, with a standard deviation that is set by the commission, to a reasonable number.

I appreciate the hard work you're doing and I know many people have given you grief in the process of doing it. I would just like to say I appreciate the hard work that you've done. And I hope that you will continue to take input from those of us who have vested interests in these communities, particularly the communities of color, who have a vital interest in my

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community at least, in being represented in the State Senate. Thank you very much for your time Commissioner.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Councilman before you leave, it certainly welcomes and appreciates your input. Thank you for taking the time to testify. Whether or not anyone agrees or disagrees with law, it's not important. What's important is that we follow the law.

And that has been the attention of the Task Force that a number of individuals have spoken that share your concerns. But the fact of the matter is the Federal law, the Federal Voting Rights Act, requires the state to expressly, implicitly comply, both the letter and spirit of that law. And that's, unfortunately Assemblyman Macanny indicated earlier, that creates sometimes odd shapes, sometimes it runs over certain communities of interest that you'd much rather not interfere with. And the fact is you must maintain the Voting Rights Act strength, in particular, counties directly covered by it.

So your points are certainly expressed

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 well and we thank you for your testimony.

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appreciate it. Senator you've done a great job.

But I would just like to say on that point that you've raised, simply because the Voting Rights Act exists in Federal law does not necessarily make it the ideal. Once you create discrimination in attempt to remedy discrimination, you open a Pandora's box of problems.

And certainly, there are many communities which would not have been served had that Act not been passed. However, as we move forward into the future, I would hope to find a day one day when we're all simply Americans. And as Teddy Roosevelt said, there's no room to be anything but America, American in America. And perhaps at that point we would no longer need that sort of a situation.

But for now, I understand why we have it and I appreciate that you have to follow the law.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Councilman, thank you very, very much. Richana [phonetic] Shaw.

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Richana Shaw. Richana Shaw. Richana Shaw. Ali Najmi. Ali. Ali, would you please correct me in the pronunciation of your name for the record state it and thank you for being here today.

MR. ALI NAJMI, COMMUNITY ORGANIZER, SEVA
NY: Thank you. It was an honest attempt. The
last name is Najmi, first name is Ali, much like
the boxer.

My name is Ali Najmi. I'm an attorney and community organizer with SEVA. SEVA is a community based non-profit organization founded and located in Queens, New York. SEVA engages in community organizing in two distinct sections of Queens, where we have substantial membership.

The first is the Richmond Hill and South

- - Part community. And the other is the Glen

Oaks, Bell Rose and Floral Park community of interests.

SEVA's proud to be a member of two separate community based coalitions from each of these distinct communities, both of which are very substantially represented here today. The first is Unite Richmond Hill. And the other is

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
Eastern Queens United.

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Both of these campaigns have been completely let down by your proposed maps. It is clear that LATFOR and the State Legislature do not care about our neighborhoods.

The message conveyed to our membership by the proposed maps is that keeping our communities united is not a real priority. In Eastern Queens, the neighborhoods of Glen Oaks, New Hyde Park, Floral Park, Bell Rose and Queens Village continue to be gerrymandered by three Assembly Districts.

The community of interest there totals
75,000 people. And it could be anchor for one
single Assembly District. The Richmond Hill and
South - Park community of interest continues to
be divided by multiple Assembly and Senate
districts.

In the current proposed maps, the

Richmond Hill and South - - Park communities

divided by upwards of five Assembly Districts and

two State Senate Districts. SEVA identified the

community of interest here that totals about

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240,000 people, which we all know is more than well enough for at least one Assembly District and could be the anchor for a single State Senate District.

This body, LATFOR, was provided with specifically identified community boundaries. A listing of specific center tracts that should be kept together. Maps and petitions. You knew what the right thing to do was and you still didn't do it.

SEVA has organized community rallies and workshops on the topic of redistricting for almost two years. We have used art and music to increase interest in the topic of redistricting among our membership. We have created coalitions with organizations that transcend ethnic, racial and religious labels.

Our efforts have been highlighted in the mainstream media and the immigrant press. With our coalition partners we have succeeded in creating an unprecedented level of awareness on redistricting in both of these communities.

However, your proposed maps have created an

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12

unprecedented level of resentment towards the political process and disenchantment with the status quo.

This entire task force has failed the

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This entire task force has failed the people of New York. And all of you should be exiled to New Jersey. Our community is now look to Governor Cuomo to veto this proposal and reform this process. Only with a truly independent redistricting process will this state achieve the level of reform that we are all desperate for. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Garth Marchant.

MR. GARTH MARCHANT, PUBLIC CITIZEN:

Good afternoon. My name is Garth Marchant. I'm

the Chairman of the Civil Rights Coalition for

Southeast Queens.

First, community of interest. The way these maps are drawn, I'm addressing the Assembly first. It is very racial in nature. I'll show you for example. Far Rockaway, where you took, look at these two divided districts. They don't even connect.

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The 23rd runs around the 31st. That's because you want to create a racial district for the 23rd. That whole part of Far Rockaway should be in one Assembly District, which was the 31st.

It's no way that this makes sense and this - - connection. It doesn't make sense. It doesn't connect. Now, the same area is also the City Council. That same area is one district. The State Senate in that area is one district. And the Congressional District is one district.

Why do that for the State Assembly? And we take the same 31st Assembly District and we take it into Rosedale. You split Rosedale up into two districts. Why?

Because to protect other districts. So what I'm saying to you, go back to the map and take Rosedale as a whole community and make it one part of the 31st Assembly District. And you take the Far Rockaway portion of it and make it the 31st District. And you take the 31st District that goes into South - - Park and Richmond Hill and make, take that out of there and make some of the Asians get a district. They

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 deserve it. It's racial gerrymandering when you do 3 4 that. When you create in Richmond Hill, five 5 different Assembly Districts. What is the purpose of that? Or six. What's the purpose of 6 7 that? Come on. We need a community of 8 9 interest community of whole. And there's no way that we will stand for that kind of 10 11 gerrymandering. No way, no how. 12 Secondly, is that when we look at the 13 State Senate District, all of Far Rockaway, for 14 the last 30 years, was in the 14th Senatorial 15 District. All of a sudden Senator you're going 16 to split it up into two. 17 And send part of Far Rockaway all the way to Astoria. That don't even make no sense 18 19 unless you're taking the A train to connect to 20 the R train. 21 Come on. It doesn't make sense. We 2.2 want all of Far Rockaway back into one district, 23 not split it into. 24 Now let's go because I couldn't go to

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Long Island. They didn't have a hearing in

Nassau County. Let's look at what you did for

Nassau County.

Nassau County, where is the black belt and brown belt population. What the Senate did, they took all of the black and Hispanic neighborhoods and part of Asian neighborhood and split them up into four different Senatorial Districts. Freeport, Roosevelt, Baldwin, predominantly black and Hispanic.

You're put into the Senate Majority
Leader's district. Come on. Split up the
district.

Now you talk Hampstead and you put it into another district. Now you take Almont and you take Valley Stream and you put it into another district. Those are common districts.

The minority population in Nassau County is over 30% and you can't find a district to put 30% of the population? Does not make sense.

So we are fighting on that. And we are saying to you, ladies and gentlemen, that you got to go back to the drawing board and you got to

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 draw these lines for Southeast Queens. And you got to, I support the Unity district, here it is. 3 4 That's a Unity map for the district in Richmond 5 Hill, Southeast Queens. So I'm suggesting this is what you do. 6 7 Do it right. Do it right. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much 8 9 Mr. Marchant. Linda Lee. Linda Lee. MS. LINDA LEE, KOREAN COMMUNITY 10 11 SERVICES: Good afternoon everyone. 12 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Hi Linda Lee. 13 MS. LEE: I wish I was that dynamic of a 14 I'm here today as the Associate speaker. 15 Executive Director of KCS, Korean Community 16 Services. And also, personally I was, as 17 mentioned before, born in Upstate, lived in Long 18 Island for 20 years and now live in Queens. And 19 I see how the neighborhoods have been changing. 20 And so, that is pretty much why we're here today, 21 as an Asian, as part of the Asian Coalition, 2.2 ACCORD. 23 We want to encourage you guys to please 24 keep in mind communities of interest, especially

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when looking at the Senate District 16 and 11.

And not divide us and keep our communities

together. A lot of our constituents, a lot of
our clients live in those areas.

I represent the Korean community. We've been around for 38 years, our organization. And provide social services all throughout Queens, as well as Manhattan and Staten Island. So we ask that you please look at our recommendations.

Look at the Unity maps and the lines that we've drawn and try to keep communities of interest together.

On a side note, I just want to echo what one of our other members had stated before, which is that we appreciate and applaud the fact that you heard some of our testimonies previously and have attempted to create an Asian majority district. However, those lines are a bit skewed in terms of what we thought those lines should be that represent our communities. You know, it has happened in the media where we have been sort of pitted against other groups, and please we don't want to be the scapegoat. We just want to keep

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our communities of interest together, so we hope that you listen to our recommendations and look at the maps. Thank you.

SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO, CO-CHAIR,

NYS LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE on DEMOGRAPHIC

RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT: Thank you, Miss

Lee. Emmanuel Caruana.

EMMANUEL CARUANA: - - President and members of the legislative task force, good I'm going to read this, and then I'd like a few quick comments at the end of this. Т have recently had an opportunity to participate in the campaign for state assembly in the 30th AD. With high expectations and a belief in our political system, I threw myself into this endeavor. Having seen nothing being done to help my community and a representative who was on the list of missing persons, I wanted change. This will never happen. Not in the surprise. 30th Administrative Assembly District. presently districted or gerrymandered, it is impossible to run against an incumbent.

In the 30th AD, Maspeth and Middle

Village are predominantly one and two family homes while Woodside, Sunnyside, parts of Astoria and Long Island City are predominantly apartment houses, large condo developments, and public housing. An incumbent can spend public funds in the guise of public information mailings or look what I've done for you lately pamphlets and target these large complexes very effectively all year long. Throw in a street fair or fund a group in these large complexes, and the vote is yours. Talk about buying votes.

Maspeth and Middle Village must be separated from Woodside, Sunnyside, Astoria, and Long Island City. We have nothing in common, and our votes are overwhelmed by them. They say the proof is in the pudding. Just look at the last election results from the assembly race in the 30th AD. In Maspeth and Middle Village, the challenger received an overwhelming majority of votes. In the areas that have been gerrymandered to the advantage of the incumbent, the reverse happened. Note that the population of Long Island City, Astoria, Woodside, and Sunnyside is

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far greater than that of Maspeth and Middle

Village. It is impossible to electioneer in

large buildings. Access is prohibited. The 30th

AD looks on the map like a - -. It can be used

as a poster child for gerrymandering. Something

needs to be done.

Now, this is the 30th. If anyone can possibly explain to me why this was even allowed to happen, I'd be more than willing to spend a lifetime listening. It is a disgrace. The fact of the matter is that not only can someone looking to run for political office in the 30th Assembly District not be able to compete financially because the incumbent certainly has the power to use their office for mailings...it is impossible to raise the money to put the mailings into these areas. So all I ask is that you take a look at this. I think that the 30th Assembly District should be boarded on the north by Queens Boulevard and on the south by Woodhaven Boulevard. This would make the population of that area all having the same interests, the same needs, and be able to go to their elected

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officials and get what they need, not have the elected official go to the needs of the people where they think they're going to get the most votes. I don't believe that this is the politics that our founding fathers had in mind. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you, Mr. Caruana. Vishnu Mahadeo.

VISHNU MAHADEO, PRESIDENT RICHMOND HILL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL: Good afternoon. My name is Vishnu Mahadeo. I am the President of the Richmond Hill Economic Development Council, which is a de facto - - chamber of commerce and a social umbrella of Richmond Hill. Richmond Hill EDC is a not for profit organization of merchants, businesses, service providers, elected officials, and other community members working together to advance the business, cultural, social, educational, and civic welfare of the South Asian neighborhood of Richmond Hill, South Ozone Park, and Ozone Park. Before I get in, I will not go to my testimony. I'll give you just pieces of it.

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2 There is an item that you will hear from time to time in the presentations to follow, and 3 4 that is the word Indo-Caribbean. Who is an Indo-5 Caribbean? Indo-Caribbean are a community of about 500,000 people in the United States, people 6 who came from India to the Caribbean since 1883 7 and made a second migration to the United States 8 starting about 50 years ago. Although they come 9 mainly from Guyana, Trinidad and Tobago and 10 11 Suriname, we have a distinct mixture of 12 Indian/Caribbean culture and a heritage with a 13 distinctive and pronounced Indian influence. 14 There are over 150,000 Indo-Caribbean in Queens 15 alone and more than 60,000 in the area that I'm 16 going to highlight to you. 17

Now, one of the reasons why I bring up this information is that we have a lot of presentations today, and you drew maps that confused the life out of everybody. So as a grade school teacher I want to draw my own map. This here is a map of Richmond Hill. On one side here, we have Van Wyck Expressway. On the north side of it, we have an area that's called

become an other.

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Hillside Avenue and Jamaica Avenue. Then, on the west side of it we have Woodhaven Boulevard.

Then, on the north side of this map is Belt

Parkway. It is a continuous area of people of common interests, culture and heritage. When I say I am from Guyana, in the census track, people down I'm Indo-Guyanese or Indo-Trinidadian.

There is no such category for the census, so I

So if you take the Asian Indian and the other population...because if you go on Liberty Avenue you'll be surprised to know there are so many like me. Now, we have about 43% of this area here, yet this - - of Richmond Hill if you open it you will find that this is one assembly district. This is a second assembly district. Then we have a third assembly district here. Then when you finish, we have a fourth assembly district here. Then, when you finish, there's a fifth assembly district here. Now - - because out there there's another piece, but if you look at your map very carefully, what you have done...you are disenfranchising a large

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community. Look at the dense concentration of our population, yet despite the fact we are so highly concentration, you had the audacity to actually chop us up. We have five, and we were complaining about having too many chop up. Now, you went and chopped us up into six. This has to stop.

We are a people of common interests. We and the Punjabi and the South Asians are all the majority population in this area here. We're just asking for the opportunity for us to become part of the mechanism here in America. been knocking on the doors. The councilman who was here even said that. Everyone here who has been talking - -. We're looking...the connection of these districts. This has enough information in here to have an assembly district by itself. We are asking just for us to have an assembly district by itself. Make this - -. Grow it all the way over, so the people in Rockaway are The people up there in Glendale and all the way up in Union Turnpike are happy...so that we will have togetherness here. In closing, I

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would like to say one thing. We respect this body. We came here because we respect you, but please show us some respect. We have been making these testimonies time after time after time. We are looking for your help. Please, do what is good. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. John Park.

JOHN PARK, DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY

DEVELOPMENT - YWCA OF QUEENS, MEMBER - ASIAN

AMERICAN COMMUNITY COALITION ON REDISTRICTING AND

DEMOCRACY: Hello members of the task force.

Thank you for this opportunity to speak. I think

my statement isn't as fiery as some people or as

nuanced, but I'll just begin.

Established in 1978, the YWCA of Queens, who I am representing as the Director of Operations and Community Development, is an influential non-profit that meets the needs of low income individuals and immigrants that provides the necessary resources and tools for families to overcome language, cultural and professional barriers and become economically

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self sufficient. As many of you are already aware, the Asian American population is 15 times greater than the proportion of legislators who are Asian American. Although we should not view fair access and representation strictly by numbers, a large disparity in numbers is one of the easiest and clearest systemic indicators pointing to voting dilution. Our organization, the YWCA of Queens, is also part of the Asian American Community Coalition on Redistricting and Democracy Accord. We also agree with a unity map that is supported by diverse coalitions and communities.

The YWCA of Queens acknowledges the efforts that LATFOR has made to create more opportunities for Asian American communities of interest. However, further improvements must be made. Regarding the specific maps proposed by LATFOR, especially in the Queens area, we commend the foresight and effort in terms of creating a new Senate District with an Asian American majority. However, the borders in keeping the communities together don't make a lot of sense,

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to be honest...to be very frank. A lot of our constituents will be divided between these two districts when they should clearly be part of the same community, part of the same district. For example, the Northern Boulevard corridor is divided in half, and that just makes no sense to anybody who lives in the area, like myself, when it should be kept intact....so that we ask that the Senate District lines be reconsidered to keep Flushing whole.

In conclusion, on behalf of the YWCA of Queens and our constituents, we support the recommendations of the unity map developed by Asian American, Latino, and Black community members and representatives. We urge the task force to further consider and adopt those lines, which we feel best reflects the communities of interest and keeps them whole. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you, Mr. Park. Carol Huang.

CAROL HUANG, MEMBER - ASIAN AMERICAN

COMMUNITY COALITION OF REDISTRICTING AND

DEMOCRACY: Good afternoon members of the task

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My name is Carol Huang, and I'm a Professor at the City College of New York and - board member of Asian American and Asian Research Institute of CUNY. Here, I represent myself and as a member of Accord. As James Hong indicated earlier, Accord is organized - - maximizing the number of Asian Americans included in a district and to get Asian Americans elected to public It is about keeping the community of offices. interest intact to empower all people. With this pretext, I would like to cheer the first Asian American majority Senate District ever drawn, but taking an initial look at the map I was shocked to see the shape. District 11...District 16 is like a lobster with two huge claws holding a big huge ball...District 16...District 11...and swinging his tail into Elmhurst. I asked myself why one area is kept so compact and the other one is so spread out.

After carefully studying the map, I found the map divided neighborhoods of Flushing and Elmhurst. It breaks Flushing Chinatown and the Korean American community by including part

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2 of Elmhurst that also breaks its community in several districts. I appreciate LATFOR, the 3 4 Senate plan, recognized that an Asian majority 5 district is warranted and necessary, but dilution of Asian American vote between District 11 and 6 7 District 16 is unacceptable. I believe that LATFOR can draw a better map that I propose to 8 9 make district 11 more compact like the unity map produced by Asian American, Latino American, and 10 11 African American. The Senate district plan for 12 District 22 in southwest Brooklyn continued to 13 gerrymander it, and I opposed the Senate plan for 14 In district 22, neighborhood had the this area. 15 fastest and highest Asian population growth rate 16 among the entire city, about 57% between 2000 and 17 2010. With this growth trend, the Asian population will be a majority before the next 18 19 redistricting. Keeping the community interests 20 intact in this - - redistricting is very 21 important for the development of our democracy. 22 I propose that also follow that unity map line. 23 Thank you very much.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	Seema Agnani.
3	ANJALI CHAUDHRY: Good afternoon. My
4	name is Anjali Chaudhry, if you want to change it
5	for the record, but myself and will be
6	speaking on behalf of Seema Agnani and CHHAYA
7	Community Development Corporation.
8	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: You're speaking
9	together. That's five minutes.
10	MS. CHAUDHRY: Okay. We are.
11	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Okay. Thank you.
12	MS. CHAUDHRY: Good afternoon. We are
13	here to testify on behalf of CHHAYA CDC and as
14	local residents residing in the proposed Assembly
15	District 24 and Assembly District 34.
16	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Sorry. For the
17	video, would you state both names again, please?
18	MS. CHAUDHRY: Yes. My name is Anjali
19	Chaudhry.
20	MALE VOICE:
21	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you.
22	MS. CHAUDHRY: It's on the top of the
23	testimony.
24	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Your names are not on

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 the list.

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MS. CHAUDHRY: Yes. We're speaking on behalf of an organization. Seema wasn't able to come today.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Alright. So you're replacing Seema?

MS. CHAUDHRY: Exactly, on her behalf.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Go ahead.

MS. CHAUDHRY: Thank you. Based in Queens, New York, CHHAYA, meaning shelter or shade, is dedicated to creating more stable and sustainable communities by increasing civic participation and addressing the housing and community development needs of New York's South Asians and people of South Asian origin, new immigrants, and their neighbors. Our work encompasses tenant rights, home ownership, foreclosure prevention, housing rights, civic engagement, and advocating for the affordable housing opportunities as well as research and advocacy around community needs. We work predominantly with South Asian communities in both southeastern and northwestern Queens in the

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neighborhoods of Jackson Heights, Elmhurst, Woodside, Sunnyside, Astoria, as well as in Richmond Hill, South Ozone Park, and Jamaica/Briarwood.

South Asians are immigrants from the regions and borders and areas of Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka as well as the diaspora from the Caribbean and other areas...are one of New York City's newest immigrant groups and also one of the fastest growing ethnic populations. I'm going to skip over.... CHHAYA is a member of Accord, so we also endorse the unity maps. I'm just going to turn your attention to the second page where we talk a little bit about the foreclosure in our communities.

If you look at the back, we've attached a map, which is developed in part by CHHAYA and also the Neighborhood Economic Development and Advocacy Project, or NEDAP. The map reflects foreclosure filings in the borough in 2010 for Queens, and as you can see, two communities of particular need are Briarwood/Jamaica Hills and

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 1 2 Jamaica and Richmond Hill and Ozone Park. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: We don't have what 3 4 you're talking about. I'm just looking for it. 5 I don't see it. MS. CHAUDHRY: You didn't get it? Well, 6 7 you should get it from the...we submitted it to 8 the front. 9 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: It's probably under 10 Seema's name. 11 MS. CHAUDHRY: Yeah, it's under Seema's 12 name. 13 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Yeah. Thank you. 14 Continue. MS. CHAUDHRY: Okay, so based on this 15 16 analysis, you can see that we looked at owners 17 who received default notices over a six month period of time and identified South Asian 18 19 families. The analysis found that in 2008 over 20 6000 foreclosures were filed in Queens, making 21 the borough the epicenter of the foreclosure 2.2 crisis in New York City. The highest numbers of 23 foreclosures were recorded in the neighborhoods I

just talked about, so that's Jamaica/Briarwood,

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Richmond Hill, and South Ozone Park among others. The findings indicated that in some of the zip codes of Queens South Asians made up as much as 50% of the owners who received default notices. The zip codes where South Asians made up the highest percentage of all owners in default were 11432, which includes Briarwood/Jamaica and Jamaica Estates. That was 53%...and South Ozone Park, which was 50%.

MALE VOICE: We support the creation of South Asian - - district in the - - district maps. While District 24 is a clear and positive step towards recognizing the vibrant South Asian community of Queens, the district is drawn in such a way that it includes a small portion of Richmond Hill. While it is true that these communities both have high concentrations of South Asians, the Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park community should be kept as one district as it functions as one neighborhood...income levels, schools, - - commercial districts and ethnic communities are distinct from the Briarwood and Bellerose.

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With the proposed district lines,

Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park are currently

split in two to three different - -. Richmond

Hill and South Ozone Park should be unified into

one - - community that must be kept together. We

are - - to take a closer look at these

neighborhoods and ensure that South Asian and

Asian American communities are kept together and

not splintered - - newly drawn districts. Thank

you for the opportunity to testify. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

Eli Shapiro [phonetic]. Harvey Gordon
[phonetic]. I am very sorry that you'll be
testifying at number 20. Mr. Gordon is not here,
and Mr. Shapiro's name was called and he is not
here. I apologize, Mr. Fragin, but we need to go
through the list. Robert Friedrich.

ROBERT FRIEDRICH, PRESIDENT - GLEN OAKS

VILLAGE CO-OP/EASTERN QUEENS UNITED: Good

afternoon. My name is Bob Friedrich, and I'm the

President of Glen Oaks Village, which is the

largest - apartment co-op in New York with

10,000 residents, which you have chopped directly

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in half. So the residents on one side of the street are no longer in the same district as the residents on the other side of the street, AD 24. I am also the founder of Eastern Queens United, a coalition of more than a dozen civic associations representing 75,000 residents in Eastern Queens.

Now, Eastern Queens United wants to make it very clear...we are appalled by the new legislative district maps that you have produced for our area in Queens. The proposed legislative district lines tear at the fabric of our communities and our neighborhoods. Rather than seeking to break up our community along ethnic boundaries as others advocated, Eastern Queens United simply sought to maintain the unity of our diversely enriched neighborhoods that have worked together harmoniously on civic issues for years. So when community leaders of all ethnicities from Bellerose, Floral Park, Glen Oaks, New Hyde Park, and Queens Village came together to create Eastern Queens United, we did not identify ourselves as Catholics, Jews, Muslims, Sikhs, Hindus, South Asians, Italians, or Irish...but as

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Americans first seeking to remain united and continue working together as we have in the past. This powerful pro-community message of unity was summarily rejected by LATFOR.

Earlier this year, LATFOR promised to respect communities of interest. It insisted that an independent commission was not necessary to draw lines since LATFOR would draw them free of political considerations. What did you do? All of you? You have treated our civic leaders with contempt, publicly pretending to care about our concerns and then privately going about your business ignoring them. Your broken promises are trumped only by your brazen and breathtaking gerrymandering of our districts. The New York Daily News described your maps as "a mugging of democracy that cannot stand." The shameless gerrymandering of our community has been an insult to the honest efforts and hard work of our civic groups. Eastern Oueens United asked that you respect our desire to remain united in a single legislative district. We provided you with carefully detailed maps, community names,

and census tracks. Instead, you chose to ignore our request in its entirety and then carved up our neighborhoods into unidentifiable blobs on a map. The new legislative lines are an abomination. You have taken the 24th Assembly District and sliced and diced communities haphazardly along a narrow corridor that stretches across Queens. Communities that have a rich history of working together have been disjointed...have been divided into disjointed clumps of territory that no longer share a community board, police precinct, or school district.

These lines were drawn by bureaucrats and rogue politicians with no knowledge and no evidence of concern for our communities. The lines do not follow natural boundaries and were purposely drawn along small residential streets, deliberately dividing neighbors and splitting communities to serve the needs of politicians and political parties. Instead of respecting our request for unity, our neighborhoods have been eviscerated by LATFOR. We have come together

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 stronger than ever to stand up for our rights and

to again ask you to go back to the drawing board and keep the communities of eastern Queens united, a very simple request, a community of 75,000 people that can easily fit in an assembly If you cannot do this, we'll call upon district. the governor to carry out his pledge to veto your gerrymandered lines because at the end of the day voters should choose their representatives. Politicians should not choose their voters.

Thank you so much.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Friedrich, did you submit a written copy of that testimony, your testimony?

MR. FRIEDRICH: Yes, I did. You have a written copy of the testimony. You also have from previous letters that we sent to you, census tracks, names of communities and maps showing the communities of Eastern Oueens United.

> SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. MR. FRIEDRICH: You're very welcome. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Warren Schrieber.

WARREN SCHRIEBER, PRESIDENT - BAY

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TERRACE COMMUNITY ALLIANCE: My name is Warren Schrieber. I'm President of the Bay Terrace Community Alliance, a civic group representing 5000 households in Bay Terrace, Queens. That's not 5000 people; that's 5000 households, which represents a lot of people. It might be more people than you even have in Seneca Falls, Senator, so we are a large community. To my friends, my good friends in the Asian community, I have a message. Let's work together. Let's not fight each other. Let's not...they want to use the tactic of divide and conquer. Let's show them that that's not going to work.

Look at a map, a current map of the 11th
Senate District in New York State and you can't
help but notice it contains what appears to be an
empty hole. It's almost like a puzzle with a
missing piece. That intentionally created gap is
the northeast Queens community of Bay Terrace,
which is currently part of the 16th Senate
District. Why would a community such as Bay
Terrace be excluded from a Senate District?

The $11^{\rm th}$ Senate District was originally

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2 gerrymandered in a manner designed to protect the seat of, be it that time, Republican state 3 4 senator. Bay Terrace with its large Jewish population and many co-ops and condos was not 5 viewed as Republican friendly. It should be 6 7 pointed out that contrary to popular belief, Bay Terrace is a diverse neighborhood with a 8 9 multiplicity of different religions, ethnicities and political leanings. This is not meant to be 10 11 a criticism of the Republicans, who merely 12 followed common practice and did what was 13 politically expedient under similar district 14 configurations. Democrats do the same things. 15 But no matter how you try to package it, it's 16 still discriminatory in nature. Excluding Bay 17 Terrace because of its large Jewish population from being part of the 11th Senate District is 18 19 wrong.

There is simply no way to justify this. Some voters may be surprised to learn that Fort Totten was included as part of the 11th Senate District by using the high water mark in Little Bay. The high water mark in the bay, that's how

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that District was set up. The story gets even more confusing when we look back 10 years ago and find Bay terrace being represented by Senator George Anarato, a Democrat from Astoria. Anarato was a nice, capable gentleman, but invitations for him to visit Bay Terrace always included travel directions. You just can't make this stuff up.

Unfortunately, as we can all see, the current partisan method of setting district lines is entirely self-serving, and only benefits our elected officials. They get to choose their voters when it should be the other way around.

For those of you who are not familiar with Bay Terrace, we are not part of Flushing.

Not that there's anything wrong with Flushing.

Flushing is a wonderful place. Bay terrace is not part of that community, we are part of the community of Bayside, we're part of the fabric of Bayside, and we always have been, and we always will be.

My message to the LATFOR task force is twofold. End discriminatory redistricting

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practices and allow Bay Terrace to take its rightful place in the 11th Senate District and number two, don't steal our votes. And gentlemen, ladies and gentlemen, just in case anybody is wondering, I'm a lifelong Democrat who believes that a strong two-party system is vital to a Democratic form of government. Thank you for your time.

(applause)

CHAIRMAN NOZZIOLO: Thank you very much
Mr. Schrieber. Kenneth Cohen. Good afternoon,
Mr. Cohen.

MR. KENNETH COHEN: Good afternoon,

Committee. My name is Kenneth Cohen, I'm the

Regional Director for the NAACP New York State

Conference, Metropolitan Council. Today I'm here

not to read my testimony, but to give some brief

history of this great organization, which turns

103 on Sunday.

The mission of the NAACP is to ensure the political, educational, and social and economic quality of rights of all persons to eliminate race-based discrimination. To inform

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the public of the adverse effects of racial discrimination, and to seek its elimination. To educate persons as to their constitutional rights, and to take all lawful action to secure the exercise thereof, and to take any other lawful action in furthering these objectives consistent with the NAACP's articles of incorporation, and their constitution.

Today we have a full audience of people from mostly the county of Queens. It is divisive when you pull ethnic groups, religious groups together to fight for just a small parcel of their right when not working together and bring in to create a common cause.

In our 103 years of existence, we have met the challenge for all people, not one group, not one small faction, and we have remained non-partisan. We have fought for the rights of every person in this room, and all the people in this room have benefited from our actions. But yet, we continually come back to these every 10 years to fight for the same thing. And that's the drawing of lines to keeping certain districts

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intact, keeping communities together, not to enfranchise those communities or individuals, not to take away the power of the civic groups or community groups that exist.

The lines that were proposed on February 2nd do just that. We are appalled at those actions, and we figure you guys must have been out for blood as our State Conference President said, because these lines do not do justice for any one real group.

We ask that you redraw these lines or as was said by the Governor, we will go to Albany and demand that he veto these lines. These lines were supposed to be an open choice for all people of like minds and like direction. But in certain communities you have disenfranchised them. You have actually taken people that will probably no longer vote in the same polling sites that they voted for the past 50 years.

You have re-drawn lines where you have drawn people out of communities by a half a block. In fact, in one community in our district, in Northeast Queens, you have drawn the

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only African-American elected statewide out of the picture by a half a block. Now if that's not coincidence, then I call it racism. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much, Mr. Cohen. Michael Fragin. Thank you very much.

MR. MICHAEL FRAGIN: Thank you.

Senator, and as I mentioned before, Mr. Harvey
Gordon was here earlier, he got pulled away by a
family emergence, so I can have him actually sign
a testimony if you want, and re-submit it, but I
am going to testify on his behalf. Thank you,
and I mention we, even though it's an I.

CHAIRMAN NOZZOLIO: I'd like the conversation in the middle of the room to stop.

Two gentlemen that are standing, please feel free to talk outside. Not here. Please provide--I know this is a long process--respect those who are speaking. And we are going to insist on order. Thank you very much. Please continue.

MR. FRAGIN: Thank you, Senator. As I said, I'll mention the we, even though my colleague is not here. We would like to begin by thanking the committee and the esteemed Chairman,

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Senator Nozzolio, and Assemblyman McEneny for coming to Queens County today for this hearing. Reapportionment is clearly a difficult and complex undertaking, and we are sure that you're relieved that the next iteration is not due for another decade.

My Name is Michael Fragin, I'm a board member of two important Far Rockaway institutions, Yeshiva Darchei Tora, and Achiezer Community Resource Center. I am joined here today by Harvey Gordon, who's served for more than a decade as Executive Director in the Jewish Community Council of the Rockaway Peninsula, and is now Director of the Safety and Security at Yeshiva Darchei Tora. Harvey also currently serves as a member of Community Board 14, that represents all of the communities under a single banner, and is on the board of the Adabo Family Health Center.

Darchei Tora is a comprehensive educational campus that today educates more than 1,800 boys and men, and is the third largest employer in the Rockaways. Since time is short,

let us get directly to the point. For the past decade, our neighborhood and the entire Rockaway Peninsula has been ably represented by Senator Malcolm Smith of the 14th Senate District. The current LATFOR New York State Senate maps would move our community to the Southwest Queens district of Senator Huntley, the 10th Senate District.

This would sever our neighborhood from the western part of the Rockaways. Our current, and apparently future assembly district 23, includes Breezy Point, Bell Harbor, and other areas at the other end of the Rockaway Peninsula. As well as Ozone Park, Broad Channel, and Howard Beach. With the exception of Far Rockaway, all of these other communities have been consolidated into the new Senate District 15. We believe that creating this type of overlap between the Senate and Assembly districts is ideal.

The Far Rockaway community has interests and concerns that are not necessarily felt by the mainland southeast Queens communities that dominate the 10th Senate District. We are a

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coastal community with a beautiful beach and boardwalk. We have significant challenges of long commuting times, lack of transportation infrastructure, as well as concerns of overdevelopment. This summer, Hurricane Irene raised concerns very specific to those living on the Peninsula.

A very recent example of a Rockaway issues was the proposal to end the Cross Bay Bridge toll for Rockaway residents. It is an issue that unites neighborhoods to the west of us, but not those to the north on the mainland. Those common interests that have been enhanced by our shared representation in the State Assembly would not carry over to our senate representation under the current proposal.

Our neighborhood at the far southeast edge of New York City is often forgotten in terms of government resources in response to our concerns. If we are subsumed with a mainland-dominated Senate District, our unique issues may not be addressed as needed.

We, as long-time activists in our

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neighborhood, respectfully ask the task force to take another look, and urge you to unite Far Rockaway with the other coastal communities in the proposed Senate District 15. Thank you for providing us with this opportunity to speak today, and we hope that you will be responsive to the concerns of our Far Rockaway community. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. Steven Choi. Steven Choi.

MR. STEVEN CHOI: Good afternoon, my name is Steven Choi, and I'm the Executive Director of the Minkwon Center for Community action. On behalf of the Minkwon Center and the communities that we work with, I'm here to comment on the proposed State Senate and State Assembly Districts that this task force has offered, specifically for those districts that cover the areas in the greater Flushing area in which we are based.

As a proud member of ACCORD, the Asian-American Community Coalition on Districting and Democracy, Minkwon Center has been active on this

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redistricting issue, because we believe that fair and equitable redistricting is absolutely critical to our goal of increasing civic engagement of our communities.

These community's voters have historically been disempowered and disenfranchised by complicated procedures, the lack of translator materials, and simple intimidation and sheer harassment. The Minkwon Center has sought to empower our communities by registering new voters and education them about the process, mobilizing them to vote and then protecting them at the polls. I want to emphasize that the goal of our efforts is completely non-partisan.

We do not support or endorse any politicians or parties. Nor is our goal to elect an Asian-American or Korean-American candidate. We do not believe that there is any correlation between the race of an elected official and the ability to represent his or her constituents. Instead, our goal is to help empower our communities that we work with.

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And if districts are drawn properly in ways that respect natural communities of interest, and that uphold the voting rights act, then we are rewarded with competitive elections, politicians who are accountable to their communities, and the protection of disenfranchised minorities.

These are the principles that underlie our advocacy efforts on redistricting. My comments today will relate specifically to the Flushing and Bayside areas where many of our community members reside. In my September testimony, I stated that Flushing and Bayside are not only clear communities of interest, they're also closely linked, not only be geography, but also by close cultural, familial, and economic ties.

For example, the border between District

16 and District 11 cuts the aforementioned

Northern Boulevard Quarter almost exactly in half

instead of keeping this area whole. The proposed

Asian Area District, District 16 also contains an

unmistakable and unfortunate gerrymander to

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include Bay Terrace. The gerrymander makes no sense.

And more importantly it runs afoul of the principles we are fighting for. And we believe that this Task Force can revisit these District lines in a way that more closely respects the Communities of Interest in Flushing and Bayside that we have outlined.

And on the Assembly side we applaud the creation of Proposed Assembly District 25 which is a clear improvement on the existing District.

And we also approve of Assembly District 40 which preserves the older District 22, a District of historic import for the Asian American community.

I close by again referring to the Unity
Maps developed through a painstaking process by
Latino, Black, Asian American, and community
advocates. We are proud to have participated in
their creation. And we believe that these Unity
Maps truly reflect our principles of equality and
fairness in keeping Communities of Interest
whole.

The Minkwon Center for Community Action

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will continue to advocate so that the Korean

American, Asian American, and marginalized

communities are heard and that our political

rights are protected. We are committed to making

sure that this re-districting process helps

strengthen democracy and not undermine it. Thank

you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOHN J. MCENENY,

CO-CHAIR, NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE

ON DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT:

Thank you.

SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO, CO-CHAIR,

NEW YORK STATE LEGISLATIVE TASK FOR ON

DEMOGRAPHIC RESEARCH AND REAPPORTIONMENT: Thank

you very much. Duk Sun Chang. Good afternoon.

DUK SUN CHANG, OWNER, DUK CHANG GEMSTONE
CUTTER: Good afternoon. My name is Duk Sun
Chang. Since immigrating to the United States
from Korea in the 1980s, I have been - - and a
proud New Yorker. I have lived Flushing since
2002. And I bought a home in Flushing in 2004.
I am here today to voice my concerns on the Maps
as a Korean American community member and as a

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As you well know, most Korean American

New Yorkers who live in the Northeast Queens and
in the Korean American community, I have worked
hard in this country to give my children a better
life. I have done this by running a small
business, buying a home, and sending my kids to
good schools.

And today I am here to exercise my civic rights and demand that my community's voice be presented in these Maps. Korean Americans should have a voice in the Queens political landscape. But for many years our community's political power has been diluted by these district lines.

On the Assembly level, I am glad to see progress and some improvement. In the ten years that I have lived in Flushing, I have seen the Chinese, Korean, and South Asian population grow and it is great to see this reflected by the addition of another Asian Majority District to the one that we had before. The same goes for the Asian Majority District 16 in the Senate. However on the whole the Senate Maps do not make

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 sense for Flushing.

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In the Whole Maps I was considered and registered over in District 11. In the Proposed Maps, I live in District 16. This order between District 11 and District 16 is dividing the heart of Flushing in half. The way that the Maps are now I will be the same District as people all the way up in Bay Terrace and cut off from my neighbors here in Flushing.

Bay Terrace and Flushing are very different neighborhoods. I have seen the Common Cause and Unity Maps and I support either of these Maps as they keep my community whole.

Thank you for your time.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much, Council Member Robert Jackson.

NEW YORK CITY COUNCIL MEMBER ROBERT

JACKSON: Good afternoon Task Force. How are

you? It is pretty hot in here and pretty

crowded. But let me take this opportunity to

thank you for what you are doing in order to try

to bring appropriate representation throughout

our great city and our great state.

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My name is Robert Jackson and I represent the 7th Councilmanic District in Manhattan consisting geographical areas of Harlem,
Washington Heights, and Inwood. And I apologize that I did not testify in Manhattan. But as a Chair of the Education Committee, I was chairing a committee meeting from 10:00 a.m. until about 3:30 p.m. that afternoon which the Senate voted on recently allowing churches to use the schools in off-hours.

Besides chairing the Education Committee,
I also served as a Co-Chair of the New York City
Council's Black, Latino, and Asian Caucus. There
are 27 members of the Caucus. Every member that
is Black, Latino, or Asian is a member of the New
York City's Black, Latino, and Asian Caucus.

And this is the second time that I am submitting testimony to this Body. And once again I urge you to please consider the growing population and participation of different minority ethnic groups in our city when submitting your recommendations for truly fair and equitable joining of Congressional Lines.

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As contributing members of our great
City, these groups deserve equitable
representation in government that is both logical
and precisely supportive of their goals,
interests, values, cultures, and socioeconomic
needs from representation on the local school
boards to the White House and of course,
everything in between.

An unjust approach to rejoin the Lines would splinter off communities that are otherwise fused by shared businesses, civic, cultural, and religious institutions as well as important resources including transportation, healthcare, and education. Rejoining the Lines to keep such communities lined together could easily be created without negatively impacting other communities or violating any principles of fair apportionment.

Within each community throughout the city is a vibrancy civic historical cultural richness of many diverse groups that deserve to be preserved through political empowerment.

Rejoining Congressional Lines without

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understanding the many contributions brought forth by the influence of minority and ethnic groups will have a lasting and possible detrimental impact on future generations to come.

For example, in the area that I live in and that I represent, Northern Manhattan including Washington Heights and Inwood,

Dominicans have been a longstanding and integral part of our neighborhood. The increase of not for profit serving this particular population and Dominican-owned small business together with representational community boards, school parents association, and the like are testaments of the civic power and potential.

And I looked at someone's testimony earlier about the elected officials at the local level as far as City Council, State Assembly, and State Senate it clearly reflects that. And that also if you look at, over the last decade due to the pricing out residents in Northern Manhattan because of the high rents, many Dominicans and others have moved over to the Bronx. And thus also the Dominican American population in Corona,

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Jackson Heights, and Queens has also been flourishing and continues to have strong socioeconomic ties to their counterparts in the two boroughs of the Bronx and Manhattan. And thus, I ask you to consider fusing that together to have a strong Latino representation in Congress.

Another example is the vibrant ethnic group earning the preservation of its voting power is the African American community. Historically, the 15th Congressional District which I live in which includes at the heart of it Harlem and stretches into Northern Manhattan and parts of the upper Westside. Understanding the historical aspects of that particular District, which has been represented by, then Adam Clayton Powel, Jr., the first African American to be on a Congressional Committee, and then of course our current Congress Member, Charles Rangel who is the only African American, as a Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, I ask you to look at that in order to preserve the legacy and preserve the heart of this particular Congressional

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 District. And it has been talked about by me and 3 4 previous submissions and also by others, NAACP 5 and others elected as far as moving that District into the Bronx and up in Westchester County in 6 7 order to maintain that type of unity within the 15th Congressional District. And also to be 8 9 supportive of overall the type of diversity that 10 we want to see in our great city. 11 And obviously last but not least, Mr. 12 Chair and Members of the Panel, the Asian 13 community and some people do not know when I tell 14 them --FEMALE VOICE [1]: [Interposing] Five 15 16 minutes. 17 COUNCILMAN JACKSON: I am sorry. I will 18 wrap up, just give me one minute if you do not 19 mind. 20 FEMALE VOICE [1]: Okay. 21 COUNCILMAN JACKSON: I appreciate it very 2.2 The Asian Community--many of you do not 23 know that my dad was Chinese. People look at me 24 and say what you do not look Chinese. Well, my

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 dad was Chinese and I am part Asian also. 3 And looking at the growing Asian 4 population in New York City especially in the 5 downtown area and the Queens area, I ask you to look at that as far as empowering from an 6 7 electoral point of view a Congressional seat for the Asian Community. 8 9 Panel Members, I thank you for the opportunity to testify in front of you. And I 10 11 look forward to your deliberations. And 12 hopefully they will be inclusive of all of the communities of our great city. Thank you very 13 14 much. 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Thank you. 16 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you Councilman. 17 Angela Augugliaro. ANGELA AUGUGLIARO, PRESIDENT, QUEENS 18 19 COLONY CIVIC ASSOCIATION: Good afternoon Panel 20 Members. My name is Angela Augugliaro. I am 21 here today as the President of the Oueens Colony 2.2 Civic Association in Bellerose, Queens. 23 On January 27, 2012, the new Assembly and 24 Senatorial Lines were release to the public to

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see. I was especially shocked and outraged when
I saw what has been proposed for the 24th
Assembly District. The new Maps are horrendous
and are gerrymandered to break up our communities
rather than to comply with our request to be
united.

The Members of LATFOR have totally rejected Eastern Queens United's Pro-Community Message of Unity. The civic associations and other organizations that make up Eastern Queens United have worked together for many years on issues of major concern that affect the quality of life of our members and share a commonality of interests and issues.

Rallies were held and we have met with elected officials in an effort to impress upon them a desire to remain united within a single Assembly and Senatorial Legislative District.

Our platform stated that we did not wish to divide district lines along racial, ethnic, or religious boundaries.

Eastern Queens United has asked that our communities that are civic minded and ethnically

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diverse be respected and that we be united into one Assembly District during the redistricting process. Currently we are divided in to three Assembly Districts, which leaves us on the outskirts of all three and results in poor Assembly representation for us and our causes.

The members of Eastern Queens United provided LATFOR with detailed maps, names of communities, and census tracks that desired to remain together in single Assembly District.

Instead of considering and granting Eastern Queens United's request, LATFOR ignored it entirely and carved up a dozen or so civic associations of Eastern Queens in way that will continue to dramatically neutralize their ability to be heard as one voice and work together on quality of life issues.

On an aside, Queens Village which is part of Eastern Queens United and the 11th Senatorial District has been cut in half. And some of the streets—literally the District goes up one side of the street and comes down the other for several streets. The new 24th Assembly District

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breaks apart many communities that have a long history of working together for the betterment of their areas. And unbelievably runs along the entire length of Queens covering neighborhoods that are many different community boards, police precincts, and school districts.

It is felt that the members of LATFOR did this to benefit elected officials rather than the voting public. Eastern Queens United is strenuously opposed to this destructive attempt by LATFOR to obliterate and/or neutralize the voting power of residents in our communities.

We would very much like to have this
District modified to reflect our request for
unity. We have collected many letters in our
position to this proposal that are being sent to
the Governor that are also being given to you
today. Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

Senator Toby Stavisky. Good afternoon Senator.

NEW YORK STATE SENATE MEMBER TOBY

STAVISKY: Thank you. Good afternoon. It is

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good to see you all again. We spent some time together this morning in the - -

A couple of weeks ago I saw this ad in the New York Times. It says become involved, help us draw the lines. It was ad in the New York Times and I am here gentlemen to help you draw the lines, because they have to be better

than the lines that you have started out with.

You have copies of my statement, but let me skim through it very briefly and say that I have always been a supporter of fair and independent redistricting. We need fair Districts not more Districts. I supported and co-sponsored legislation promoting independent redistricting. I also signed former Mayor Ed Koch and New York Uprising's Fair Independent Redistricting. And my position is simple.

Legislative Districts should be continuous, compact, and represent a community of interests, and enhance minority voting. In short, voters should choose their representatives not the other way around. To do otherwise is not only unfair to our constituents, but also an

assault on our Constitution the foundation of our democracy.

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My current District, the 16th Senate

District is a prime example of what not to do.

It is reminiscent of a raw shock inkblot test

with shape that defies easy description. And

your new lines are not any better. My current

District begins as the Astoria Power Plant on the

East River and meanders in a wobbly X-shape

through Central Queens. And it's Eastern most

edge is a section of the Cross-Island Parkway

very close to Nassau County.

It can be complicated to balance the needs and concerns of the current residents of Flushing and those of new arrivals or needs of the Orthodox Jewish Community in Q Garden Hills with those of more secular Jews in Whitestone or to craft legislation that benefits the District as a whole. I would like to see more compact and continuous Districts so that I am not representing a slice of Elmhurst, a snippet of Whitestone, and smidge of Bayside.

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Fair Districts would keep neighborhoods

together instead of slicing them up. Under the

current proposal, the neighborhood of Flushing is

split in to two separate Senate Districts, and

Forest Hills in to three Districts. Slicing and

dicing Districts this way makes it overly

confusing and complicated for constituents to

figure out whom their representative is.

There are many reasons to push for redistricting and independent redistrict in New York and the chief among them is fairness and equality in representation. It is the right thing to do, and we cannot wait ten years for fairness and equality. I strongly believe that voters should be easily able to understand where their Districts begin and where they end; that neighborhoods should be treated with integrity in drawing these lines; and that new communities be recognized for their voices.

My voting record on the issue is clear and speaks for itself. So I have summarized my testimony. And I am not going to read the whole thing, but I do thank you. And I certainly thank

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the people in the room for coming, for expressing their concerns. This is not something where we are going to sit idly by and have another fiasco. It is time to pay attention to the Notice that you put in the paper.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you Senator.

Jerry Wind. Good afternoon.

JERRY WIND, PRESIDENT, BELLEROSE HILLSIDE
CIVIC ASSOCIATION: Good evening. My name is
Jerry Wind and I am President of the Bellerose
Hillside Civic Association. I along with my
neighboring civic associations have worked
together for many years to better our community.
We have common interests and problems. We speak
with a common voice. We attend each other's
civic meetings.

We joined Eastern Queens United because we do not want our areas sliced and diced between several elected officials as has been done in the past. The officials who only have a small part of our area tend to ignore us. The preliminary Maps that were recently released are a disgrace, and appear to be politically—

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SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] There is a murmur of constant conversation in the back of the room. Please take those conversations out into the hall. I am sorry Mr. Wind, please proceed.

MR. WIND: That is quite all right. The preliminary Maps that were recently released are a disgrace, and appear to be politically motivated rather than following the mandate of the community. I suggest strongly that LATFOR literally go back to the drawing board and listen to the people and not to political interests. Thank you for your time.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. Darrel Sudkheo. Good evening.

DARREL SUDKHEO, VOLUNTEER AND COMMUNITY

ACTIVIST, INDO-CARIBBEAN ALLIANCE: Good

afternoon to you all. I am Darrel Sudkheo. I

have lived in Richmond Hill for the past 15

years, in fact more than 15 years. I was part of
the last Task Force during the 2000 Census that
advocated for new district lines. Nothing was
done.

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I have been a community organizer and advocator since 1998 and have worked long and hard to bring out the vote, build connections of associations, and help foster the tremendous growth and civic participation that now exists in South Koreans particularly in Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, and South Ozone Park.

I am here today to advocate for one
District for Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, and South
Ozone Park. The current Lines on the proposed
Maps do not do that.

I have been a community activist for more than 12 years and I represent several local organizations, including the -- Cultural Center, the Indo-Caribbean Alliance, the Richmond Hill Economic Development Corporation, Taking Our Seat, Aqueduct Free Market Vendors Association, the Hindu Festivals Committee, the Progressive Hindu Movement, the City Coalition, Grow Richmond Hill, the American Cancer Society as well as several citywide agencies that represent our community; including from whom you have heard,

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	the Asian American and Asian Research and See
3	Truth of the City University of New York, from
4	whom you have also heard; Saki for South Asian
5	Women, Families for Freedom, South Asian Youth
6	Action.
7	And by a conservative estimate, all of
8	these organizations have served more than 13,000
9	residents of these three communities; Richmond
10	Hill, Ozone Park, and South Ozone Park. We also
11	reached 60,000 people.
12	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Are you referring to
13	Senate or Assembly just for the record?
14	MR. SUDKHEO: Both.
15	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Both.
16	MR. SUDKHEO: Yes.
17	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you.
18	MR. SUDKHEO: Our proposed district
19	lines, which you have received from Taking Our
20	Seat by the way, just a point of notice Rachana
21	Shah from Taking Our Seat was in an accident.
22	You called her name earlier. I hope you will
23	give her an opportunity to speak when she does
24	get here. She is still going to try to get here.

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SENATOR NOZZOLIO: With anybody that we have missed, we go over the list before we leave.

MR. SUDKHEO: Our proposed district lines as outlined by Taking Our Seat is much more equitable and includes more than 30 gerrymanders, more than a dozen Mosques and at least 6 - - .

As immigrants with first generation children, we need new representation because the existing politicians do not help these communities. An examination of the discretionary funds of these representatives shows that no allocations have been made to the South Asian community within the proposed Districts of Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, and South Ozone Park.

Our proposed neighborhoods have significant common characteristics. This neighborhood is home to a large South Asian population, including the Indo-Caribbean community, Bengali's, Bangladeshi's, and many other South Asians with a strong identity which are currently disenfranchised.

We are a significant part of the fabric

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of America. President Bill Clinton said and I quote, "The most important family policy, urban policy, labor policy, minority policy, and foreign policy to America, is to have and to ensure representation by all peoples." Currently the proposed Maps do not afford that for all peoples.

I am here today to ask you to help us to move toward more fair representation for South Asians and all immigrants here in New York City. We are vital part of the economic engine of New York State. We pay more taxes; spend more money; and certainly need more resources than the average numbers for all of New York State. Please look closely at your proposed district lines and make these adjustments so that we can contribute further to New York State with one district encompassing Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, and South Ozone Park. Thank you for your time.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Norman Silverman.

Good evening.

NORMAN SILVERMAN, BAYSWATER CIVIC

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ASSOCIATION: I am Norman Silverman. I am the former Secretary of the Ore Rockaway Planning
Council and that is the position in which I feel is most closely related to the issue which I would raise today. I am currently a Board Member of Bayswater Civic Association, Good Government, the Regular Democratic Club. I served as Political Action Chair of the Far Rockaway NAACP and the Democratic State Committeemen.

I will address myself of course to all of our elected officials who are up here, but just to see the people in the room; is there anyone from the Rockaway portion of the new 31st

Assembly District who is here? If I see any hands, I will be so proud. As I look around— is there?

MALE VOICE 1: He is here.

FEMALE VOICE 2: I am here.

MR. SILVERMAN: Okay. I will be happy to meet with you later. Yes I am going to say something about that that they way in which this District was drawn, we have taken all of the public housing developments and other

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developments with similar demographic features and put them into one district and adjacent areas in which higher income and educational levels are separated in these areas.

I do not believe that this is an issue which is often raised in forums like this. And I understand very well and I have worked on the efforts to increase minority representation. I never heard of anyone advocating having areas of poverty and areas in which the people, if they are successful in their educational and employment and rise with income, are forced to move out. And you leave the remaining people as a legislative district.

Most of the people in the district would not be aware that this is going on. They probably are not aware of the subject of reapportionment and anything like this. A community works best when the whole community works together. I mentioned an Ore Rockaway Planning Council when in the past we had brought together the people from different parts of the community; people who have different abilities,

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different backgrounds, and work to solve the problems of all of them.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Oh, okay.

MR. SILVERMAN: The situation now where groups would be divided puts people out of mind. People who have the ability to work with others find themselves in a different milieu, in different political clubs.

Everyone on the dais obviously knows that

New York State political clubs are organized by

Assembly District and if you are in a different

Assembly District, you may not be welcome; you

cannot even sign a petition in somebody else's

Assembly District even if that district is the

one that is closest to you and is trying to work

on your issues, so people tend to be drawn apart.

I believe America works best when people are brought together, not separated. And lines that have been drawn not only separate people by race, but you are separating those who are successful. I will give examples without using the names; a Councilman in the District who would have been in the 31st bought a home and moved in

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to what is now the 23rd. A Congressman who lived in what would be the new 31st moved to someplace on mainland of Queens and it is a controversial issue on the home, but he is no longer within the area that you are making for the 31st Assembly District in Rockaway.

There is a place, what we call the Mainland there, which I believe is South Ozone Park or Rosedale in that area, but those areas do not interact with those in Rockaway. At the very best they would only be supporting the same candidate but do not work together. And it would be very hard to get them together, people do not travel across, go through Nassau County, and come around to that area.

Much has been written on the subject of separation of economic and ethnic groups in America. It poses a situation where you are drawing people apart. I believe that everything that we do should bring people in; bring them together so that they can work together and benefit from those around them. And I would say in this area, I would--

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	FEMALE VOICE 1: [Interposing]
3	Mr. Silverman?
4	MR. SILVERMAN: Have very few people with
5	professional backgrounds; lawyers, architects,
6	engineers, accountants. How will we get the
7	organization necessary to do
8	FEMALE VOICE 1: Mr. Silverman, you have
9	exceeded your five minutes, please sum up.
10	MR. SILVERMAN: Okay.
11	FEMALE VOICE 1: Thank you.
12	MR. SILVERMAN: At this point, I will
13	hope find, I appreciate your attention and I
14	realize that I have raised a little different
15	than is usually mentioned here. I hope that you
16	can find a way to improve this situation. If
17	there is no improvement, I will hope that the
18	Governor sticks to his word and details the
19	entire plan and we start over, which others which
20	I see here I have not studied
21	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] Okay.
22	MR. SILVERMAN: That I see are available.
23	FEMALE VOICE 1: Thank you.
24	MR STIVERMAN: I appreciate your time -

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SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you Mr. Silverman. Steven Greenberg.

MR. STEVEN GREENBERG: Thank you gentlemen, and thank you for your hard efforts here. I know that this is not a fun thing to have to go through. My name is Steve Greenberg. I represent the 28,037 shareholders of Breezy Point Cooperative, a private cooperative community on the far west end of the Rockaway's. I am a past Chairman of the Board of that organization.

I also served as a Member of the

Community District 27 School Board for 13 years

of which I was President for five years. That

community encompasses the Rockaway's, Broad

Channel, Howard Beach, Ozone Park, South Ozone

Park, Woodhaven, and Richmond Hill, and I may

have missed a town, I do not know.

And most recently I served on Mayor

Bloomberg's Task Force for the Rockaway's. I

tried to put together a list of things that

Rockaway needed as to-- previous people have said

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that Rockaway is a disenfranchised place, and I think that we have made some progress with the Mayor on some of these issues.

Frankly, we are now served in Senatorial District 14. Malcolm Smith is a wonderful man. He has served us very well. But the fact of the matter is if I were today advocating Rockaway, I think that Rockaway should be one district for all, there should be one district for every branch. But the fact of the matter is our Assembly, our Council, our Congressional Seat; Rockaway is split in half. There are two Congressmen, two Assembly people, and two--

FEMALE VOICE 1: Senators.

MR. GREENBERG: Congressmen represented—SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Greenberg will you stop for a brief interruption please, not on your time. There is a lot of noise that is filtering out here that is distracting the Speaker. I think if that continues, we will have to shut the doors [background noise] [crosstalk]. Thank you, Mr. Greenberg.

MR. GREENBERG: Thank you. What I am

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 asking here tonight is that the people of Breezy Point are happy; that you have included us in 3 4 District 15. And that we feel that we are 5 represented, that you will give us equal representation with the people in the Mainland as 6 7 far as our, once again, our Congressman, our Councilman, and our Assembly people are 8 9 concerned. Once again, I advocate that Rockaway be 10 11 But if Rockaway is not, it is best for our one. 12 community that we be part of District 14-- number Thank you very much. 13 15. 14 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you. 16 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Marie Torniali. 17 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: He does not look like Marie Torniali. 18 19 FEMALE VOICE 1: Are you Marie? 20 GEORGE STAMATIADIS, STEINWAY ASTORIA 21 PARTNERSHIP: No I am not. Hi I am not Marie 2.2 My name is George Stamatiadis. Torniali. is the Executive Director of Central Astoria 23 24 Local Development Coalition. I am the President;

she had to get back to the office so she asked me to step in for her.

You have heard about 35 different reasons why this plan is not good for the Borough of Queens. So I am not really going to make it 36.

I will go 36 1/2.

Astoria Long Island City is one community. We work together. We play together. We eat together. We fight together. And when we are done fighting, we kiss and make up together. And that is what makes Astoria great, being one community, not two as the proposed lines are now attempting to do.

We are one community. We were one community when we fought the State takeover of Rikers Island. We were one community when we fought the power plants burning coal, which affected the entire City of New York. We fought for the City of New York. We were one community when we fought the expansion of LaGuardia Airport that would have brought havoc onto the community. We are one community every single day.

There is one thing for sure about this

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	plan; if you look on the map very carefully, what
3	is being done, if you look at it real carefully,
4	you are going to see it is in the shape of an F.
5	Just look at it. It is an F. Any grammar school
6	principal would have given
7	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Senate or Assembly?
8	MR. STAMATIADIS: Senate.
9	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Okay.
10	MR. STAMATIADIS: I am sorry it is
11	District 12. It is the shape of an F. Any
12	grammar school principal would have given this
13	course an F, and you guys did it.
14	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you.
15	MR. STAMATIADIS: Thank you very much.
16	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you [background
17	noise] [crosstalk]. Debra Markel-Klinert
18	[phonetic] [background noise] [crosstalk].
19	Assembly Woman Samotis [phonetic] is here?
20	FEMALE VOICE 1: I do not know who she
21	is.
22	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Oh, okay. She is not
23	back from Albany yet. Matthew Silverstein.
24	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Okay, now we are

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 talking Turkey here.

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SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Okay. Mustafa El Sheik [phonetic] [background noise]. Richard Thuzami [background noise] [crosstalk].

FEMALE VOICE 1: It is number 37.

RICHARD THUZAMI, MEMBER, QUEENS GENERAL ASSEMBLY: Yes, Panel my name is Richard Thuzami and I am a Member of Helen Marshall's, Alumni Member, of her General Assembly, which was an organization put together to foster good relations and communications between different ethnic groups in Queens. But today I am actually speaking to you more as a resident of Astoria and specifically the districting that you have put together.

It is important that you understand that the Astoria community is best served by keeping Astoria whole and contained in one district so that its community members can be represented by someone who understands what the various groups need and how to serve them. Splitting the community apart would weaken Astoria's community's voice in government and form being

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served fairly and with the community's best interest at heart.

Separating the community in to two different districts would also hurt the harmonious relationships currently existing between the various ethnic, racial, and religious groups that live in Astoria by separating them in to different districts with different groups that have no real relationship with each other. These groups also have different interests and are served differently by their representatives.

In recent history, if ever, Astoria has never been split in to two districts. Astoria and Long Island City, as was stated before, is an entity onto itself with a common shoreline; with a common mentality, and is also known as one of the most vibrant areas in New York City.

Astoria is a community of interest also with an extremely large Eastern Mediterranean,

Muslim, and immigrant population that should be kept whole. Splitting these communities apart would hurt residents whose needs would not be fulfilled by someone who represents other

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communities. And also Astoria has been a well defined community. Splitting it apart would hurt individuals and business here.

My thoughts are that gerrymandering to keep incumbency I think leads to a legislative gridlock that we find throughout the country today in the National government also. When you do not have to worry about re-election, your priority becomes a special interest. You are not accountable to the people. And also the possibility of corruption increases many times.

To this end Senator Gianaris, our

Senator, has been a strong critic of energy
providers. He has been a strong advocate for
green and safe energy. And your new plan is
removing all these plants from his District. I
do not know what the motive behind this is, but I
do not like the implications that it creates.

You know Astoria has over 60% of the energy
provided in New York City; it is in plants in
Astoria.

Now also historically, separating cultures and different ethnic groups politically

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has long been a means of disenfranchising people.

And not only is their political influence reduced, they spend most of their time and energy competing with each other and with other local groups instead with those who hold the real political power.

In history, this is a favorite tactic with the British in the Middle East creating artificial countries such as Iraq to pit different ethnic and religious groups against each other. The results have been a catastrophe for both America and the whole world. This mentality must end. Our common interests must again be our priority. Keep the integrity of our communities. This is our strength.

The Governor must veto any lines drawn through this Panel's process since it is absolutely unfair and only serves as centering the Republican's interests over the interests of the people in this community and of New York State. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Joseph Lynch.

MR. JOSEPH LYNCH: Good evening. My name

is Joseph Lynch and I have resided in the Rockaway community for over 50 years. Rockaway is indeed a close knit community of hardworking middleclass families who have always supported the City and the State when called upon financially, economically, or in any other way. We also pay our fair equity share of taxes.

I currently serve on the Board of
Directors and I am also the Chairman of the
Breezy Point Cooperative, the largest cooperative
of single family residential homes in the City
and the State. Our cooperative is nested on the
extreme western tip of the Rockaway Peninsula.

It consists of 2,837 paying middleclass families. This includes families from the People's Association of Roxbury, the Rockaway Point Association, and the Point Breeze Association.

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Our community has a very historically positive record on voter turnout in past elections. I speak tonight on behalf of myself and our cooperative.

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Two quick points, I feel strongly that a district should be comprised of neighborhoods that include common agendas and uniformity of issues and values. It seems only equitable to me that our community be included in district lines with other Queens areas with similar goals and objectives.

The goal of redistricting must always be the better representation of the citizens and the individual communities have all be included in the changes. Redistricting must not be based on a political agenda or politics but must prioritize what is best for the individually involved communities and the citizen base.

I know that it takes a lot of effort to come up with a fair, equitable and effective redistricting plan. I commend and wanted to thank for the proposed draft of redistricting State Senate District 15, which in my opinion meets those three objectives. The plan also appears to prioritize the needs of the involved communities, which to me should be the only real objective of any plan.

The grouping of homogeneous and similar communities in a district is only logical. It is also positive in the representation process. It makes only common sense to include Breezy Point and the Rockaway community with other inland sections of Queens such as Middle Village and Glendale with similar beliefs in a redistricting plan or realignment. The people and citizen base of these four communities reflect a commonality that should be the goal of any redistricting plan.

The four communities represent middleclass families with a historical, documented work ethic; real involved in their communities; pride in their country; similar ethnic and religious beliefs; and an ongoing commitment to the protection of their families' homes and neighborhoods.

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Many City workers, firefighters, police in cities as they are in Breezy Point are the true backbone of these communities. I have never really understood how the past Senate District

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 evolved nor how it could be perceived to be real 3 positive for the residents of Breezy Point. 4 To include a shoreline community in a 5 district with other inland communities with very little if any similar homogeneous traits appears 6 7 counterproductive to our interests and is also smacking of politics. 8 9 I believe that the new updated district that we have recommended, especially the 10 11 commonalities of the communities will be an 12 improved district and positive for the residents 13 of Breezy Point. I thank you for your impartial 14 and equitable efforts in this regard. And I 15 strongly encourage you to keep Breezy Point in 16 District 15. I appreciate the opportunity to 17 talk to you tonight. 18 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you Mr. Lynch. 19 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you. 20 21 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Carol Sarano. Good 2.2 evening. 23 CAROL SARANO, DISTRICT LEADER, ASSEMBLY 24 DISTRICT PART B: Good evening. My name is

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Carolyn Sarano and I am the female lead in the 36th Assembly District and the 12th Senatorial District and I have lived in this vicinity all of my life. I was born and raised there. I am strongly opposed to the proposed Senate lines for District 12.

Astoria is a multicultural community and it consists of a large Greek, Muslim, and immigrant population. Astoria has always been a community of harmony between various ethnic, religious, and racial groups.

Splitting this community apart is not in the best interests of the individuals residing within the district. It would weaken the Astoria community's voice in government and keep the voters from being served fairly. This must community must be represented by a legislator who understands the needs of the various groups living within this district and how best to serve them.

Astoria has always been a well defined community and splitting it apart is not in the best interests of the businesses or the people

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residing within this district. Once again, I would like to voice my strong opposition to the lines proposed to this district. Thank you very much.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: George Malandrakis.

Good evening.

GEORGE MALANDRAKIS, DIRECTOR OF
DEPENDENCY PROGRAM, HANAC: Good evening. Good
evening Panel and everyone in the room. My name
is George Malandrakis. I reside in Astoria. I
am very grateful to share that I also work with
Hanac, a community group located in Astoria for
the last 23 years. I am born and raised in
Astoria. I live in a district that seems to be
looked at to be changed. I live in the upper
Ditmars area.

I have submitted testimony also from our Executive Director who is not here today, his written testimony. I was told not to read it, but just to give my testimony today in how uncomfortable I am knowing that this is a change that could happen to me and my neighborhood.

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To begin in recent history, if ever,
Astoria has always been a well defined community
and splitting it apart would hurt individuals and
businesses here. The Astoria community is best
served by keeping Astoria whole and contained in
one district so that its community members can be
represented by someone who understands what the
various groups here need and how to best serve
them.

I am hopeful that the Governor will veto any lines drawn through this Panel's process since it is absolutely unfair and only serves your political interests over the interests of the people of this community. Splitting the community apart would weaken our voice in government and all of us from being served fairly.

Separating the community in to two different districts would also hurt the harmonious relationships currently existing between the various groups living in Astoria. By separating some groups in to a different district with different groups that have no real

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 relationship with each other would undermine the 3 concept of communities of interest. 4 This is a community with an extremely 5 large Greek, Muslim, and immigrant population. As such, it is a community of interest and should 6 7 be kept whole. Splitting the community apart would hurt the residents here whose needs would 8 9 not be fulfilled by someone who represents different communities of interest. 10 11 I live in upper Ditmars and would like to 12 see the lines stay where they are. Do not change 13 something that works. Thank you. 14 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you very 15 much. 16 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. Joseph 17 Connelly [phonetic]. Joseph Connelly. Patricia 18 Babbar [phonetic]. Patricia Babbar. Joe 19 DiPiatro [phonetic]. Joe DiPiatro. Frank Toner. 20 Good evening. 21 FRANK TONER, PRESIDENT, ROCKY HILL CIVIC 2.2 ASSOCIATION: Good evening Task Force Members. My name is Frank Toner, President of the Rocky 23 24 Hill Civic Association, an association of over

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900 homeowners which is located in Bellerose Manor and Eastern Queens.

I suppose my testimony is similar to some of the other testimony give already by members of the Bellerose United, Eastern Queens United rather. But that is the point, we have similar interests. I come to you today as a citizen, a civic leader, and a member of the coalition called Eastern Queens United.

My purpose is to strongly encourage you to keep within one Assembly District and one Senate in the area of Eastern Queens that is represented by the 11 civic associations in this Coalition. I have supplied the details of that area on the attachment to my speech that I submitted.

I have been President of Rocky Hill Civic
Association for six years. When I assumed the
job the former President, Bernard Akaleno
[phonetic] told me that the job did not pay much,
zero dollars to be exact with a pension that
fully matched my salary, and a yearly cost of
living increase, anything I want. He did say

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that it would be rewarded by the knowledge of the good things that I would accomplish for the others in our community. And that I would also have the opportunity, as he had, to work with some of the best and most committed people I will every meet, the officers of the surrounding civics.

Over the years, this has proven to be true; we found that we have multiple common interests. We are all communities of primarily one and two family homes, and of course the coops of Glen Oaks. We have the same issues with many City agencies; Sanitation, Fire, Department of Transportation, and Police.

We go to the same meetings with the 105th Precinct, Community Board 13, and each other's civics. We share notes with one another on crime issues, often emailing one another to alert others of crimes in the area, or comparing notes of what someone in the Buildings Department told us.

When I send my notes my Monthly Bulletin to members to my Association, it is also sent to

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my neighboring civics. We are a community of similar interests. We are not one ethnic group. We are many. I do not want us divided by ethnic lines. I for one love the diversity that we have. This is what America is all about. But most of all, I do not want the area split up because it is politically expedient.

I read an article recently from an Australian paper that talked about the redistricting process in the United States. It talked of how the United States often lectures other countries on democracy. But that every 10 years goes through a redistricting process that is against the democratic process since it is done in a way whereby he politicians pick the people who vote for them rather than the people picking the politicians whom they want to vote for.

I visited Australia when I was on R&R from my year of Army service in Vietnam. It is a nice country. It has always been a good ally. But it bothers me that persons outside of our country could see such flaws in our democracy.

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It has been a long time since I served in Vietnam.

I served not because I believed in war.

I served as a Medic and hopefully did some good.

I served because of a strong desire to support democracy because I believed in the great democracy that I felt was practiced in the United States. I find that after all of these years, I feel compelled to fight to improve this democracy.

I am here today to ask that you make primary the interests of the people. To keep together groups of people who have common interests such as all of the civic groups of Eastern Queens United. To do so I believe will give our communities a stronger voice in government; a stronger sense of empowerment. I ask that you do all that you can to make the democratic process stronger. That is your duty. It is a duty of all of us. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Toner, before you leave I just want to thank you for your service

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 to our Nation. [Break in audio] Probably some of them will have arrived or decide to say 3 4 something. 5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Well said. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: I believe 10 years 6 7 ago, this went to midnight. I do not want to 8 overly intimidate anybody. We are here for the 9 duration whatever it is. Dr. Arthur Flug. 10 11

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DR. ARTHUR FLUG, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, THE HARRIET & KENNETH KUPFERBERG HOLOCAUST CENTER: Good evening Members of the Committee and thank you for giving us the opportunity to meet with you tonight. My name is Arthur Flug. I am the past President of the Jamaica Estates Association and I am here tonight representing our president Martha Taylor.

As anticipated, the residents of Jamaica Estates knew the redistricting of the New York State District 11 would not be beneficial to our community. What we did not expect was that it would be most destructive to our neighborhoods.

The lines presented in the New York State Redistricting Plan of 2012 have divided the

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Jamaica Estates community into a series of pockets that are noncontiguous. These pockets have created a disunity that will undermine any sense of belonging to a functioning community by the 1800 Jamaica Estates residents.

While LATFOR has used Grand Central
Parkway as boundary for separating the northern
part of the Jamaica Estates Community Senate
Districts 11 and 15, it is further decimated our
community by dividing the area south of Grand
Central Parkway in to two distinct Senatorial
Districts, 11 and 14. Hence a community that has
long functioned as a single effective unit is now
torn apart in to three unrelated sections, each
to be represented by a New York State Senator.

These three separate districts that have been created have deprived the 1800 families of a single point of contact for our community with Senatorial responsibility. With our district ripped in to three separate Senatorial entities, we are now faced with such operational questions as one, how do we establish the unity in addressing the issues confronting our community?

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Every neighborhood has to be addressed three times over. This is a guarantee to see that our neighborhood will fail. How can a Jamaica Estates resident respond to a community concern when he or she lives in different district from their neighbor across the street? This is not a once in a while redistricting plan for Jamaica Estates. It is a pattern that replicates itself throughout the entire LATFOR plan for our community.

With this disgraceful structuring of the Jamaica Estates Senatorial to be blamed on incompetence, we as residents could understand that. Were it to be based upon New York State or Federal mandates, we could also understand that. And were it based upon some judicial decision attempting to rectify past injustices created by past district lines, such actions would also be understandable.

But incompetence has no hand in this.

State and Federal mandates do not exist for such actions, nor are there any judicial rulings governing such actions available to this action.

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It is a deliberate attempt by the majority party to punish the Senate of the minority party currently representing our community.

And in seeking retribution for past political scores, they have effectively and deliberately undercut and disenfranchised the residents of Jamaica Estates. We urge you, the Committee Members, to stop this blatant gerrymandering of the Jamaica Estates community, which will unjustly punish the citizens of Jamaica Estates.

We ask you to maintain a unified and cohesive Senatorial District that has always been with our borders. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. Honorable Aravella Simotas.

ARAVELLA SIMOTAS, NYS ASSEMBLY MEMBER:

Okay, good evening Honorable Members of the

Committee. And I apologize for being late. We

had session until the late hours in the

afternoon. But I am happy to be here to talk

about something that is very important, an issue

that is really of central concern right now to

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
Western Queens.

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Voters should pick their elected officials, not the other way around. This is a principle that politicians of all stripes have paid lip service to in recent years, yet now Senate Republicans will flaunt it in the name of holding on to power.

In their proposed redistricting lines, the Senate majority has carved out part of Astoria, dividing Western Queens to accommodate an obviously partisan agenda, and threatening to destroy the unity of a longstanding community of interest. The proposed lines for District 12 represent a brazen attempt to exclude Senator Michael Gianaris from a district that he has represented as both a Member of the State Assembly and the State Senate.

It is no coincident that Senator Michael Gianaris has been an outspoken opponent of the partisan nature of the reapportionment process and has called on Members of the Senate Majority to uphold their campaign promises and establish an independent system of redistricting.

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For his actions, the Senate Republicans have sought retribution. But the true penalty is visited upon the residents of Western Queens.

The deliberate division of a cohesive community will cost its residents the unified representation they long have enjoyed.

Lifelong neighborhoods will be separated by absurd district lines. Parents with children in the same school will not be able to approach their elected representatives together. Seniors and individuals with disabilities will be unable to travel to far-flung district offices.

It is their voice that will be sacrificed due to the Republican Majority's brazen attempts to their grasps at State government.

Senator Mike Nizzolio, a Republican colleague from Seneca County and Co-Chair of LATFOR said you have to maintain communities of interest. I could not agree with you more.

Astoria clearly forms a community of interest with Long Island City, East Elmhurst, Woodside, and Sunnyside. And to split the neighborhood in two further exposes the selective partisan nature

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 of this process.

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Long Island City which historically consisted of Astoria, Hunters Point, Steinway, and Ravenswood was the fourth municipality incorporated in to what is not New York City. In the years since Western Queens welcomed immigrants from Ireland and Germany; Italy and Greece; and more recently from the Middle East, Southeast Asia, and Latin America.

In recent years, we have also seen an influx of young professionals from Manhattan who have made their own significant contributions to our community. These diverse groups from a multicultural tapestry in which distinct identities are maintained, but neighborhood cohesion is strengthened; should the proposed Senate lines be enacted, that tapestry will be ripped in two. I hope that Senate Republicans will restore unity to the Western Queens community in its final lines. And should they not, I call on Governor Cuomo to veto any lines that reflect partisan politics rather than the interests of Western Queens residents.

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	And you should also know that this is
3	quite personal to me as well because my home, my
4	parents' home, and family's home are within the
5	lines you seek to remove from the 12th Senatorial
6	District. Thank you very much.
7	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you.
8	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you
9	Councilwoman, if you would
10	ASSEMBLY MEMBER SIMOTAS: [Interposing]
11	Assembly Member, one more point. There is one
12	more point that I want to make.
13	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Will you answer
14	my question?
15	ASSEMBLY MEMBER SIMOTAS: Of course.
16	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you. What
17	neighborhood is that? Would you describe the
18	addresses that you just described?
19	ASSEMBLY MEMBER SIMOTAS: In Astoria.
20	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Your mother's
21	home, your home?
22	ASSMEBLY MEMBER SIMOTAS: Twenty First
23	Avenue42nd Street between 21st Avenue and
24	Ditmars Boulevard. And my family also lives on

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 Steinway Street between 21st Avenue and Ditmars Boulevard. And we also have members that live 3 4 further west. 5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Okay, thank you. ASSEMBLY MEMBER SIMOTAS: And all of 6 7 those have been carved out. The other point that I want to make is some of our representatives and 8 9 some of community residents had to leave because obviously this is a very important issue. 10 11 clearly you are all here and listening 12 attentively to the concerns and comments from 13 residents. I hope that you come back and visit 14 Queens. 15 16 We are a very large community. We have 17 many outspoken advocates. And I would hate that 18 their voice is not heard during this very 19 important process. Thank you very much. 20 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you 21 Councilwoman. 2.2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER SIMOTAS: I would like to 23 hand in a petition that so far we have 400

residents that have signed that advocate the

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points that I have made. There is more to come, but I would like to hand this in right now.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Assemblywoman let me assure you that a number of people from Astoria have viewed similar thoughts and they were listened to. Assemblywoman, thank you very much. Honorable David Weprin.

DAVID WEPRIN, NEW YORK STATE ASSEMBLY
MEMBER: Good afternoon Chairman McEney, Chairman
Nozzolio, Senator Dylan, Assemblyman Oaks,
Executive Directors, Staff people. Thank you for
the opportunity to speak today. I am Assembly
Member David Weprin representing the 24th
Assembly District in Northeast Queens, which
currently encompasses parts of Auburndale,
Bayside, Bayside Hills, Bellerose, Douglaston,
Floral Park, Glen Oaks, Hollis, Fresh Meadows,
Hollis Hills, Holliswood, Jamaica Estates, Little
Neck, New Hyde Park, and Queens Village.

An integral and essential factor in ensuring that any redistricting plan is fair and that it empowers local communities is the need for communities of interest to be kept together.

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Communities of interest are generally defined as groups of stakeholders that share common needs and concerns in their respective communities.

It is imperative that any Maps drawn reflect the shared values, concerns, and interests of the constituents that reside in that specific district. In keeping these groups together, we ensure that their political power is not diluted and that they enjoy the benefits of mutual civic participation.

I am here today advocating for a Map that truly represents the unique character of

Northeast Queens. Northeast Queens is a special and distinct geographical area whose residents have voiced their desire to be kept together in a compact and contiguous district rather than be divided.

Currently my Assembly District 24 is compact and rectangular in shape. It covers neighborhoods, including Jamaica Estates,
Auburndale, Holliswood, Bellerose, Douglaston,
Little Neck, Glen Oaks, Floral Park, and Bayside.
It also covers three community Boards, 8, 11, and

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13. Much of Glen Oaks and Floral Park, for example, share the same zip code, and the western section of Glen Oaks share the same zip code as Bellerose.

The proposed district map is much less compact than my current one. It would begin in Richmond Hills, encompassing only part of the area and then follow the Grand Central Parkway east through Jamaica Hills, Jamaica Estates, Holliswood and Hollis Hills, Windsor Park before ending in Bellerose, Floral Park, and Glen Oaks.

This Map would also divide Richmond Hill cracking the South Asian community. This is a proposed map of my new district. The old district was relatively compact in this general area of the current district. Obviously this district is much less compact and obviously goes from one end of Eastern Queens to Western Queens.

From just looking at the map, you can see the different shape; it would be long and thing and barely meets the criteria for being contiguous compared to my current district which is more rectangular in shape and compact.

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The proposed Map for Assembly District 24 would pull in more community boards across my new district and delude the ability of community boards to ensure their voices are heard. As we all know, community boards are important by which communities exert political power and ensure their voices are heard within local government.

The new Map would thus breakup communities of interest that share a history of collaborative advocacy and civic engagement. Instead legislative districts would now include numerous community boards, police precincts and school districts splitting these groups among numerous legislators.

The Eastern Queens portion of my district is already somewhat divided splitting communities in to several Assembly Districts. Currently, Glen Oaks, New Hyde Park, Bellerose, Floral Park, and Queens Village are represented by three different Assembly Representative, Ed Bruinstein [phonetic], Barbara Clark, and myself.

Glen Oaks Village located within Glen Oaks, one of the largest cooperative housing

developments in New York State with a population of about 3,000 families is also divided. The group represents over 75,000 Queens residents who, while diverse in their makeup, have a long history of shared political advocacy and civic participation.

Many representatives of civic
associations across Eastern Queens affected and
divided by the proposed new district lines will
be testifying today. In the aforementioned area
of Eastern Queens another community of interest
emerges that of the South Asian community.

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Today you will also hear from groups who have identified various clusters of South Asian communities within New York State. According to the 2010 Census, they are almost 351,000 South Asian Americans living in New York City.

FEMALE VOICE 1: Conclusion.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER WEPRIN: Of that
population almost 60% live in Queens County.

Emerging clusters of South Asian Americans
identified is found within the communities in the

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East, Bellerose, Queens Village, Floral Park, and my current district, and the proposed district liens split this emerging cluster of South Asian American voters almost in the middle.

I have always been a voice for a voice for an advocate of an independent redistricting commission. I continue to voice my support for the creation of such a commission in order to ensure that communities of interest are kept together and the lines are drawn in a non-politicized way.

Many have come here today and have previously testified at the various hearings across New York Sate to voice their concern at the way in which these Maps were drawn. A set of lines within Queens have been blatantly gerrymandered. One key example is the way in which Woodhaven, a one square mile neighborhood has been split among three different State Senators. Another is the Flushing has been carved up. I am going to sum up.

The proposed draft map for my Assembly

District is a gerrymandered map which fails to

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 live up to criteria set forth by this Committee. It does not keep communities of interest 3 4 together, and divides the Eastern part of the 5 district. I look forward to continuing to work with 6 7 my colleagues in government and communities 8 across Queens and New York City to create maps 9 that are better representative of the communities of interest indentified across the Borough. 10 11 thank you for your attention and I would be happy 12 to answer any questions. 13 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. 14 15 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you very 16 much Assemblyman. 17 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Aminta Kilawan [background noise] [crosstalk] 18 19 AMINTA KILAWAN, RESIDENT: Honorable - -20 Helen Marshall, Members of the Task Force, good 21 evening. My name is Aminta Kilawan, you got that 2.2 right on the money, and I have a passion for

justice that is for that which is right. And

with all due respect, I do not believe that the

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lines you have drawn are right.

For the last 20 years, I have been a resident of Queens County. And for the last 20 years I have yet to live in a distinct and unified district with regard to both the Assembly and the State Senate.

I speak before you today with one concern in mind namely that Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park be kept together. When your Task Force goes back to the drawing board, and puts pen to paper, and redraws those lines. These areas collectively represent a community of interest which has already been defined by several speakers before me, so I will not get in to that. But the reality is Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park collectively embodies each and every one of the aforementioned factors as I will detail.

And as many of the people in my community have already voiced, and as I will echo today, I ask that you do not splinter us. Firstly with regard to economic status; generally we are middleclass.

We migrated to New York for a promise of

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opportunity. We have made this land namely
Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park our own land,
opening up small businesses that reflect our
cultural. We run countless Roti [phonetic] shops
and we sale countless ethnic garbs in countless
stores.

We even have beautified the neighborhoods we live in by renovating them; renovating our structures and our landscapes and we take pride in our neighborhood. We utilize common media markets. We several local newspapers circulating across the areas of Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park, including the West Indian and the Caribbean New Yorker.

Members of our communities of interest also host radio programs targeted to the needs of our population. We share community services and organizations.

When I get on the A-train where I go to school at Fordemoix [phonetic], by 59th

Street/Columbus Circle, I can tell by looking at the sign on the A-train whether it is a Leopards

Boulevard A-train just by the people that are on

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 that train.

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We use the same means of transportation, buses and trains alike. We also congregate in the same places of worship heavily populating Mundirs [phonetic], Mosques, Gudwars [phonetic] dispersed all across Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park. We go to the same High Schools namely John Adams and Richmond Hill. We share a common country of origin, language, and dialect. We identify as Americans who can trace our ancestry back to South Asian or the South Asian Diaspora to the Caribbean, which includes the place that I am from, Guyana, Trinidad Tobago, and Surinam.

We speak the same languages, Creoles and Hindi. And talking all of this as a cohesive whole, you can see that we share the same cultural background. We share the same identity. The bottom line is that we are a community of interest; bottom line, if Richmond Hill and South Ozone are not kept together, your Task Force will be egregiously deluding our voting power under Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act.

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Thank you. And I thank you for affording me this opportunity to speak today. I ask that you please fulfill your civic duty by allowing us to fairly partake in ours.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. Richard David. Good evening.

RICHARD S. DAVID, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR,
INDO-CARIBBEAN ALLIANCE INC.: Good afternoon to
each of you and thank you for giving us this
opportunity to testify before you. And at this
point I feel like I am going to be beating a dead
horse because almost every speaker that has come
up before you have pointed out the gerrymandering
that has happened in Richmond Hill.

And I, unfortunately, am not afraid to continue for a full five minutes and repeat that same message because we have come before you in numerous occasions, and we feel like we have been completely ignored.

I sincerely hope this reflects a genuine effort to listen to the communities and people impacted by your decisions. Based on my testimony today and those of my colleagues, I

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believe it will be fair to make further adjustments in some cases, significant adjustments to the proposed 2012 New York State Assembly and Senate District Maps.

I am Richard David. I am a resident of Ozone Park. I am a Member of Community Board 9, and I have the privilege of being the Executive Director of the Indo-Caribbean Alliance or ICA.

ICA is a leading nonprofit organization dedicated to empowering South Asian residents of Indo-Caribbean origin. We are a 501c3 Nonprofit Nonpartisan Organization. As I mentioned, previously submitted testimony asking that this Task Force follow its own guidelines and keep the neighborhoods of Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park in a single Assembly and Senate District, in fact we have five.

And by my account in every single testimony that we have had today, we are the winner if you are counting who has the most gerrymandered district in New York City.

I am here to inform you of the importance of keeping the neighborhood of Richmond Hill and

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South Ozone Park, both in Southeast Queens, significantly together in the Assembly and Senate Maps. In fact we have organized to have several of our residents attend the hearing here today, and to demonstrate visibly before you the need that we felt for so long to have this community unified.

And I am so flattered and inspired by all the residents and students and community organizations who have joined us in Richmond Hill United to come out testify here before you today. I ask if any of you have actually been to Richmond Hill or South Queens. I think you will see a lot of the description that I am going to go in to.

The South Asian community of IndoCaribbean origin has the largest presence in New
York City, larger than anywhere else in the world
with the exception of the Caribbean where a lot
of our people are from. These residents and
their families have called the neighborhoods of
Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park home since the
1960s.

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Today this community contributes more heavily to the socioeconomic and political vibrancy that we see in New York City than in any other time in the history of New York City.

While many have heard of Chinatown or Little Italy, all here in New York City, we have what has been called popularly, so-called Little Guyana in South East Queens.

This so-called Little Guyana is anchored by a commercial strip that runs along Liberty

Avenue from the Vanderk [phonetic] Express Way to Woodhaven Boulevard. The surrounding areas between Jamaica Avenue to the North, Bell Parkway to the South, Woodhaven Boulevard to the West, and Vanderk Express Way to the East, is an expansion of this so-called Little Guyana of cultural and commerce hub.

Residents in these areas attend churches,
Mundirs, which are Hindu places of worship, and
Mosques within this area. It creates a
relatively homogeneous area with residents having
similar education backgrounds, transportation
options, and income ranges similar to the

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testimony that you just heard form Aminta Kilawan.

This is a cohesive area where residents are networked together and families send their children to school; where they come to organizations like mine, the Indo-Caribbean Alliance for social services like youth programs.

The Maps as they are currently proposed completely ignore these similarities. In fact they are contradictory to those similarities. They split our area in to five Assembly Districts and two Senate Districts. It is difficult to understand the logic behind these divisions, and it is contrary to the purpose of your organization.

You have made it so easy for people to label this Body as a gerrymandering organization simply by looking at Richmond Hill, Queens and South Ozone Park. How else would it be plausible that a homeowner in the course of their shopping on a Sunday afternoon can walk with their children through five different Assembly Districts on the way through shopping; going to

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 bank, and going to a park? I appeal to each of you to further adjust 3 4 these maps to keep these families together in the 5 neighborhoods. The consequences of your actions, as you know and everyone in this room knows will 6 7 have a lasting impact until 2022. The last time these lines were drawn the 8 9 neighborhoods were completely divided. Ten years later the impact of those decisions are before 10 11 We have failing High Schools. We have high 12 crime rates. And we believe that there is a 13 direct correlation between the continued 14 disenfranchisement of residents in Richmond Hill 15 and the social problems that we continue to see 16 before us. 17 Again, I appeal to this Body to adjust the proposed Map to keep Richmond Hill and South 18 19 Ozone Park together or significantly together. 20 thank you for your time. And I thank you for 21 your consideration.

DONNA RAYMOND, PRESIDENT, NORTH QUEENS

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

Donna Raymond [crosstalk].

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HOMEOWNERS CIVIC ASSOCIATION OF JACKSON HEIGHTS:
Hello. My name is Donna Raymond. I am the
President of the North Queens Homeowners Civic
Association and I am here to speak to you about
the new proposed Assembly lines and in particular
the 34th Assembly District.

We love our community and we are grateful that LATFOR has kept the 34th Assembly District pretty much in tack. Jackson Heights, East Elmhurst, and Woodside are made up of residents representative of over 70 countries.

By the way, our section of East Elmhurst is not East of Elmhurst and in fact from the early 1900s and until a few years ago when the Postmaster General changed the designation of our zip code from 11370 to East Elmhurst, our community was also called Jackson Heights.

My organization and other civic groups are still fighting to get back our identity and our designation of being called Jackson Heights.

Jackson Heights has a long established history of being one of the most ethnically diverse Districts, and I submitted newsletters

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
and a State report with my testimony.

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We are also the home to the largest LGBT population outside of Manhattan's Greenwich Village. The housing stock includes; Garden Apartments, co-ops and condos; attached and semidetached private homes. The business sector is mostly comprised of what we call Mom and Pop stores locally and are mostly immigrant owned and operated small businesses.

A recent study by the New York State

Controller, Thomas Senopoly [phonetic] states

that the Northwestern Queens neighborhoods of

East Elmhurst, Woodside, and Jackson Heights have

one of the greatest concentrations of immigrants

in all of New York city, and have experienced

strong economic growth during the years leading

up to the Recession due largely to its diverse

immigrant owned small businesses.

Our business community reflects the diverse heritage of the residents; Judaism, Islam, Sikhism, Hinduism, and many Christian denominations make up this area. Just imagine a locate Jewish Center hosting Muslim and Islamic

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services, and a Methodist Church serving as a community center where groups of every religious, cultural, and ethnic backgrounds hold their meetings and functions.

We have learned to support each other's rights to religious freedom and our community of tolerance and acceptance. According to a New York Times article, Jackson Heights, a middleclass neighborhood is so ethnically and culturally diverse that some people call it a Utopia of diversity. A New York news article decries that Jackson Heights is the cutest Hood in the Borough. My organization agrees.

However there are a couple of blocks where members of my organization lived that has moved and place in another district. 70th and 30th Avenues, 71st Street also between 25th and 30th Avenues currently are within the boundaries of the existing 34th Assembly District.

It really serves no purpose to have these few residents ostracized from the rest of the neighborhood and their membership in our organization. I ask that you rezone them back

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 into the 34th Assembly District. We are happy with our community and wish 3 to keep it as it is. Thank you for allowing me 4 5 this time, and thank you for your consideration 6 to our request. 7 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. Rachana 8 Shah. 9 RACHANA SHAH, TAKING OUR SEAT: Thank you very much for letting me speak. Good evening. 10 11 My name is Rachana Shah and I am with Taking Our 12 Taking Our Seat is a Queens based Seat. 13 nonpartisan, not for profit civic organization. 14 We were founded to empower South Asian 15 Americans in this electoral process by 16 eliminating South Asian voter delusion through 17 the registering process. Taking Our Seat is also a Charter Member of the Asian American Community 18 19 Coalition on Redistricting and Democracy, and we 20 thank you for the opportunity to speak this 21 evening. 2.2 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: You had an accident on 23 your way here?

Yes.

MS. SHAH:

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1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: We are very glad--you look fine. 3 MS. SHAH: I am fine, everything is okay. 4 5 So thank you for letting me come in now. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Just relax and give us 6 7 your testimony. MS. SHAH: You have heard about the many 8 9 issues for regarding voter dilution in the neighborhoods from all other people who have 10 11 spoken today. I am going to jump straight in to 12 the section of our testimony that talks about the 13 actual lines and our recommendations on the 14 changes to those lines. 15 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: More specific. 16 MS. SHAH: More specific, yes. For the 17 purposed 24th Assembly District; now LATFOR has proposed a number of districts that cover South 18 19 Asian American neighborhoods. This new 24th 20 District does hold the promise of uniting three 21 distinct South Asian American neighborhoods such 2.2 as Richmond Hills, Briarwood, and Bellerose. In this particular proposed district the 23

Asian non-Hispanic population is nearly 33%.

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we know that from our own analysis that the vast majority of this Asian non-Hispanic number is actually South Asian, South Asian American. We think that the final boundaries may actually offer a viable opportunity to maximize the value of South Asian American voters, but we suggest a few changes.

First we recommend that portions of the proposed 24th District found in its Western terminus in Richmond Hill be removed and added to a District that is entirely and exclusively encompassing Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park. Our analysis shows that the area that we seek to remove from the proposed 24th District encompasses approximately 41,000 people.

To account for the loss of population from loosing sections in Richmond Hill, we propose the 24th District be expanded in Queens Village in Bellerose by adding the following boundaries. Where Hillside Avenue intersects with Francis Lewis Boulevard, move the boundaries South on Francis Lewis Boulevard until it intersects with Jamaica Avenue.

And then move that boundary east on

Jamaica Avenue to the Nassau County Line. And
then at the proposed Union Turnpike boundary,
extend that boundary to the Nassau County Line.

The small modification to the 24th District will add approximately 46,000 people from Bellerose and Queens Village and it will account for the total loss in population in removing the Richmond Hill sections. The alterations will result in a District that is within the accepted deviations.

This reconfiguration reduces the number of communities of interest in the 24th from three to two. Briarwood and Bellerose share a common thoroughfare on Hillside Avenue, which is the main arterial road and the location of two subway lines, and numerous bus lines.

The boundaries of the 24th as Taking Our Seat proposes is also home a large immigrant populations who share the same concerns about education, employment, and access to government services.

For the Richmond Hill Assembly District,

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Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park together should be the home of one distinct and unified Assembly District. We are look at it is a home of a large Indo-Caribbean Community and a large Sikh community among others.

The boundaries compact and contiguous and share a common thoroughfares with Atlantic

Avenue, Jamaica Avenue, Liberty Avenue, Woodhaven

Boulevard. There are common transportation

characteristics with A, J, and Z subway lines and the O7, 8, 10, 11, 21 and it goes on.

Also as you heard the community high schools are Richmond Hill High School and John Adams High School which has a significant number of its population coming from this distinct neighborhood. Moving forward now towards the proposed Senate District 16; we support the need to reflect the growth in the Asian American population in Queens County by drawing in concept a legislative district that encompasses a majority of Asian Americans.

Although the proposed Senate District 16 achieves the majority population requirement, it

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 does so by disregarding neighborhood lines. Commentarially the proposed boundary of Senate 3 District 16 also dilutes the South Asian American 4 5 vote by only partially key South Asian American neighborhoods in Jackson Heights and Elmhurst. 6 7 Taking Our Seat joins a number of groups 8 present today in asking that the proposed Senate 9 District 16 be reconfigured with proposed Senate District 11 to keep downtown Flushing and its 10 11 surrounding neighborhoods whole while maintaining 12 the Asian American majority. 13 With regards to Senate District 11; the 14 proposed Senate District 11 in Queens continues 15 to dilute the South Asian American vote. 16 Although the neighborhoods of Bellerose, Glen

Oaks, and Floral Park are kept whole, the adjacent neighborhood of Queens Village is shredded with jagged boundaries and it works--Yes.

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PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Time please.

MS. SHAH: Okay, certainly. The boundary in Queens Village has diluted the South Asian American vote in the proposed district. We also

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 propose a way to keep these major South Asian American clusters together on the Senate level by 3 including the Richmond Hill area; the Briarwood 4 5 through the Jamaican Hills area; and the Bellerose, Queens Village Floral Park, and Glen 6 7 Oaks cluster and we see that as a way of moving forward keeping the South Asian American 8 9 communities together in a larger Senate District. Thank you so much for your time and the exact 10 11 boundaries are here. Thank you. 12 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you. 13 Thank you for your input. 14 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. 15 Frances Luhmann McDonald. 16 FRANCES LUHMANN MCDONALD, COMMUNITY 17 I applaud all of the speakers who came ACTIVIST: before me and I promise I will not reiterate. 18 19 did make a little finding that people from North 20 Queens, East Queens, West Queens, and South 21 Oueens do not like your plan. There was one guy 2.2 that kind of liked it and he was from Manhattan. 23 [Laughter] 24 MS. MCDONALD: My name is Francis

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McDonald. I reside in what currently the 12th Senatorial district and this is about my seventh or eighth reapportionment hearing. Yes I am that old and there is old saying that says the more things change the more they remain the more it remains the same. I am a master of clichés and also telling you what they are saying behind your That is my strong suit the plan begs to back. question what were they thinking. Usually the answer is they were not thinking. Let me tell you, I know what you are thinking. What for? You know that you cannot play that word on Words with Friends. What for?

Our demographic research and reapportionment— the Task Force I believe was created by the New York State legislature. Their task is to redraw the current lines, which the same legislators were elected under. In other words, their own lines. I can be appalled, but I am not surprised.

About Queens; at your own public hearing earlier many local residents testified that they wanted their neighborhoods to remain in tack.

Divisions of the neighborhoods reduces political accountability. Queens is as a diverse county with diverse ethnicity; it is diverse economically; it is diverse age related; and it is even diverse sexually oriented. You are not going to get more diverse than that.

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Now about State Senate District 12, where I reside. Now that is going to change and I am not moving. There is something wrong with this picture.

Astoria Long Island City Sunnyside and Woodside as classic example; almost a role model for ethnic diversity; middle working classes; about 30 or 40 years ago, that community welcomed the community from Greece. It became the largest concentration of Greek population this side of Athens.

Currently, we have a little district, not too little on Steinway Street that is referred to, quite accurately, as Little Egypt. And in general, Astoria does not have any trouble with that. The whole situation especially in the

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State Senatorial Districts is clearly unbroken and does not need to be fixed, especially for political power purposes.

I want you to go back to your drawing board and look at you pallet. Remove from you pallet personal political power; personal political incumbency; and personal political revenge so that New York State--our voters will not have to call Governor Cuomo to veto this plan. Because he is going to have to veto it in order to attempt to restore confidence in New York State government.

If you want to know how to do it better, I will give you my email address. Email me and I will come and help you. My email address, not surprisingly is politicaljunky2011@hotmail.com. [Applause] [Laughter]

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Before you sit down, Ms. McDonald--you have not sat down.

Before you leave, we would welcome your specific suggestions. The time is gone tonight to do that, but feel free; that your candid and uplifting testimony is very welcome as would be

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 our specific suggestions. MS. MCDONALD: My specific is about the 3 12th Senatorial District. 4 5 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Whatever specific suggestions you have, the Task Force 6 7 would welcome your opinion. 8 MS. MCDONALD: Thank you very much. 9 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you very 10 much. 11 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. Albert 12 Baldeo. 13 ALBERT BALDEO, PRESIDENT, UNITED COMMUNITIES ALLIANCE, DISTRICT LEADER 38TH AD: 14 15 Good evening Members of this Honorable 16 Commission. Good evening everyone. I am an 17 elected Democratic District Leader of the 38th Assembly District, a Delegate of the Judicial 18 19 Convention, County Committeeman, political 20 advocate, and an Attorney at Law. I am also the 21 President of United Communities Alliance and 2.2 organization that empowers and improves the quality of life of all residents regardless of 23

race, religion, or National origins; living in

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Queens the place that best defines us as a Nation of immigrants.

I also share a common heritage of with our President, Helen Marshall. She was here earlier.

Our goals are to consolidate residents of a district in to active participation for the betterment of the district; to fight unfair redistricting and social injustice, and to develop coalitions on neighborhood organizations and groups; to foster a greater civic voice for the community; and to solve common issues and problems confronting our family of neighborhoods; Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, Woodhaven, Briarwood, Jamaica Hills, Jamaica Estates, Bellerose, Queens Village, Floral Park, and Glen Oaks. I refer to Exhibits A, B, and C. The maps are with my testimony.

I have run for office several times before and my interaction with residents in these communities both as an attorney and grassroots organizer, and as a community leader has given me

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a deep understanding of the common issues, problems, concerns, and solutions that concern there residents collectively.

Gerrymandering has cracked these natural communities of interests in to unrecognizable portions with incumbency suppression from politicians on the basic structures of government. Common problems abound, but common issues are ignored, and common solutions are impossible to achieve.

Rampant home foreclosures; closure of hospitals, medical centers and schools; kids being subjected to filthy overcrowded trailer parks and locker rooms for classrooms; spiraling unemployment; increased taxes; and the cost of living have marginalized communities of interest from government services and funding.

Their need for representation at all levels of government has never more compelling.

Our plight is best understood with the closures of our area hospital like Mary Immaculate and St.

Johns; the threatened closures of our high schools; 10% rate of unemployment; high home

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foreclosures and small business closures in our districts.

We did not even have health clinics, community centers, daycare centers, senior centers, social service centers, or even job training centers. No other community comes close to this paradigm of utter despair, yet I am living testimony that people looking at someone like me as electable and serve the public interests in this majority/minority district.

In 2006, we almost won a State Senate seat. When I came within 1% of 483 votes on defeating a 20-year old incumbency, Senator Serphin Maltese; I repeat in 2006, we almost won a State Senate seat when I came within 1% of defeating a 20-year old incumbency, Senator Serphin Maltese.

In fact if the election was governed by the rules applied to other states, my worthy opponent could not have combined the third-party lines or the votes from the smaller parties. And at is main party line and as the Daily News and the New York Times and so on, if you Google it

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you can see it, he speaks past me.

Currently, original Ozone Park, South
Ozone Park, Woodhaven, Briarwood, and these
communities are cracked in to numerous City
Council Districts, Assembly and Congressional
Districts. Consequently they have reduced the
effectiveness of problem solving. Share bonds
are destroyed and constituents are reduced to
mere statistics. Richmond Hill, Ozone Park,
South Ozone Park, and Woodhaven should constitute
one Assembly District. And Briarwood, Jamaica
Hills, Jamaica Estates, Bellerose, and Queens
Village, Floral Park, and Glen Oaks should
constitute another adjoining Assembly District.

And I have shown the maps there and the date that it supposed that. Therefore it is respectfully submitted that office has not fully complied with all of the factors. The Supreme Court has recognized in the drawing of districts, one compactness and contiguity; respect in political subdivision; preserving communities of interest's raised; meeting political goals.

Federal Courts have recognized cultural

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background; economic status; common media
markets; shared community services; other
organizations, including health clinics, stores,
public transportation; - - places; voting
patterns; common language and dialects; and
common country of origin as factors; and shared
community concerns in drawing district lines.

The sanction that propose 83rd and 24th only short changes these vibrant communities of interests. Here we are not asking you to configure districts in two counties or three as it was done in Congressional Districts 7th and 12th, respectively, where the Courts upheld the community of interest adoption as legal, and have kept these communities across different county lines of Queens and the Bronx, and Queens and Manhattan, and Brooklyn, respectively.

In <u>Diaz & Silva</u> and the Constitutional
Challenge of New York's 12th Congressional
District, it was successfully argued that Asian
American in Manhattan's Chinatown and Brooklyn's
Sunset Park neighborhoods constituted a community
of interest that should be kept together within a

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2 single district across county lines.

Rather, we are merely advocating raised rhythms that you have heard today that you keep this one, keep Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, South Ozone Park, and Woodhaven together utilizing this map. And if I can hear from the audience, is there anyone in agreement with me that we keep Ozone Park, Richmond Hill, and South Ozone Park? [applause] [crosstalk], there you have very strong chorus from them. They really want you to keep this community of interest together. And I thought that would be the best way of defining the clamor for it.

And secondly, to make Briarwood, Jamaica Hills, Jamaica Estates, Bellerose, Queens
Village, and Floral Park, and Glen Oaks another
Assembly District with another 185,000
constituents. And logically you can create a
State Senate District by adding these two
communities of interest, plus using both of these
Assembly Districts which conforms to size,
compactness, and contiguity with 377,000
constituents, give or take.

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This where the critical mass of this community of interest is, and I challenge the same Panel to produce and more compact and contiguous district.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Baldeo it is over six minutes, could you attend to summarize?

MR. BALDEO: Sure. I just want to mention to that in Richmond Hill we have two district leaders. And you know that two districts leaders constitutes and Assembly District. We have Dr. Taj Rajkumar, District Leader in this same district and myself. So if you wanted to the math demographically or otherwise. You have enough statistics. You have enough stuff. You have heard Assemblyman David Weprin testify also to keep Richmond Hill whole.

And I therefore behoove this Panel that you keep that community together. Inasmuch as we have been legally advised that we have legal ground for redress, I have confidence that this Committee will do the right thing. And it will draw us a Map that is contiguous, concise, and compact. And that you will do what you are

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 1 2 legally mandated to do. I thank you very much. 3 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you Mr. 4 Baldeo. 5 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. Ashook Ramsarran. You will be happy to know that you 6 7 are the 50th person to testify. 8 9 ASHOOK RAMSARRAN, GLOBAL ORGANIZATION OF PEOPLE OF INDIAN ORIGIN: I thought that it was 10 11 51, but thank you for reducing it. 12 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you. MR. RAMSARRAN: Co-Chairman, Members of 13 14 the Redistricting Task Force, ladies and 15 gentlemen, thank you for this opportunity to for 16 me to speak at this Hearing today. I would have 17 liked the speakers for the respective communities be lumped together so the audience can have a 18 19 better understand of the respective communities, 20 but that is moot right now. 21 I would have also liked an independent 2.2 Panel rather than what it is now. But beyond 23 that, my name is Ashook Ramsarran. I was born in

Guyana and I am a longtime resident of Queens for

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I am President for the Global
Organization of People of Indian Origin, also
known as GOPO, with worldwide chapters and
membership advocating fairness and equitable
rights of people of Indian origin globally. I am
a Board Member of the Fresh Meadows City
Homeowners Association, and I am on the Board of
several local, regional, and global civic
organizations, academic institutions, and member
of several others.

GOPO has been requested to support its initiative to keep the neighborhoods of Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, and South Park in tack, and we are gladly doing so. I have previously testified at several hearings, including RTA Rezoning of Fresh Meadows and the Land marking of Brinkerhoff Cemetery, and others.

Regarding the South Asian community of Richmond Hill, Ozone Park, and Woodhaven I am advocating and adding to those who have spoken before and that will speak afterwards on the critical need to retain a single contiguous,

compact, cohesive community for fair equitable and effective representation of people with similar backgrounds and interests; families and friends with shared interests, concerns, shared values, shared culture, history aspirations, and community spirit in a singular district in order to keep community area in tack socially, culturally, economically, and politically.

Your proposal as shown would split that community six ways. The United States

Constitution would be traverse if you were to do that. The United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Articles, 21,27, and 29 affirm the rights of people to take part in government of its country directly or through freely chosen representatives—underline freely chosen.

People choose their representatives. The representatives should not be choosing the people. What better way to be in compliance than to provide the means for chosen representation by keeping the community in tack. In California the Citizen Redistricting Commission states that it is critical to ensuring district lines are drawn

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to keep a community whole and grouped with nearby communities with similar interests.

That ensures that your voice in heard by your elected leaders in certain decisions as equality of your child's schools or high or low your taxes should be.

Recently several New York Editorials have voiced their support for retaining communities in tack. The New York Times said, draw a straightforward fair Maps for State Legislative Districts by keeping communities in tack and respecting local jurisdictional lines. News Day said, also proven that the same boundaries are possible. The Daily News said, a glimpse of that alternative reality and it looks good, damn good.

You have a tough job. We will help you. We are here to help you. Listen to all the speakers asking for the same thing and use their support, use their advice. It is critical to keep and unified compact district with natural and sensible boundaries. It makes no sense to partition and divide this community, ripping apart neighborhoods, and destroying long

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partnerships shared by those who live in this community. It is the right thing to do.

New York State must not become Texas.

Please do not divide, dilute, or disrupt. Do not draw dizzying lines. It is not in the people's interest. I am hopeful that you will consider this in a positive way and give us the in tack community that we require. Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

Vishnu Bisram [phonetic]. Vishnu Bisram.

Michael Duncan. Michael Duncan. Kris Gounden.

Kris Gounden. Good evening Mr. Gounden.

evening ladies and gentlemen. I would like to thank you for giving me this opportunity to speak on a matter that everyone has been very boisterous about. My testimony is basically when it does not work, when the redistricting does not work. And Ozone Park, Richmond Hill is a community that my family has been in since 1976. And we have been victims of redistricting that redistricting that did not work. I going to move on with my testimony.

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My family has been in South Ozone Park since the mid-1970s. My wife's family has been in Ozone Park since 1976. The Caribbean, West Indian community has grown throughout Ozone Park through our will to live together. Because of the shape of the voting district, we cannot vote to elect someone who is born of us. We cannot vote for someone who is more likely to speak of our interests.

We can raise our children together, but we cannot vote together for one of us born of us who all raises children in the community.

Instead the schools in our community do not talk to our child about how we came to America many years ago.

The schools in our community act like we have no history and no voice in the City Council to demand that our past be included in our curriculum so that we can have pride and self-respect. This is what school is supposed to be about; self-esteem, self-respect, self-confidence. It is just not other people's history that makes them feel good about

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2 themselves. We deserve to feel good about

ourselves too.

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Right now, part of my property has been taken without compensation. Former City

Councilman of Howard Beach, Joseph Addabbo, the land grabber—there was no easement on my property on official map as required by law.

There was no hearing on the taking of my property as required by law. There was no notice on the

taking of my property as required by law.

Eminent Domain Law §208 was never complied with and these local politicians and the judges act like the Law does not have to be complied with when it comes to the Caribbean community.

I took my case to Court. Michael

Difernio [phonetic], a City employee, got up on
the witness stand and admitted to the Court;

admitted to the City; admitted to all of you that
he had no knowledge of the facts of an Affidavit
that he signed.

That is perjury. Judge Cogan did absolutely nothing about the perjury. The City

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did nothing about the perjury. The now State Senator, Joe Addabbo, did nothing about that. The current City Councilman, Eric Ulrich did nothing about the land-grab on my property.

This is what had been done to the

American Indian, now it is being done to the West

Indian. And if we do not get some representation
that we can trust, it is going to keep happening.

We need districting that allows us a voice in the machine.

You have heard the case about Ms.

Persaud; it was an outright business grab, grand larceny. The crime was perpetrated by a sitting Judge. Where is our voice to speak out on the conspiracy between the Judges and those outside of our community?

Our voice is in the redistricting of the voting lines. Our voice is ourselves. Our voice must be heard just like Councilman Barron's voice is heard in his community. As matter of fact, Councilman Barron came out of his district to my house to put a stop to the White Supremacy that is running rampant.

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We need to select our own Councilman who can go out of his or her district to his or her house when he is under attack by who will not represent him; harassed, abused, tortured by politicians; City agencies without repercussions. We have no way to address our concerns other than doing a lawsuit.

The police do their job as per community meetings, which we are not part of. The District Attorney rubber stamps the behavior of which the Judges have zero tolerance attitude for our people. We have lived on this reservation-type neighborhood to the point that we self-deport ourselves to other U.S. States and other countries.

We come together on the Internet to share our experiences of the discrimination by the ruling class that is presented during the John Gotti crime spree that goes back before JFK Airport was Idlewild Airport. NYPD 106 Howard Beach Precinct disbanded for assisting these individuals.

Politicians are profiting from their

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relationships with these activities; politicians, criminals, police within blocks of each other, co-existing with each other all of the same color and kind.

The Federal Government had to come in and stop this blatant abuse of Civil Human Rights to the minority community here in Richmond Hill and Ozone Park. We have been victims of this for much too long of this abuse. Our community needs representation. Our voice is falling on deaf ears without political presence.

Our children need to be empowered to see a future here instead of elsewhere. Our people have been bled of our aspirations with the ongoing barrage of ticketing, Summons, violations; and disciplinary action the City wants to impose on us selectively.

This system only hurts us when this system is supposed to help us and protect us.

Police have memory problems and refuse to enforce the Law. The City refused to produce foiled documents and create damaging paperwork.

The District Attorney sleeps on our cases

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 and moves quickly to punish us.

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PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Mr. Gounden you need to summarize, please. [Break in audio] I can assure you that your written testimony becomes part of the record.

MR. GOUNDEN: Yes Ma'am. If the Borough President were here, she would actually concur with me that we had meetings and it just got worse. It is blatant without representation. I have to go to Harlem. I have to go to Eastern New York. I have to go wherever a politician might even listen to me and give me advice that your people have no representation; I cannot go against the established politicians that bend the Law, that twist the law.

I have to go to the Federal Court of

Appeals. I have become a lawyer now. I am not a
lawyer. I am an airman. I am a aircraft
technician. I am an instructor. I am an
inspector. I made inspector
with the FAA.

We are professional people. We are law abiding citizens. We have family in law

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 enforcement. My father retired from the City. 3 We are honest hardworking people, but we see not 4 fruits of our labor. And this is passionate 5 because it has taken everything that I ever worked for this. It is being made into a 6 7 documentary, and you will see that Holding Out for Justice; the named it Holding Out for 8 9 That is all I want is justice. All I Justice. have asked for is equal treatment. 10 treatment, that is all that I have asked for. 11 12 That is all everyone here has ever asked 13 for is that you keep the lines so that we can be 14 productive individuals, not leave the country and 15 say how bad it was here. We are the type of 16 people from the Caribbean, wherever we go we will 17 That is my testimony. Thank you very survive. 18 much. 19 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. 20 ROHAN NARINE, SHRI TRIMURTI BHAVAN 21 MANDIR: Good evening. 2.2 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Good evening. 23 MR. NARINE: How is everyone today? 24 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Good how are

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MR. NARINE: I am not bad. I am in Sales so I tend to establish a very good rapport with the people look at. Just to comment briefly on Kris' testimony. It was my dad that actually interviewed him for the newspaper and listened to his story. And I see partly where he is coming from.

I am here to deliver a message of good.

The burial of our ideas will in time cease to exist. As you can tell, I am somewhat of an Orator. I have got this timed. I only have one shot. And I am resurrecting my ego only for four minutes. So trust me, this message of good will be good.

In my past life, I was buried upside down. I saw with my Third Eye what lied deep underneath the earth. I saw bones; insects eating those bones; and bacteria eating away at those insects. This is my metaphor for our current political system here in Richmond Hill and Ozone Park.

Our politicians have shaken too many hands at the top. And it has trickled down from their bacteria to our own. As for me though, I carry antibacterial. I did not know much of what was going on in my own backyard. That soon changed. I listened with two ears, and spoke only when spoken to.

My two ears brought me all the way here.

I represent the Indo-Caribbean people who have
descended from India; from the Indus Valley; from
Krishna. My backyard is no longer a foreign
land. I know what is going on now. I know what
has to be done, Briarwood and Bellerose for a
Senate seat.

I hear that we should, and I agree, according to the non-profit organization taking our seat advocate for the creation of an entirely new Assembly District in Richmond Hill. This in theory grants access to resources that are currently unavailable to us. However if that theory does not turn into fact, the burial of our ideas will in time cease to exist.

As we utilize the political equity in the

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term South Asian American. We will unify to achieve our goal, which after many generations is finally now a common one.

With that said, I kindly ask you, Senator Nozzolio and Assemblyman McEney to remember our testimonies when you begin to gerrymander our neighborhoods.

You are all smart people. You do what is right not only at work, but also in social settings, and at family gatherings. It takes extraordinary character to do that. I know because I see this happening in my own community.

Richmond Hill comprising of a large population of Punjabis, and South Ozone Park comprising of a large population of Guyanese and Trinidadians will unite to create a majority of the minority.

Must we come together and begin to call ourselves a community of interest? Must we do what is right not only at work, but also in public and in private? Is this the answer?

Wait, it is not as simple as that, is it?

To conclude in my present life my

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greatest fear is being buried upside down. I am scared to death of it. So now I only do things to ensure that I will get buried right side up. I say only good thing? I eat only the right foods. I live a descent life like all of you.

One day last week, my dad got a phone call and someone told him that his son should run for public office. When my dad called me and told me that, I replied to him in utter confusion, did she mean run for office now? I thank you for taking the time to listen to my timed speech. Have a pleasant evening. And I wish you fortitude for the remaining hearings in Smithtown and Syracuse. Thank you again.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you very much.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

Thank you for your wishes regarding Smithtown and Syracuse. I hope you extend good wishes to us for Rochester and Buffalo as well because we are going to be there too. Thank you very much.

Rodi Sarchese [phonetic]. Rodi Sarchese.

Michael O'Keeffe.

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MICHAEL O'KEEFFE, PRESIDENT, CREEDMOOR
CIVIC ASSOCIATION: Good evening. My name is
Michael O'Keeffe. I am President of the
Creedmoor Civic Association. It is in Eastern
Queens. My civic is part of Eastern Queens
United, which is a coalition that you have heard
a lot about today, seeking to united communities
of common interest and contiguous boarders within
both the Senate and Assembly Districts.

Not to depart too far from the text for a second. This will be pretty quick. District 24 has been talked about a lot tonight and I think there is one point I would like to make and it kind of echoes what David Weprin said about a half an hour ago.

It is a very long narrow district and it runs through five separate community boards and precincts.

And in life in Queens you know being part of the community board is very important. The civic leaders that I work with in Easter Queens are all part Community Board 13 and we go to the meetings. A lot of us are on the Board and the

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precinct is the other kind of central hub hat we work, and we are also in the same precinct.

The 24th District as drawn; actually there was five other precincts also. I think the important part of being an elected official is to have a rapport with important people in the community. I think that a community board chairperson is one of those people.

And I think that it is very hard for an Assembly person to have the kind of rapport with five separate community boards so I think on that basis the ideas of reconsidering the 24th and possibly making it less long might be a worthwhile proposition.

And just again to reiterate a lot of people from different persuasions, different ethnic backgrounds have asked to unify Bellerose, Floral Park, Glen Oaks, Hyde Park, and Queens Village and I would like to add my voice to that group and you have my testimony and that is it.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you.

SENATOR NIZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

MR. O'KEEFFE: Thank you. Boshanan

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Ramarran [phonetic]. Boshanan Ramarran. Steven
Anthony

STEVEN ANTHONY BEHAR, ESQ. Good--I guess it is evening, good evening and thank you for letting me testify. In 1987 as young Political Science Undergraduate student at University at Albany, I wrote a paper whereby I suggested that New York State implement a system of independent redistricting of State and Congressional Districts.

At that time, the State of Iowa was the only state with such a system. Today in the year 2012, I would like to thank LATFOR for unquestionably proving the thesis of my college paper. LATFOR by proposing these lines has shown the citizens of New York that our government in Albany is incapable of controlling itself. And the New York State Senate and the New York State Assembly are incapable of representing their constituents and are instead more interested in political self-dealing and political self-preservation.

The district lines proposed by LATFOR are

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despicable. Over the years, the Brennan Center for Justice has called our New York State legislature most dysfunctional State government in the Nation. The district lines we are discussing today are prima facie evidence that this dysfunction is still alive and well.

In a state where it seems every other week, an elected official in Albany is either indicted or convicted. It is time for our legislators to show some interest in good government. Albany has become a cesspool of corruption.

The lines that have been produced by

LATFOR are clearly designed incumbents from being challenged. To protect majorities in each House of the legislature and to punish the political enemies of the Party in each House.

This is no way to resolve the dysfunction that prepays our government. In 2010 when I was a candidate for the New York State
Assembly, I signed a pledge to a group led by former Mayor Ed Koch that if I was elected, I would support independent redistricting.

Nearly every member of the Senate and the

Assembly signed that pledge. Where is the

independent redistricting that you promised? Do

you have to make it some obvious that you

6 promises mean nothing?

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The New York State Constitution
establishes that the Districts must be in as
compact form as practicable. Does anyone in his
or her right mind believe that these districts
are compact in any sense of the word? These
lines represent a complete departure from any
understanding of compactness using the words of
the 1972 Decision in Snyder v. Rockefeller, the
citizens of New York deserve districts that are
compact.

The State Legislature also requires that the State Legislative Districts be comprised of contiguous territory. A contiguous district is one in which it is possible to travel from any point in the district without crossing a district boundary. Historically LATFOR has twisted this idea of contiguity using highways and inaccessible shorelines to connect unrelated

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2 towns and neighborhoods into one district.

The citizens of New York deserve districts that are contiguous. New York State districts are also supposed to be drawn with great deference to municipal boundaries and county boundaries. And in Queens this should extend to our distinct neighborhoods in Queens, which are very different traveling from one neighborhood to the next.

The lines drafted by LATFOR clearly have not given such deference to such boundaries.

Districts have been drafted to cross boundaries for nothing other than political gain. The citizens of New York deserve districts that show deference to these boundaries.

So where does this leave us today? Since we are up against the time constraints brought about by the upcoming primaries, LATFOR must go back to the drawing board and draft new lines that not only follow the New York Constitution, but also draft lines that are not politically motivated, and show the rest of the Nation that New York is no longer interested in being the

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 most dysfunctional government in the Nation. If this proves impossible for the 3 4 Legislature, then the Governor must veto these 5 districts. Frankly, a Court drawn Map is better than a politically motivated gerrymandered Map 6 7 drawn by LATFOR. Going forward New York State needs to 8 9 pass a Constitutional Amendment taking control over the ridiculous redistricting process away 10 11 from the Legislature and giving it to and 12 independent commission. 13 PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Mr. Behar please 14 summarize. 15 MR. BEHAR: Okay, I am on my last two 16 sentences. 17 PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Thank you. 18 MR. BEHAR: Many states including Iowa 19 can serve as the model. Independent 20 Commissioners should be appointed from a pool of 21 qualified candidates. And no district lines 2.2 should be drawn based upon party enrollment of the voters or of the incumbent Legislators. 23

Districts should be compact, contiguous, give

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1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 deference to boundaries, and continue the 3 protections of the United States Constitution and 4 of the Voting Rights. 5 It is time for the citizens of New York to stand up and say enough is enough, we want 6 7 good government now. FEMALE VOICE: Thank you. 8 9 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mohammed Sadiq. MOHAMMED SADIQ, DIRECTOR, TAKING OUR 10 11 Good evening. My name is Mohammed Sadiq SEAT: 12 and I am a Board Member of the organization 13 called Taking Our Seat. I would like to put my 14 testimony about the proposed Assembly District 15 34. 16 I worked with the Census 2000. And as a 17 Member of the Community Board and a civic member 18 in 2001, I testified during the Redistricting 19 Hearing where I had drawn the lines for Southeast 20 Queens boundary by the - - back in the North, - -21 to the South, Vanderk Expressway to the West, and 2.2 a City line to the East. 23 After 10 years, these reasons of Queens

Village, Hollis Hills, Bellerose, Floral Park,

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Glen Oaks, Hollis, Jamaica Hills, Briarwood has seen tremendous growth of the community of interest from the South Asians, including Indian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani as well as Guyanese, Trinidadians, and Indo-Caribbean of South Asian descent. Today, when I see the boundary lines of LATFOR proposed Assembly District 24, which very close to what I proposed in my redistricting on the 2001.

I would like to thank that 2001 Panel

Committee for their support, but this does not

bring me any surprise, but instead gives me some

peace of mind that common people with common

interests are going to live in a common district.

The economic network has a very vital for this neighborhood as well as for the religious institutions. I have seen more and more that our neighborhood people are participating in the civic associations and take leadership roles on the Community Boards, - - , and recognizable religious leaders all have made some progress to getting involved as a representative of their community.

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There is more to be done, but as with any new immigrant community, there is a learning curve and more resources needed to have a voice in order to take a stand. Finally, I would like to request the Committee to redraw and the extend the lines a little more South and bring the people of common interests by adding Bellerose, Queens Village, and Hollis within the boundary line of the proposed Assembly District 24 with a cut line of Jamaica Avenue.

And also to take out the Richmond Hill west of the Vanderk Expressway. Thank you.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Thank you very much.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Elias Tsekerides.

ELIAS TSEKERIDES, PRESIDENT, FEDERATION
HELLENIC SOCIETIES: My name is Elias Tsekerides
and I am President of the Federation Hellenic
Societies created in New York with offices on 2251 29th Street, in Astoria Queens.

A lot of people talked about the same things of what I am going to say, but it is worth repeating, I believe. Astoria community is best

served by keeping Astoria whole and contained in one district so that its community members can be represented by someone who understands what the various groups here need and how to best serve them.

Splitting the community apart will weaken Astoria community's voice in government and keep it from being served fairly and with community's best interest at heart. Separating the community in to two different districts would also hurt the harmonious relationship currently existing between the various groups, ethnic, racial, and religious, that live in Astoria.

Those groups also have different interests and are served differently by their respective representatives.

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In recent history, if ever, Astoria has never been split in to two different districts.

Astoria is a community of interest with and extremely large Greek, Muslim , and immigrant population that should be kept whole. Splitting the community apart would hurt the residents

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 whose needs would not be fulfilled someone who 3 represents a different community of interest. 4 Astoria has always been a well defined 5 community and splitting it apart would tear the fabric of this community and hurt the individuals 6 7 and business in Astoria. I hope that you go back the drawing board 8 9 and do something with redistricting. And if you do not, I hope that the Governor keeps his 10 11 promise and veto your bill. Thank you. 12 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you Mr. 13 TSEKERIDES. Paul Halvatis [phonetic]. Paul 14 Halvatis. Terry Hughes. Terry Hughes. Samuel 15 Massol. Good evening. 16

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SAMUEL MASSOL, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, COMMON CAUSE NEW YORK: Good evening. My name is Sam Massol and I am the Associate Director of Common Cause New York. I want to thank you for the opportunity to testify here in Queens.

At each LATFOR meeting Common Cause has provided testimony comparing the LATFOR draft to Common Cause's Reform Plan. Today I would like to start with a discussion of the criteria of

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that guides Common Cause's Reform Plan and inform our criticism of the LATFOR draft lines.

Although discussion of our criteria has been available on our Website for many months, we realize that we have not detailed these criteria in testimony to LATFOR and we apologize for any confusion that this may have caused.

First we seek to follow all the applicable Federal and State Constitutional Laws. On the Federal side, this includes compliance with the Voting Rights Act and the principle of one person one vote. On the State side, this includes binding rules like Block on Border and Town on Border as well as the guidelines to minimize the division of counties, maintain strict contiguity, and draw districts that are as compact as practical.

We take these guidelines very seriously.

The Federal Principle of one person one vote is reinforced on the State Constitution by the words each district shall contain as nearly as may be an equal number of inhabitants as practical. In the Common Cause Reform Plans we follow strict

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numerical standards, no district may deviate by more than plus or minus 3% with the ideal value and the Mein absolute deviation from the entire plan must be less than 1.5%.

These rules prevent the kind regional apportionment that Upstate and New York City

LATFOR lines have drawn. The majority party in both Houses, we take the State's Constitutional Guidelines to respect county and town boundaries as step further. The Common Reform Plan also maintains respect for City, Village, and school district boundary lines whenever possible.

Respecting these important local jurisdictions is part of our over-arching emphasis on communities of interest. The Common Cause Reform Plan seeks to protect communities of interest by joined district lines that reflect the social, cultural, ethic, and economic interest common to the population of an area.

We find a community of interest as a local population with common social and economic interests that would benefit from the unified political representation provided by inclusion

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within a single political district.

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Within New York City this principle often translates in to respect for the neighborhood and the neighborhood boundaries keeping distinct local communities together and in one district so they can effectively engage in civic life.

In public meetings we have heard the members of this Panel voice support for all of these criteria in principle. And we encourage you all to look carefully at what we provide here.

The key difference between the plans produced by this Panel and the Common Cause Reform Maps; the Common Cause plans do not let partisanship or incumbent protection get in the way of keep neighborhoods together and ensuring that every New Yorker across the State gets a chance at fair representation and participation.

We follow a rigorous incumbent-blind process and do not use any political data whatsoever in drawing our lines. Only after completing the plans, did we examine the affect on incumbents.

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In light of last week's testimony in Manhattan we would like to make it clear for the record that Common Cause's Reform Plan does not target specific incumbents of any race, ethnicity, or political affiliation. Incumbent pairings are spread across all regions of the State and do not follow any pattern. Let me know turn to the analysis of the LATFOR Queens draft starting with the Assembly.

First we would like to recognize the improvements to the 25th Assembly District in Eastern Queens. Reorienting the District to run East to West instead of North to South leads to a significant improvement to Asian American representation and better reflects how these communities live and associate. But there are still numerous areas on Queens in which this draft stands for improvement.

This Panel received testimony from numerous community representatives in Bellerose and Richmond Hill asking that their neighborhoods be kept together in a single district. In Bellerose, this draft plan shows not improvement

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 from the current plan in this regard. 3 Richmond Hill there is some improvement, but the area is still sliced in to four districts. 4 5 We know how difficult to be to balance--PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Samuel you are 6 7 exceeding five minutes, you need to summarize please. 8 9 Okay. So we are going to MR. MASSOL: skip to the Senate to make it really fast, and I 10 11 can talk really fast if you like. 12 PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Five minutes. 13 MR. MASSOL: Okay. 14 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: And I think what you 15 should do is certainly submit your written 16 testimony for the record, and just summarize it. 17 MR. MASSOL: Absolutely, so let me just 18 summarize in saying partisan politics is not 19 allowed to trump a community's interest. And 20 this is the key difference between the LATFO 21 lines -- I am sorry. Go want to go all the way up 2.2 That is all right. You want to go up there?

to follow my esteemed colleague here.

here then? All right, fair enough. I am going

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The partisan gerrymandering of Senate Districts 11 and 15 has a domino effect on the rest of Queens, of the Queens Senate Districts causing Senate Districts 12, 14, and 16 to twist and turn in contorted jigsaw shapes.

The long tail of Senate District 12 that stretches all the way into Woodhaven and Astoria looks drawn to more democratic leaning voting Block form Senate District 15. And the Northern tentacle of Senate District 16 into Bay Terrace is clearly drawn to allow Senate District 11 to lean more conservative.

Neighborhoods across the Borough from
Richmond Hill to Forest Hills to Astoria are
awkwardly chopped up and disenfranchised in order
to maximize the Senate Majority's Party chances
at re-getting a seat in Queens. Thank you.

PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Thank you.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.

Emile Vudi [phonetic]. Kwal Tortaram. Good

evening.

KAWAL TOTARAM, ESQ.: Good evening.

Thank you Mr. Chairman and Members of the

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Committee. My name is Kawal Tortaram and I live in South Ozone Park. I have been a practicing attorney for over 25 years. My office is located on Liberty Avenue. I live three minutes away from my office, yet still am divided within two Assembly Districts.

We are comprised of our--I am testifying here on behalf of the Queens Caribbean Bar

Association of which I am currently the President. The past present was Trevor Rupnarin. The Public Relations Officer is the next guy here.

Our Bar Association has 30 lawyers, collectively over three hundred years of legal experience. We have practicing in Richmond Hill for over 25 years, and we are very cognizant of the community.

We know the ills. We know the problems of this community. We know are failing schools. We know the of the health problems. We know of the lack of community centers and services, poor and deplorable sanitation conditions, and traumatic question of foreclosure that recently

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articulated it the New York Times. And we also know of successes in the community.

But Richmond Hill has been unfairly truncated into several, 80 districts. I personally and our association do not believe that you have a political agenda. I just think that you have misaddressed and you have not looked at it properly.

There were over 10 people who spoke in favor of holding Richmond Hill together, South Ozone Park, Ozone Park, and Woodhaven. Not a single member came here and testified against that. Therefore I urge you to look at it so they can bring a community of interest. Richmond Hill is not an Indo-Caribbean area, it is also Hispanic, in fact I have the latest figure here; it is 22% Asian, which includes us; 13% Black; 30% Latino; 15% White; and 12% other.

So it is a community of interest of people of all races coming together, immigrants and whatnot coming together. I recall testifying before you a decade ago. At that time our community was divided in to seven districts,

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 today it is five. It was asked of me by a Member of the 3 Committee of the more the merrier. The more the 4 5 merrier has resulted in the fracturing of this community. And therefore I urge you to go back 6 7 and look at the Map. And the Bar Association is 8 prepared that if we do not have a favorable Map, 9 we are prepared to challenge this right up to the Supreme Court. I thank you for our time. 10 11 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. 12 Gerpaul Singh [phonetic]. Gerpaul Singh. 13 Gerpaul Singh. Frank Singh. Frank Singh. 14 Racokmahr [phonetic]. Taj Racokmahr. Pritha 15 Singh [phonetic]. Pritha Singh. Karpeet Singh 16 [phonetic]. Karpeet Singh. Phil Konigsberg. 17 PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Bingo. 18 [Laughter] 19 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Good evening. 20 PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Good evening. 21 PHIL KONIGSBERG, VICE PRESIDENT, BAY 2.2 TERRACE COMMUNITY ALLIANCE: Good evening. Hello

everyone. I wanted to before I go into my brief

statement, I wanted to endorse the people that

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have spoken for combining or keeping the neighborhoods of Richmond Hill, Rockaway, Astoria, and the Eastern Queens United communities that have spoken before.

I live in Bay Terrace Queens. I am part of Community Board 7 and also the Vice President of the Bay Terrace Community Alliance Club, but that is not really relevant here. Someone said politics is local and I am just feeling in this case that politics has to be completely separated from this issue, which is local; local to me.

Bay Terrace has been in--I am taking about the Senate, Senate District 16 previously was part of 12 and Warren Schreiber who is the President of the Civic Association that I am Vice President with, has suggested to you about a Senator who lived in Astoria and when we as an organization have these candidates assigned as a public service for our community, we had to basically explain where Bay Terrace was coming from the district being so stretched out.

Bay Terrace should be part of Eastern
Queens. It should be part of District 11 and I

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 am hoping that you will take back all of the testimony that you have heard tonight; and it 3 4 sounds like you got a lot more to follow after I 5 So what I would suggest is--here all we have do. to say is go back to the drawing board and please 6 7 listen to what you have heard here tonight. Thank you. 8 9 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much. Flores Lords [phonetic]. Flores Lords. 10 Barbara 11 Jackson. Barbara Jackson. 12 BARBARA JACKSON, LEFRAK CITY: Good 13 evening. 14 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Good evening. 15 MS. JACKSON: My name is Barbara Jackson. 16 I am a District Leader in the 35th Assembly 17 District, Part B. My State Senate District is Senate 13. And I think that you heard a lot from 18 19 the people of Astoria earlier on that these two 20 Senate Members have been drawn in to the same 21 District. 2.2 What I am asking is that you leave their District in tack, and leave our District in tack. 23 24 So I come to you today to request that you

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consider this proposed New York State Senate
Line.

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The process of redistricting should be done equally and with fairness. This should not be about political fights, but about what is good for the people of New York State. These lines are a mockery of the State wide effort to have a fair redistricting process.

They disenfranchised the voters; this is wrong it is a flawed process. Therefore I am requesting that you please go back over the proposed lines and keep communities of interests together.

I stand with Governor on vetoing the proposed United States Senate Lines. So my testimony here today is to please that you straighten to two Senate Districts, the Garnairis District and the Parnell District. I thank you so much for your kind attention.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: James Trikas.

JAMES TRIKAS, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE EAST FLUSHING, CIVIC ASSOCIATION, BOARD MEMBER - ZONING AND LAND USE, CHAIR FOR HOLLY CIVIC

ASSOCIATION, MEMBER - QUEENSBORO HILL

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ASSOCIATION, BOARD MEMBER - KISSENA CORRIDOR PARK CONSERVANCY: Good evening. My name is JAMES TRIKAS. I will just get right to it, because there is a lot to talk about. I will not go through my titles and the many civic associations I represent and the many people in the community.

The Assembly, the Senate, and future

Congressional Districts in all burroughs must be redrawn fairly and equally to all nationalities.

No district should be created to have any nationality be the dominant nationality in the district so that their own can get elected—creating biased communities and resentment in communities and promoted segregation.

It is imperative that districts be created politically balanced and should be--and shouldn't be dominated by any political party.

All need to work together or they will continue to oppose each other causing issues not to be addressed or resolved.

No elected offical should be asked or say how they want the lines drawn to favor their own

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or reelection. Elected officals should represent everyone fair and equal, not create districts to

cater to one nationality or their own.

Many different nationalities make up communities. All nationalities and political parties need to work together to vote for one representative for everyone, not create districts dominated by one nationality to guarantee the candidate of the same nationality win.

The behavior to promote one nationality or group to be more dominant may encourage others to promote and display other foreign languages—to also want their language more dominant on store information signs, like in Flushing, New York.

Store signs must be displayed at least 60% or more in our primary English language and second foreign languages no more than 40% and I direct you to page 6 so you can see what the Asian community and the Korean community have done, destroying Flushing.

Creating foreign dominated areas change the character and appearance of communities,

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promote foreign looking areas on the streets of
New York, ignoring our primary English language
displayed, implying they dominate the area,
catering to their own. English is a universal
language, taught and known worldwide and should
be displayed for the benefit of all
nationalities. The offical language of 31 states
and 4 pending proposed states of the United
States. It is the official language of those 31
states and 4 pending. Unfortunately New York is
not one of them.

It appears most New York elected officials don't support English to be the official language of New York and some have voted no. Voters should not reelect them. Districts with one nationality dominance promotes store information signs to be used to display the nationality catered to and the cultural display of one's nationality dominance.

Regardless of one's nationality, we should be blank Americans. The key word is Americans--not divide districts to be dominated by one, separating all other nationalities in the

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The creation of a district dominated by any nationality promotes racism and biased behavior to segregate other nationalities by those that created influence or support the new districts or by those that do not verbally oppose them and must be redrawn.

The only fair and nonbiased solution is to create districts by balancing adjacent districts to spread as equal as possible a fair distribution of all nationalities and political parties to have a balanced district, where that representative can truly represent all members in the district and segregate, well it should be--and not segregate by nationality or party.

Examples, adjoining senate districts and assembly districts. I

f you look at your figures that we have on the next adjoining pages, it says take Whites from the proposed Senate District 11, add to 14 and 16 to be balanced. Take Asians from the proposed Senate District 16 and add to 11 and 14 to be balanced. Take Blacks from the proposed

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Senate District 14 and add to 11 and 16 to be balanced.

Take Asians from the proposed Assembly

District 40 and add to Districts 25, 26, and 27.

Now let us look at the numbers so you get a good idea. Senate District 11, 1.89 Whites to 1

Asian, 3.48 Whites to 1 Hispanic; Senate District 14, 1.26 Asians to 1 White, 1.44 Hispanics to 1

Asian, 4.86 Blacks to 1 White, 3.86 Blacks to 1

Asian; Senate District 16, 1.95 Asians to 1

White, 3.22 Asians to 1 Hispanic, 17.36 Asians to 1

Black.

Now all these adjoining areas in the Assembly District 40, 3.69 Asians to 1 White, 3.91 Asians to 1 Hispanic, 23.57 Asians to 1 Black. All these adjoining areas clearly can be moved over slightly to get a balanced area and that is the only way to get a truly effective one.

I know I do not have any time but I address you to look at the page 6 showing the signs store signs that are in foreign languages that have been destroying Flusing and I am very

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upset that you are listening to the Asian community as Asian Americans knowing this is their intent and you guys have your eyes closed to not see it. You need to drive down Main Street, drive down Northern Boulevard--see what they are doing and you tell me they are thinking of only--everyone. No. They are creating districts solely for their own. Now the other thing too, we have an Asian in the Assembly, an Asian in the City Council, Asian in the Controller's Office, and now they want an Asian in the Senate District.

What right do the Asian community have to monopolize every elected official? I have lived in Flushing for 53 years. How dare you allow lines to be drawn up like this, to allow this to take place. This is totally ridiculous. You need to read what Theodore Roosevelt wrote in 1907 that you have on your pages because none of you are abiding by it. He would roll over in his grave if he saw what you guys are doing. This is ridiculous.

You are not for fairness and equality and

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this makes it very biased for anybody to represent a community fairly because you are clearly making it so that only one group get elected. How dare you do that. Now you guys must have been sleeping because this is very annoying and I ran for District Leader last year and lost by 36 votes among this heavy Asian community, heavy Asian community. So how dare you destroy it and think that the Asian Americans or ALDEF is influencing you the wrong way. You are definitely out of touch and you are listening to the wrong people.

You need to change these lines, make it more fair, make it balanced, and do the right thing because people like me are going to be out there— already notified Cuomo two weeks ago to knock down this line because this is totally ridiculous and I want you to change it and I have a lot more to say, but apparently I cannot talk, but this is quite ridiculous.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Mr. Trikas, thank you very much. It is about 3 minutes over your allotment.

	Page 255
1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	MR. TRIKAS: Well, at least it was not
3	like ALDEF and took 9 minutes.
4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY:
5	If you would submit whatever you have for
6	the record we would be
7	MR. TRIKAS: [Interposing] I have
8	submitted it
9	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: [Interposing] We
10	would be glad to entertain it and thank you very
11	much for your testimony.
12	MR. TRIKAS: You are welcome.
13	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. George Stamitedes
14	[phonetic]. Manny Karijuana [phonetic]. (ela
15	Morat [phonetic]. Kashi Thomas[phonetic].
16	Sarif Ali [phonetic]. Council Member Karen
17	Koslosowitz[phonetic]. (Council Woman
18	Koslosowitz. Where is she? However you
19	pronounce it, she is not here. Virginia Salow
20	[phonetic]. Leroy Gadsen. Good evening.
21	LEROY GADSEN, PRESIDENT-JAMAICA BRANCH
22	NAACP: Good evening. I am LEROY GADSEN,
23	President of the Jamaica Branch of the NAACP.
24	First and foremost I must say I remain offended

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as an American that this body with such an awesome legislative task and duties of the highest standard is devoid of any African Americans and only one woman is seated on this panel. Truly we have evolved beyond the 1950s. If we were to turn back the hands of time 100 years to 1912, this is exactly how this panel would look. This is a troubling indictment upon the leadership of the state and I do not fault you for answering the call of serving in this capacity; however, I question the manner of composing a segregated panel with the purpose of creating and making redistricting decisions in the just and fair interests of all the citizens of New York State. This is a terrible indictment upon the great state of New York.

How are we expected to have trust in a system that discriminated against us in the very onset of it's creation, excuse me.

We had very little expectations of this panel and you have failed to live up to those expectations. I thank you. I give you my upmost respect for agreeing to serve in such a capacity,

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 but you failed.

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In this democracy, the most sacred and cherished part is the right to vote or the right to pick the people who govern you. There is no greater right than that right to vote in a democracy. Here in the NAACP, we view and cherish this concept of good government.

Since our inception some 102 years ago until the present minute, we have always recognized and valued the right to vote. America has always valued this choice of good government.

In fact the nation was based and founded on this principle. However, when it comes to African Americans or black folks, America has always had a double-standard of what is good and beneficial to the rest of the country as opposed to what is good and beneficial for African Americans.

So while the colonists and the eventual Americans were enjoying the fruits of a representative government, people of color were still living in a so-called—usually democracy with no right to vote and though not restricted,

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such existence was usually found on the plantation. Prior to the Civil War, the South wanted to count Black slaves for representation in Congress, but deny them representation or any right to participate in government.

In this recent New York State Senate redistricting proposal, you have basically duplicated the attitude of the South. Now, when we look back on our past, we see first we could not vote and then when it was legal to vote, we were denied the opportunity to vote.

There were all kinds of rivers and hurdles to cross, such as Coon and Gibbon, etc., but the right to vote is only half of the answer. Full participation means the ability to cast a deciding and meaningful vote and influence who will represent you and have a say so in the government of structure.

We are looking at this 63rd seat that you have proposed to create. In 1965, the United States Congress passed the Voting Rights Act. In your action, you trivialize the Voting Rights Act. This Act did not come by as a good will

gesture, but this Act was a result of many tears, the shedding of blood, and even the loss of property and life.

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Our ballot, unlike any other ballot, was covered with blood of those both White and Black of a greater conscience who layed down their lives just to show that we only have access to the ballot box, but no meaningful access and involvement in deciding who is going to represent us in government.

Rights legislation includes wording which attempts to dilute African American voting strength. We remind you that the need and the intent of the 1965 Voting Rights Act was to protect and ensure the constitutional voting rights of those persons in America who were traditionally discriminated against at the ballot box.

This Act is still on the books and in full effect and the people whom those laws were designed to protect are still here and in need of

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that same protection and guarantees of their right to vote.

The creation and addition of an upstate seat in a predominantly White area dilutes the voting strength of the downstate predominantly Minority area, thus in direct contradiction to the 1965 Voting Rights Act.

Your redistricting of gerrymandering proposal for New York State weakens the heavily populated downstate Minority voting strength while strengthening the less populated predominantly White, I am sorry, the less populated White upstate voting district in the violation of one, the Equal Protection Clause of the 14th Amendment of the United States

Constitution, as well as the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

Keep it in mind, the New York - - State the requires 62 Senate seats. We strongly believe that any deviation or departure from the 62 Senate seats will be in violation of the Voting Rights Act. We also remind you that according to the laws of New York State, all

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2 prisoners must be counted in the city of home

jurisdiction.

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Redistricting lines should have been drawn in compliance with this new population shift from upstate to downstate. We fail to understand how we can have nearly a 50,000 population shift in count and that same area upstate has an increase in seats and downstate has a decrease in seats. We cannot understand that population count.

PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Mr. GADSEN, please summarize.

MR. GADSEN: We challenge you to remain true to the intent of the Equal Protection Clause of the 14th Amendment and also the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

If such lines were drawn, they should reflect the population change. We should have seen a decrease in upstate representation and an decrease in downstate representation. Any deviation from that, we believe is in violation. We ask you to go back to the board. We will ask the Governor, have asked the Governor to veto

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 this proposal. We are going to stay on that, if we have 3 4 to go to court to try to stop this. We believe 5 this discrimination, just like it was in 1965, we see here in New York in 2012. We ask you to go 6 7 back and draw legislative districts that will not dilute the ability of Minority group voters to 8 9 elect the representatives of their choice or to influence electoral outcomes. 10 Thank you for 11 giving us this opportunity. 12 PRESIDENT MARSHALL: Thank you. 13 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Mr. Gadsen, I 14 believe with the exception of the issue of the 62 15 versus 63, you basically gave the same speech 16 that you gave in the Preliminary Hearing. 17 that right? 18 MR. GADSEN: To the extent we asked you, 19 we give you reasoning--20 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: [Interposing] 21 Well--2.2 MR. GADSEN: [Interposing] We will hold that-not--be in violation--23 24 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: [Interposing]

Well, as far as the make up of this panel, I do not know of any person of color who is a member of the New York State Assembly who wanted this, basically thankless job, or had 40 years experience as I have. As a long time member of the NAACP, I am not going to apologize for either my skin color or my anatomy.

I represent, as a member of the New York State Senate, a very diversified group of people, Black, White, Hispanic, Asian. The people that work, that do the gut work of checking the math and putting these maps together, again and again, come from an integrated group, both in gender and in race, and I think that is a cheap shot and as a member of the NAACP, I think I want you to know I take offense.

MR. GADSEN: Well Sir, we understand you might feel that way. Keep in mind, I have been Black all my life and when I see a panel composed of an all White panel, we never insulted you personally. We call issue to the fact that here in 2012, we cannot find one African American to serve on the panel. You sit Sir and you come

back and tell us you will make laws we have to live with for the next 10 years, yet still not one of us, not one of my people that looks like me is not qualified to serve. Yes Sir, I must say something. As long as I am a member of the NAACP, we will say something. Sir, since we first got here on the first boat, it was a panel make up like yours that was on the boat, that ran the boat, that owned the plantation that got us here Sir. So therefore, it was not for you to take personal.

As I said, I thank you all for serving. I did not blame you, I blame a system that put you all here. I never called any of you a negative, derogatory term. I do question that system Sir and that, I also will not apologize for—We think there should be diversity. If we are taking about justice and equality and liberty, the right to vote, the most important thing in America.

If we must live by it, it must be diversified. We found out when other people make decisions for us we do not get the benefit of the

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	doubt, we get the short end of the stick Sir.
3	That is why we raised that issue; we want to send
4	a message loud and clear. When any kind of panel
5	comes in the future, we want it diversified.
6	We are not questioning the integrity of
7	you individuals, we never did thatWe questioned
8	the make up of the panel, and the fact thatwhy
9	we cannot serve. Are we not good enough? Did we
10	not die for this country? Did we not build this
11	country for free
12	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] MR.
13	GADSEN
14	MR. GADSEN: [Interposing] Did we not
15	fight in the every war Sir?
16	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] MR.
17	GADSEN
18	MR. GADSEN: [Interposing] I am
19	responding to his question Sir. He asked me a
20	question
21	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] Let us
22	know what you are
23	MR. GADSEN: [Interposing] I am trying to
24	explain Sir

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] I have
3	other questions and I do not want to spend all
4	the time having you give additional speeches
5	Mr. GADSEN: [Interposing] Sir, wait a
6	minute Sir, I'm sorry. I am not trying to
7	disrespect you
8	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] You made
9	your point
10	MR. GADSEN: [Interposing] Answer me one
11	last thing
12	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [Interposing] You made
13	your point
14	MR. GADSEN: [Interposing] Do you think
15	African Americans are qualified to serve on this
16	panel and make decisions for us?
17	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: I asked you was
18	MR. GADSEN: I asked you a question.
19	Please answer my question. I answered your
20	question, now answer my question sir. Are we
21	qualified to serve on this panel?
22	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: I think that
23	there might be. I do not remember anyone coming
24	up forward and

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	MR. GADSEN: [Interposing] But that was
3	not my question.
4	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: [Interposing]
5	Asking the Speaker for the appointment. And
6	there are no African Americans in the minority.
7	MR. GADSEN: You took my position the
8	wrong way. I asked you the question, sir. Do
9	you think that African Americans of the great
10	State of New York are qualified to serve on this
11	Panel?
12	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: The great State
13	of New York?
14	MR. GADSEN: Yes sir.
15	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: I am talking
16	about the two elected positions.
17	MR. GADSEN: You have not answered my
18	question sir.
19	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: In the great
20	State of New York, you mean an African American
21	Assembly person?
22	MR. GADSEN: A Senator, do you think
23	there is one qualified to serve on this Panel.
24	ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: I do not speak

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 for the Senate and the Senate does not have one 3 single African American that could take the 4 Senator's position. 5 MR. GADSEN: Can I ask one little question sir and then I will leave the issue--6 7 8 ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENEY: Where did you 9 get this from? SENATOR NIZZOLIO: We are still on this I 10 11 mean I think you have asked a couple of 12 questions. You have also had about eight minutes to speak. I would like to a question, a series 13 14 of question, a series of comments that you threw 15 a lot of blanket in terms of charges over there. 16 I first want to touch base on the issue of the 17 prisoner count. SENATOR NOZZOLIO: You came here last 18 19 September? 20 MR. GADSEN: Yes sir. 21 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: And told us of you 2.2 prior to see this established, and this Task 23 Force without any owner's manual, without any 24 regulations, without any definitions in this law,

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which I think is a very questionable law in terms of its specific, in terms of its guidance, in terms of its direction.

It was hatched out of a budget bill and back door of a Rider that the Governor put on without hearings, without any type of review, yet it became a law of this State. And it was a law that you advocated for and that is the relocation of prisoners to the place of their last known We have spent literally months on address. complying with this law, counting every single prisoner, inmate we could possibly identify and their last known address, which for many because of the lack of regulations; the lack protocols; the lack of understanding of this statute was even in affect by the Department of Corrections, we Geocoded to the last known address the vast majority of prison inmates in our prison system. And if they could not be found at their last known address, they were not counted at all at your request, which I think was a tremendously inadequate--you basically, in advocating for that law said to those prisoners if you could not find

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their address, they did not exist. Where's the humanity in that?

The second issue that I need to address with you is the issue of the compliance of the Voting Rights Act of which you and I are in total agreement that I believe very strongly as we must comply with prisoner counting issue; we absolutely must comply with the Federal Voting Rights Act.

There are 100,000 even with--and by the way, to answer one of your questions these lines were drawn with that prison recount and relocation.

Even with that there were 100,000 more blacks in New York City today than there were 10 years ago, yet there is not one single district that has proposed in this Plan for the Senate, and I can only speak for the Senate on this issue.

But for the Senate there is not one single district that retrogresses for black majority to black minority because of the lines that were drafted.

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 And those who are complaining about shapes and sizes, many of those complaints; I 3 4 certainly understand them, but many of those 5 complaints are based on the compliance strictly with this Voting Right Act as we needed to do. 6 7 Tell me, sir, what specific Districts do you 8 contend that there was any black retrogression in 9 the City of New York? 10 MR. GADEN: Can I speak now, sir? 11 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: That is the question. 12 MR. GADSEN: You asked me three 13 questions, let me respond to all three issues. 14 First of all--15 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Let us start with that 16 one. 17 MR. GADSEN: No wait a minute, you asked 18 me three questions, sir. 19 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: What were the other 20 two? 21 MR. GADSEN: First you attacked me on the 2.2 prison gerrymandering. 23 [Crosstalk]

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: I think it is a good

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1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	point; the gentlemen makes a good point. I guess
3	what I would ask you as you leave the podium
4	today provide this Task Force with your specific
5	answers to those three questions.
6	MR. GADSEN: Okay sir.
7	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: That we would be glad
8	to take them and to review them and place them on
9	the record.
10	MR. GADSEN: Okay.
11	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: And I thank you for
12	your time.
13	MR. GADSEN: Sir, that is unfair to the
14	NAACP. We were invited here to give testimony.
15	And it is my understand of all the purpose was
16	that you all would listen to us. I did that on
17	behalf of the organization.
18	You all have questioned me. You have
19	accused of me of misleading the people. It is
20	only fair that I have a chance to respond.
21	SENATOR NOZZOLIO: No one accused you of
22	misleading anyone [crosstalk]. Let me summarize
23	the question.
24	MR. GADSEN: Okay can I answer that, go

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 ahead sir. 3 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: You know what why 4 don't you summarize them for me. 5 MR. GADSEN: Okay. Sir you had final say I wanted to respond. It would be very 6 so. 7 unfair for you make whatever you want to call, let's say don't call it that, call it whatever. 8 9 Let say the things you said and I did not have a 10 chance to respond - -11 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: And please if you 12 cannot do it in two minutes or less, submit those 13 responses for the record. 14 MR. GADSEN: The prison gerrymandering, 15 sir, regardless of whether you like it or not, 16

that was a law of New York State. And what we asked for was that was being held and considered That was the first issue, what you in the count. The second thing was sir you said talked about. yourself, in your words that you did take the prison count. If you took just one from Upstate to Downstate, sir, that is a decrease in population.

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We fail to know if you have a decrease in

population Upstate how you can have an increase in representation Upstate. That is what we raised that issue on. And third about the equal issue on the Voting Rights Act, if Downstate is heavily populated, minorities including African Americans we are not equal when it comes to Upstate. A person Upstate sir base on this proposal has more voting right and power than a minority person Downstate. If anybody can add sir, that is in plain black and white. That is plain fourth grade math, simple as that.

You have taken the less populated

District Upstate, you created that seat. That

District should have been Downstate. If w are

going to be equal in voting rights and power,

that District should have been Downstate where if

it is only one prison power, if we increase the

population in increasing representation, sir

should of went Downstate. That's my response.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank very much.

MR. GADSEN: Thank you sir and ma'am

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SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO: Archie

Springer. Archie Springer. Spigner. Spigner.

Is Mr. Spigner here?

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FEMALE VOICE: He's not here.

SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO: Thank you.

Reverend Charles Norris.

REVEREND CHARLES NORRIS: Good evening. Good evening. My name is Reverend Charles L. Norris Sr. I'm the pastor - - of Bethesda Missionary Baptist Church of Jamaica. serve as the executive secretary for Clergy United for Community Empowerment. Since that rainy day at SUNY Old Westbury, it seems as though this task force has not listened to any of the requests that were made there by those of us who testified. One of the things, I see you have added a woman to the task force; I don't know if she's staff or senate. You were there? Bless your heart. But what we're trying to say, and I don't want to get into what Mr. Gadsen was talking about, but we still feel, I guess because there are no African-Americans on the panel, because there are no African-American Republican Senators, and that's understandable, and that may

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need to be changed by trying to get someone or get some Republicans--I beg your pardon? I can't hear you.

MALE VOICE: Or assembly.

REVEREND CHARLES NORRIS: Or assembly, But let me say this. yeah. It seems as though what we made, the suggestions that we made in Old Westbury didn't amount to a hill of beans, because we got lines that were drawn. In fact. the line that was drawn in the 10th Senatorial District, all but gerrymandered my senator, State Senator Shirley Huntley, out of her district. They really had to look at it again and put her street back in the District so she would remain in the District. It seems as though this scheme that the Republicans have going is really not a plan, it's a scheme for them to maintain their power as a majority in the Senate. And the Senate Republicans are willing to disenfranchise voters across New York State simply to protest-to protect their own interest. I think that's a shame in this country that's supposed to be a democracy, where we should really have equal

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protection under the law. We're going to really support the Governor, and I may make my testimony short, because you really have listened to a number of things that are really saying the same, that I don't know who came up here and really complimented or commended this task force for the job that you've done, which indicates that you've done a lousy job. That's what it indicates. And because of that, because of that, we're going to try to get at least 40 or 50 thousand people to send a statement like this to our Governor. And I want to put his on the record. "Dear Governor Cuomo, Thank you for all your hard work and dedication to New York State. I am writing to ask you to stop the State Legislature from continuing to draw unfair district lines. are taking away the power of my vote. Please hold politicians accountable for their promises to enact fair and independent redistricting for this year's election. We cannot wait ten more years for their action. District lines must be drawn by an independent body, and not following the requirements laid out in the legislature."

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2 There are several other things, but we're going 3 to try to get at least 50,000 people to sign a 4 statement similar or same as this, and send it to 5 the Governor, so that he will veto the bill that you may submit for him to sign for redistricting. 6 7 Finally, I would trust, and I made this request then, that there be no district that will combine 8 9 Queens and Nassau together. The last time that was done, we had a State Senator from one of the 10 11 five towns, and I say one of the five towns, 12 because we always called it four towns plus one, 13 and that one town is Inwood where African-14 American's live. And this State Senator did not 15 come from Inwood. She either came from Hewlett, 16 Woodmere, Cedarhurst or Lawrence, but not from 17 Inwood. And she did nothing to benefit St. Ulvin's, or that area of Queens that was covered 18 19 by her, or even that part of Inwood where she was 20 also the Senator. Beg your pardon? 21 MS. DEBRA LEVINE: You need to sum up,

MS. DEBRA LEVINE: You need to sum up, please.

REVEREND CHARLES NORRIS: Thank you, ma'am, will do that. I'm only saying that we

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	don't need a district that will encompass Queens
3	and Nassau. I thank you very much for your time,
4	and I would trust that you will be able to at
5	least hear some of what all of us have said. And
6	again, I repeat, I haven't heard one person come
7	up and commend this task force for the work that
8	you've done. Maybe for the service you've
9	rendered, but not for the work. Thank you very
10	much. God bless you.
11	SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO: Thank you
12	very much. Peter Cipriano.
13	MR. PETER CIPRIANO: I notice the
14	Assemblyman Oaks isn't here anymore. Is he
15	coming back or
16	SENATOR MICHAEL F. NOZZOLIO: I'm not
17	sure.
18	MR. PETER CIPRIANO: No? Okay.
19	FEMALE VOICE:
20	MR. PETER CIPRIANO: He does, okay.
21	Well I do hope that he sees it. Firstly, thank
22	you so much, gentlemen, and gentle lady, for
23	still being here this evening. Originally I'd
24	written good afternoon, but that seems obsolete

now. In the 2010 election, I ran for the New York State Assembly in the 49th District in Southwest Brooklyn, so notably I'm going to be changing the topic quite a bit here. I couldn't make it to the Brooklyn hearing.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOHN J. MCENENY: Anyone can talk about anything in the whole state.

MR. PETER CIPRIANO: Okay, thank you, Chairman.

ASSEMBLY MEMBER JOHN J. MCENENY: And usually do.

MR. PETER CIPRIANO: As a candidate I signed on to former Mayor Ed Koch's reform pledges, and ran proudly as a hero of reform.

While I did not win my election, it is in honor of that pledge that I speak before you this evening. Unfortunately, it is clear to most of us that the process utilized by the legislature and carried out by this task force is broken.

There can be little question that despite the legislature's insistence to the contrary, New York's reapportionment process is driven by partisan ambition. One of the most blatant

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examples of this lies in my community in Southwest Brooklyn. Firstly, let me point out that the 49th Assembly District, which is my--the District that I ran in, has been completely dismantled in this first round of maps. The 49th A.D. has existed in roughly the same geographic orientation for decades, simply shrinking around the edges every ten years to account for population increase. The 49th has existed for so long that even our still-living Assemblyman from the 1950s can tell you that when he represented us, his District was virtually the same to the one I ran in in 2010. The Republicans were actually in the majority at that time, Assemblyman McEneny, so to give you an idea of how long that is. Despite its long history and functionality, however, this task force has ripped the 49th A.D. apart. I understand that the explanation provided is that the Assembly felt an Asian majority district was in order, and Southwest Brooklyn was the place to put it. While I understand this argument in the context of the current law, I must say, and, you know,

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this has become all the more important after sitting here since 3 o'clock listening to all the testimony. I see, unfortunately, a strong racial charge in a lot of people's comments. don't look at this racially. And going back to my testimony, I must say that as a proud American, I truly do not look at my neighbors as Asian, black, white, or other. I look at them simply as neighbors. Likewise, I do not vote according to race, never have, nor would I ever. I vote according to ideas, and if an Asian American with good ideas asked for my vote to join you gentlemen in the legislature, I would not hesitate to grant it to him or her. Rather, I would hope that he'd get to Albany and give you all as much - - as possible. That being said, I believe the real problem lies in the surrounding Assembly Districts and the obvious partisan agenda behind their creation. For starters, let's be quite frank: The current incarnation of Assembly Districts 47 and 49 in Brooklyn delivered winning margins for the Republican presidential candidate in 2008. The new

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districts, however, would have delivered a Democrat victory in 2008. Again, it has been established that the 49th had to change due to I accept that. But it is clear that necessity. the surrounding neighborhoods were divided to dilute Republican votes. Case in point, the new 47th A.D., of which I am apparently now a resident, encompasses the entire Bath Beach neighborhood, going down Bath Avenue. That's the first sign that that's happened in many decades, in living memory. However, there is one enclave of Bath Beach, which constitutes -- Senator Nozzolio, I want you to take particular notice of this--it constitutes just a few blocks, you have the entire neighborhood, except for a few blocks which are adjacent to the golf course, that have been left out of the District. Now, the Assembly can suggest any number of reasons, I would imagine, as to why this happened, VRA, or whatever else. This is a white majority district, so I don't see how VRA would have anything to do with it. But as a lifelong resident of the community and somebody who's been

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electioneering since he's 14 years old, I know exactly why it is. It's because those few blocks contain multiple single-family homes that have a very high Republic vote turnout, and putting those blocks in the District would have made this new proposed map a slight Republican favorite, ever so slightly. I mean, we're really talking about a very fair competitive District either way, but under the current lines it's 50%--50 and some change for the Democrat in the last presidential election. If you put those blocks in, it becomes 50 and change for the Republican, and 49 for the Democrat. So, I mean, it's an obvious partisan ploy in my--from what I can see. Unfortunately, that's only the tip of the The aforementioned abomination--well, iceberg. aforementioned, going back to my speech, the 46th Assembly District, which is where those blocks that I'm describing go to, they go into the 46th Assembly District, is a grotesque example of gerrymandering. How on earth could this task force claim that the southern-most election districts of Dyker Heights, which once again are

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2 heavily populated by single-family homes, share a link with Coney Island? How on earth can this 3 4 task force seriously propose yet again, or maybe 5 more appropriately, I should say, how can the Assembly propose, the Assembly majority propose 6 7 that a map which connects Dyker Heights and Bay Ridge to Coney Island by way of one lane of the 8 9 Belt Parkway, rather than simply joining it to neighboring Bath Beach and Bensonhurst? 10 I do not 11 understand the Assembly majority's agenda, or 12 Speaker Silver's agenda, other than to conclude 13 clearly that it's partisan, Assemblymen. 14 being quite frank with you. And if you can 15 provide another argument, I'd be happy to hear 16 it, but I would find it hard to believe. 17 Partisan intent is clearly the culprit. Any sensible person would recognize that the creation 18 19 of the new Asian majority District in Southwest 20 Brooklyn provided an opportunity to unite the 21 rest of Dyker Heights, Bath Beach, Bensonhurst 22 and possibly even graves ended to a neat and cohesive district. 23

MS. DEBRA LEVINE: Mr. Cipriano, you

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 need to summarize.

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MR. PETER CIPRIANO: I'm almost done.

But this task force in the assembly instead decided to play games and do anything they could to break it up. Senator Nozzoli, I saw your recent interview on New York NOW with Karen DeWitt. In it you spoke of the importance of communities of interest in maintaining them throughout the process. I realize that in the press it is you and Senate Republicans who have gotten most of the heat. While I do not condone the current redistricting process for either party or either chamber, I do feel that the Assembly Democrats deserve a lot more criticism than they've been getting. My community is a prime example of their handiwork. Assemblyman McEneny, would I see you go back and look at Southwest Brooklyn and see what I'm talking about. Assemblyman Oaks, if he were here, I would tell him that I would ask that he show these maps to his colleagues and explain to them this is exactly why Republicans will always be the minority conference in the assembly.

Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 1 2 Prove to New Yorkers that this process is not broken nor crooked. Redraw Southwest Brooklyn 3 and the 46th AD to make more sense and show my 4 5 community and the people of this State the 6 goodwill they deserve as indeed you all have been 7 granted the goodwill of thousands of New Yorkers and it is you that you have to thank for the 8 9 opportunity to sit where you are this evening. Again thank you for being here so late and 10 11 Godspeed in your work. 12 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you Mr. 13 Cipriano. Maf Misbah Uddin. 14 MR. MAF MISBAH UDDIN: Finally. Good 15 evening to you all. All and Community Members. 16 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: How close was I in 17 pronouncing your name correctly? MR. UDDIN: Yes, you did very well. I 18 19 think that--20 SENATOR NOZZOLIO: [interposing] Well 21 thank you very much. 22 MR. UDDIN: According to the Senator, 23 he's presumed thanks to Senator Martin Malave 24 Dilan. It is good to have a friend on a

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committee how [phonetic] do you testify. My name is Maf Misbah Uddin. I am the Founder and President of the Alliance of South Asian American Labor (ASAAL). I'm also the President of Local 1407, New York City Accountants, Statisticians & Actuaries and also the Treasurer of District Council 37, the largest Municipal Union in the City of New York and that of the State of New York. A solid community-based organization whose membership include trade unions that are of South Asian Heritage. Our mission is to increase the culture of civic participation in the largest South Asian American Community based on our organizing experience in the labor movement. ASAAL's membership dispend the five bottles [phonetic] of the city and our membership is the largest in the bottle of Queens. organization has been advocating for the empowerment of South Asian Americans in the redistricting processes at 2010. History Galim [phonetic] - - Senate Districts have - neighborhoods whose substantial concentration of Saudization [phonetic] Americans. Our community

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has been very involved in the current process hoping to see a different outcome. Under the current proposed - - Assembly District 24 is the first district ever created with the heaviest Saudization Concentration. The District is 34% This statistic incurs mostly South Asians Asian. as evidence by the demographics of the neighborhoods of Richmond Hill, Jamaica Hill, and Bellerose [phonetic], which are all included in this District. This creation of a Saudization improves District by this - - is commendable. And is an unprecedented level of political empowerment for the South Asian American Community. Notwithstanding this historic outcome, the Richmond Hill and South Ozone Park communities and the Bellerose and - - Park communities that is still divided. More than they should be. The ball is in your court. humbly ask legislature [phonetic] to be mindful of this communities and should unite them rather than divide them. Thank you very much.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you very much.
Ronnie Minor. Ronnie Minor.

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MR. RONNIE K. MINOR: How are you doing?

Good evening everyone. Could you hear me there?

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Thank you.

MR. MINOR: My name is Ronnie K. Minor. I'm a resident of Astoria Houses. I'm the Community Advocate and the President of the Child Advisory Committee for the How to Cope [phonetic] Child Development Center for the Parents Advisory Committee. I was want to just...I'm going to be very brief in regards to the words that we heard this evening. Everybody's badgering the Task Force in regards to the lines. I took a look at the lines myself. There is some problems with the lines but these particular problems are not un-repairable. We can just go back simply so everybody can calm down. And show them that we have a Task Force that we can work in unison together and come about to make this change. I also just want to say briefly about the Federal Voting Rights Act, which is intended to protect the voting power of certain classes such as ethnic, racial language, and minority groups. This is what the Task Force is about.

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District when we come at 11:00 where you talk about State Senator Mike Gianaris whose done so much work over here in Western Oueens and we need to keep him there. And we need to keep all our politicians that we have currently in these Districts to keep them and near primary This way we don't have all this districts. bickering that we are having now. We have to cut through the chase. We have to ... we have to eat a little bit of cheese and little bit of crackers. We can't just re-eating all the cheese and don't mix it with the crackers. We have to do that. So lets try to work together in this regard and that's what I'm here for. I also want to say splitting up these communities especially in Astoria, a neighborhood that was predominant at one time called the hub of the Greeks. Now is a multi-cultural community. We have everybody from across the world living in Long Island City in It's a wonderful place. If you take a Astoria. look at our waterfront, I'm going to be really brief on this. You take a look at our waterfront and you can see what I'm talking about.

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also want to say for the purposes of redistricting the protected classes today includes African Americans, Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians, Latino Hispanics, Native American, Alaskan Natives, and language also of the minority groups. And quickly just to touch base on the prisoner situation, the one-person one vote requirement is that election district should be nearly equal in their total populations. The populations of an area is defined by the latest United State Census count which we had in 2000 to-date which is 2010; every decennial, which is ten years. The children as well as non-citizens including un-document individuals are to be counted as part of that total population as long as they were counted in the decennial census. Prison inmates, criminal felons serving their sentences may be excluded under some circumstances. I think if we look at the Voting Rights Act and the primary purpose of the redistricting is to ensure that the election districts have equal population sizes and that all the other legally requirements be met as well

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when we're doing these border line boundaries. Just to sum it up quickly about my community, which is Astoria Queens. I want to say that we are a community of interests, we always have We have never been divided in that been. neighborhood far as two Astoria. It's always been one Astoria in conjunction with those three other neighborhoods, Sunnyside and Long Island City and Woodside. So on that note, I want to say that in all fairness to all of you there and you are all a bunch of professionals, I have been in here since 3:00 so I heard most of everything. You know I got soar rear end for sitting in a hard chair for that - -. But anyway, I you know, I just want to say with all the blessings and I know everybody is upset. Hey, you know sometimes you spill the milk, you have to, you know you have to clean it up and have to pour a new glass. Just like this when you write down directions you make a mistake on it, you cross it out, and write So lets just go back and everybody another one. just be calm and look at what everybody is saying and lets try to accommodate as much as we

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possibly can to keep it fair on the United States Constitution, that's what makes us a great country. And I say please keep our Senator Mike Gianaris at where he's at please. Because we need our Senator there, okay. And also I just have to give this one shot, I have to say this because I can't go home without saying. I want to say all the blessings and all the thanks to the 14 Congressional District to the Honorable Carolyn B. Maloney for all the assistance and the love that she has given and also Peter Vallone, Jr. as well over there at Long Island City in Astoria Queens. They have been great to us and we try to work out a lot more things. So just please, just...you take it easy. You know put your feet up and let's just look at it again. God Bless you all. Okay. Thank you so much.

SENATOR NOZZOLIO: Mr. Minor, thank you very much. Thank you. Mel Siegel [phonetic], Mel Siegel.

MS. MARIA BECCE: Good evening. I'm sorry I'm not Mel Siegel. Mel was here a lot earlier today. He had to leave I apologize for

that. I hope you'll let me just confirm--

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ASSEMBLY MEMBER MCENENY: Please state your name for the record.

MS. MARIA BECCE: Thank you. My name is Maria Becce, B-E-C-C-E and Mel, I know, had submitted testimony that's part of the record. Ι just hope you will allow me just a couple of personal notes. I've been-I've been sitting here since 3:30 as well and, and I-I appreciate all of your efforts. I already mentioned that my name is Maria and I'm a-I'm a lifelong resident of Queens, believe it or not, Astoria. So I was really paying quite a bit of interest to-and I hope you don't separate Queens Astoria-but I'm not going to be here talking about that tonight. I am now a homeowner and a resident for the last 30 years in a neighborhood called Broadway Flushing.

Broadway Flushing, whose boundaries are from 155th Street to 170th Street North of Northern Boulevard, is a community of 1,300 single, mostly single family homes, in an incredibly diverse neighborhood, who share the

commonality of preserving this incredible oasis of grace and tranquility in New York City. We are certainly a community of interest.

Broadway Flushing is fortunate to have a homeowner's association that was formed about 50 years ago, whose sole mission is to preserve the neighborhood by assisting our elected officials and city agencies with enforcing zoning and building department laws and regulations.

Broadway Flushing Homeowners Association is a homeowner's association and not a civic or political organization. Broadway Flushing is currently listed on the National and New York State Register of Historic Places. We are currently seeking landmark by the City of New York. Broadway Flushing is zoned for single family detached homes on no less than 40-by-100 feet of property. The area can be described as low density and suburban like—actually, quite unique for New York City. That's why I call it an, an oasis.

The new redistricting plan would include Broadway Flushing, along with the higher density

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and urban like setting of downtown Flushing-of multiple dwellings and very high density.

The concerns of homeowners in—in
Broadway Flushing—to preserve one family homes
and the landscaping that goes along with that—are
not the same as the concerns of the residents of
downtown Flushing. In addition to the low
density New York City zoning, sections of
Broadway Flushing are covered by—I'm sorry—are
covered by a, a private covenant known as the
Rickert Finlay Covenant. Broadway Flushing was
one of the first planned communities of New York
City, and many of the architects are similar to
the homes that are built—that were built in
Douglas Manor.

The multi-ethnic residents of Broadway
Flushing are committed to preserve our one family
homes and we respectfully request that our
neighborhood of one family homes be included in a
similarly designed neighborhood of Douglas Manor,
Bayside and Whitestone.

In closing and I sincerely mean this,
Broadway Flushing Homeowner Association welcomes

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the opportunity to meet with this panel and any downtown Flushing organization to help preserve our one family homes. Broadway Flushing welcomes anyone who wishes to live in a beautiful single family, tree lined neighborhood.

I also want to take this opportunity to thank Assemblyman Rory Lancman, who's done a wonderful job representing our neighborhood, along with our other elected officials—former Senator Frank Padavan, and now current Senator Tony Avella.

We—Broadway Flushing Homeowner
Association was founded 50 years ago by some very
far sighted people. I'm going to summarize. And
we have built our foundation on working with our
elected officials. We are trying so hard to
preserve a, a very unique neighborhood within the
City of New York. We fear that our concerns may
not be addressed with the similar concerns that
the residents of downtown Flushing need to
address—the very important issues that they need
to address. We, we just don't feel that we have
the same similarities because of the different

1	Page 29 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	types of homes. And that is the only reason why
3	I'm here todayto see if you will help us to
4	preserve thisthis beautiful neighborhood.
5	DEBRA LEVINE: Thank you.
6	MS. BECCE: Thank you.
7	MAN: Thank you.
8	MAN: Thank you very much.
9	MS. BECCE: You're welcome.
10	MAN: Paul Graziano [phonetic]. Chesser
11	Frager [phonetic]. Chesser Frager here? Jerry
12	Batondi [phonetic]. Jerry Batondi. Jae Kyung
13	Song.
14	JAE KYUNG SONG: Good evening.
15	KATHERINE PARK: Okay, good evening. My
16	name is Katherine Park [phonetic] and I'll be
17	translating for Mr. Song.
18	MR.SONG: Hi. Good evening everybody.
19	[Foreign audio 05:36:24].
20	MS. PARK: Hello. My name is Jae Kyung
21	Song. I am a Korean American resident of Bond
22	Street in Flushing, New York. I have lived in
23	Flushing for 14 years. Through my participation
24	in Minkwon Center for Community Actions general

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 meetings, I became aware of how important redistricting is for my community, and that is 3 4 what brought me to speak here. 5 MR. SONG: [Foreign audio 05:37:09]. MS. PARK: I've looked at the two maps 6 7 for a State Senate and State Assembly, and I want to comment on how these maps affect my 8 9 neighborhood. I am okay with the Assembly maps 10 11 however, I don't think the Senate maps make any 12 sense for Flushing. 13 MR. SONG: [Foreign audio 05:37:50]. 14 MS. PARK: First of all, Flushing ends 15 up being in both Senate District 16 and 11. 16 District 16 is supposed to be the first Asian 17 majority district, but not all of Flushing will be in it. Flushing is the heart of the Korean 18 19 American community in New York City, and even now 20 my community is divided almost evenly into these 21 two Senate Districts 16 and 11. 2.2 That's the current situation in 23 Flushing, and the proposal doesn't make it any 24 better and actually makes less sense than before

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 because the boundaries between the two are jagged and twisted, especially around my residence. 3 4 According to the plan, I am in District 5 11 but I am like an island. On three sides of my block everyone else is in District 16. Please 6 7 see the map I provided you. And the shape of District 16 means that people from Bay Terrace, 8 9 which is very different neighborhood, will have the same Senator as all my neighbors but I won't. 10 11 MR. SONG: [Foreign audio 05:40:04]. 12 I've looked at the - - map by MS. PARK: 13 - - and it does a much better job of keeping 14 communities unified. I've also looked at the 15 Flushing boundaries submitted by - - . I've 16 included them with my statement. This is-this at 17 least should be included in an Asian American 18 Majority District. 19 MR. SONG: [Foreign audio 05:40:43]. 20 Thank you. MS. PARK: You shouldn't divide 21 2.2 Flushing. If you draw the lines-draw these

lines, it means our community cannot have a

strong voice in, in the government-in our

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1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	government, and our voices should be heard in
3	Queens. Thank you.
4	MALE VOICE: Thank you very much.
5	MALE VOICE: Celia Merrarro [phonetic].
6	Celia Merraro. Marguerita Vasquez [phonetic].
7	Ernest Curry [phonetic]. Felix Suerro
8	[phonetic]. Ariel Ferrara [phonetic]. Quenya
9	Abru [phonetic]. Roberto De La Rosa [phonetic].
10	Carmen Perez [phonetic]. Miguel Rodriguez
11	[phonetic]. Jalissa Quigma [phonetic]. Karina
12	Claudio Beckincourt [phonetic]. On to the next.
13	MALE VOICE: Mindi Jacobs. Mindi
14	Jacobs.
15	MALE VOICE: There she is.
16	MINDI JACOBS: Good evening, or should
17	it be good night. I'm not sure.
18	MALE VOICE: Good evening.
19	MS. JACOBS: It feels like I've been
20	here very long-for a very long time. My name is
21	Mindi Jacobs. I'm a resident of Briarwood and a
22	member of the Briarwood Action Network.
23	Briarwood is a dense, compact and distinct
24	neighborhood. We're just behind this building

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and perhaps approximately two and half square
miles.

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MALE VOICE: These two.

MS. JACOBS: Briarwood is split between two Assembly districts in both the current 25th and 27th and the proposed 24th and 27th maps.

Splitting the neighborhood dilutes the neighborhood vote and voice in the legislature.

This is a common theme. You've heard it tonight.

We don't want our voices diluted.

Briarwood is grouped together with neighborhoods such as White Stone and College Point, which is disparate from our neighborhood in Briarwood—and also Pomonok. Places that have little in common with Briarwood. Neighborhoods should be grouped with other neighborhoods whose populations have similar interests based on common similarities.

The New York State Assembly is the one legislative body where Briarwood is represented by Northern Queens politicians. In the State Senate and the Federal Congress, we're represented by Southern Queens politicians. This

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creates problems as Briarwood is more politically aligned with Southern Queens, creating a lack of continuity in policies and actions taken in the different levels of government. An example is the new Racino Project at Aqueduct.

What we're asking from you is that the entire neighborhood be represented by a single Assembly person—not two. Again, we're compact. We're distinct. We're small. It makes no sense to be represented by two Assembly people. We want to be in the same Assembly District as neighborhoods that have a common and vested interest in the same things, such as public transportation and schools. Such neighborhoods that we're neighbors with are Kew Gardens—who we were originally part of—Jamaica Hills and Richmond Hill—and to have uniformity and continuity among the representation within the area.

What we propose is the reorientation of either the 27th Assembly District to be fully contained with Briarwood, Kew Gardens, Jamaica Hills, Richmond Hill, and Kew Garden Hills—or the

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24th Assembly District expanding to include all of Briarwood and Kew Gardens, while shedding Bellerose, Queens Village and Hollis in the East. We're flexible. We want to be together. We want our voices to be heard, and we want to be in similar neighborhoods, not disparate neighbors.

And my understanding—and next my understanding—the inclusion of a new 63rd Senate District was based on population growth in Staten Island, Suffolk, Naussau, and of course Queens. The district should be added to the New York City area, and not the Albany area. So the one thing I ask—and I don't know if this is out of protocol—I've been here since 2:30 so if there's any exchange—if you could help me to understand how if the growth is in down state, it's not. You're saying that growth is not—how the, the, it's added.

MALE VOICE: Queens just—we were talking up right while you were talking—that Queens basically stayed the same. But that's—

MS. JACOBS: [Interposing] okay but-

MALE VOICE: - - You're welcome to look

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 at the numbers. 2 3 MS. JACOBS: Okay, so the growth was not 4 down state. It was up state. 5 MALE VOICE: The fastest growing areas of the state were in the mid-Hudson through the 6 7 capitol district. Okay. We will look at that 8 MS. JACOBS: 9 and if I have questions on it, can we come back and ask? 10 11 MALE VOICE: Certainly. 12 MS. JACOBS: Justice Potter Stewart once 13 said, and I-please forgive me for not quotingthat ethics is the difference between having the 14 15 right to do something and doing the right thing. 16 It doesn't that what was done with these 17 districts' line is the right thing. I'm going to 18 ask that, again, an independent panel look at 19 this because that's the right thing. And I thank 20 you very much for your patience. 21 MALE VOICE: Thank you very much. 2.2 Scottie Codes [phonetic], H. Scottie Codes. 23 Azelia Toweris [phonetic]. Azelia, I'm sorry, Arelia Toweris. Arelia Toweris. Henry Euter. 24

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HENRY EUTER: Good evening. My name is Henry Euter. I'm a civic activist in the Bayside and Auberndale communities, and I'm concerned as an-as an ordinary citizen. I, I'm looking at these lines. They don't look right. They look gerrymanded to the average person like me. I think they should be uniting local communities, not dividing them. As an example, I was looking at the 16th Senatorial District. It stretches from Oakland Gardens all the way into sections of Woodside. It snakes around into Bay Terrace. These communities are geographically separate Because they are so far apart, entities. residents of each community also have different sets of issues.

And I agree with the people that came from Bay Terrace that that should be part of the 11th Senatorial District. That's a more natural fit. They have more in common with Bayside and Auburndale than they do with the other communities in the 16th District.

Even when I looked at the Assembly lines in my own area of Bayside and Auburndale, I, I, I

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was just astonished that Northern Boulevard was used as a dividing line. You're separating that—those communities in half that really are together. They act together, they're united together, and it really is a problem that they're separated in that manner.

I agree with the person that spoke from Broadway Flushing. Broadway Flushing is being cut in half in its Assembly District. It shouldn't be. I, I, I am wearing a shirt here that somebody gave me from Eastern Queens and—and I, I completely sympathize with that—those communities. Those communities should have their own Assembly District, their own Senatorial District.

I listened tonight to people from
Richman Hill, Ozone Park and South Ozone Park.
They should—they are adjacent communities. They should have their own representation. So should communities like Astoria and all the other people.

The people that spoke today are, are experts of their own communities, and I'm very

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upset that we didn't have a more independent commission because if we had a more independent commission with input from community leaders, from community board members, from civic leaders, we would have had a better plan.

So I hope you do go back and, and, and pay attention to all of the ideas that were talked about today, and look them over, and make the necessary changes. And if the changes are not made, I hope that Govern Cuomo will veto this plan, and I think, you know, we really need to work in the interest of the people and the communities that they live in throughout our entire state. Thank you so much.

MALE VOICE: Thank Mr. Euter. Aubrey
Phillips [phonetic]. Aubrey Phillips. Pamela
Thorer [phonetic]. Pamela Thorer. Katherine
Muzu [phonetic]. Lizell [phonetic]. Katherine
Lizell. John Budnich. John Budnich.

JOHN BUDNICH: Good evening. Senator
Nozzolio, Senator Dilan, Assemblyman McEney,
Commissioner Lopez, if I may, and those who have
survived to this far point. God bless you all.

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And I, I give you my commendation, and I, I, just for having put up all that you've had to put up with, including me for about another couple of minutes.

I bring your attention as a resident of Massapequa Park. That was in the East end of Queens County up until about a century ago.

Somehow, the Western part of that village, that incorporated village, has been separated from the body of the rest of the village. I spoke to the mayor and other people who couldn't seem to get here. They're going to try and see if they can get out, but they didn't whether they could on this Thursday, out to the Rogers Building out in

The Western part of Massapequa Park, half of one street, the West end of Lakeside, and one section of about four or five blocks, and one section of about 15 or 20 blocks in the South, about four or five blocks from the North, have been cut off from the rest of the 9th Assembly District. I think it may have been because somebody thought that that was the village line.

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The village line goes to the West of Lakeshore, and it goes to the Easterly line of the Massapequa Preserve property, okay, that goes down between Western Massapequa and Massapequa Park.

We also have a number of people who are distressed, including some village officials I spoke to, that Massapequa is being broken off-the Western part of Massapequa is being broken off from the rest of the Massapequa School District, and being placed into, I think, it's the 17th Assembly District, if I recall, yeah 17th Assembly District. In fact, you can see perhaps a little bit better where, if you look at the map, the 17th Assembly District, where these areas up around Violet Street, Walker Street in the town, along Lakeshore, and down into the Southern part of Massapequa Park, are all cut, cut off from the 9th District, which apparently the rest of Massapequa's are in it. And then, of course, we've taken Massapequa South of Jerusalem Avenue to the water, and put that in the 17th Assembly District.

Some people are very, very concerned about that. Alright? I understand that something—everything has to go someplace and some places sometimes its difficulties, and I hope that you can try and take a very close look at this.

I, I must also say that some of the distressing speakers that you've had to listen to, I applaud you for being so calm and clear headed and attempting to focus, them and yourselves, upon what your real task is. Really, you really, guys, kind of put out your all.

I must also say two more things. I have been in many community groups, political groups. My grandfather was a Democratic Assembly District Leader until 1940, when our family became Republican saying no third term for FDR. Okay? But I've never let partisanship interfere with the realization that everybody is a human being, and we all have to treat each other as human beings because if we don't, I don't know what's going to happen to this ball of mud we've got—we're on.

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I am distressed at a number of the incredibly weird looking districts in the Assembly part of the National County. There's one thing that looks like a horse shoe, another thing that looks like a drill press, another thing that looks like an electric saw, a hand saw, a huge V, a standing ghost running around, and something that looks like a dragon with a huge neck and a large head, and something that looks just like an amoeba stretching out here and there and everywhere—

MS. LEVINE: Excuse me. You need to summarize please.

MR. BUDNICH: Okay. I want to thank you all very much for listening to me. God bless you. Good luck. And may the good Lord bless and keep you all. Thank you for your time.

MALE VOICE: Thank you very much, Mr.

Budnich. Let's see, Senator Avella signed up

again. Is Senator Avella here? He said he was

going to be here all night. I don't see him. Is

he here? Senator Avella? Hannah Doddid

[phonetic].

middle, and now a large area of the Rockaway

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Peninsula and the Island of Broad Channel separated from the mainland by Jamaica Bay. In the North it also extends out to the east where there are further geographical separations created by major highways and more parkland.

Neighborhoods located in—and continue to be split into different districts and that is simply wrong. It makes no sense whatever to now add on a Southern segment on the other side of Jamaica Bay into Senate District 15. The Rockaway Peninsula was all in one Senate district, and not it is split among two.

In the middle section of the new Senate District 15, the Howard Beach area that was split among two Senate districts is still split among two—they just happen to be different. The Ozone Park area was intact in one Senate district under the old lines. Now it is in three. Woodhaven is now also split. It makes no sense geographically to extend the Northern part of Senate District 15 East, past Flushing Meadow, Corona Park, and the Grand Central Parkway, and create further neighborhood splits.

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	MS. LEVINE: Ms. Braton, please
3	summarize your statement.
4	MS. BRATON: Sure.
5	MS. LEVINE: Thank you.
6	MS. BRATON: Senate District 15 should
7	be a fully mainland district under the new lines
8	as it was under the old lines, and the
9	neighborhoods within it on the mainland should be
10	kept intact within one district as much as
11	possible by keeping zip codes all in the same
12	district. I certainly want to see my
13	neighborhood whole, and I'm sure everyone else
14	does. If you'd like, I can add some testimony.
15	If you'd like me to it as a separate comment, you
16	know, as the Community Board-
17	MALE VOICE: [Interposing] It is
18	contained in your statement?
19	MS. BRATON: It's contained in my
20	written but—
21	MALE VOICE: Trust me, we pour over
22	these things-
23	MS. BRATON: [Interposing] you can read
24	it. I attached some pretty little maps for you,

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but you know, I, I would offer to you, as I heard earlier this evening, it was a considerable amount of talk about Richman Hill.

MALE VOICE: Right.

MS. BRATON: Some of the geographical boundaries that were used by some people in defining Richman Hill were rather loose, you know, Richman Hill deserves not to be split up the way it is. But in rectifying that situation, you've got to be careful that you're not splitting up other neighborhoods and, you know, I think just to sum it up, you know, in terms of Queens, our Borough President said at the start, this is the most ethnically and racially diverse county on the planet. How on earth you can create districts that respect everybody's ethnicity and racial background is going to be virtual impossibility. I think if you do it by neighborhoods, you will see that you will end up with representation in the legislation that will represent that diversity. Thank you.

MALE VOICE: Thank you very much.

MALE VOICE: Thank you, Ms. Braton.

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Claudia Coger. Three more. C-O-G-E-R. Coger.

CLAUDIA COGER: Good evening. My name is Claudia Coger, and I'm the Resident

Association President for the Astoria Houses, a - resident, and I'm here to speak on behalf of the residents which is approximately a population of about 3,200 that live in Astoria Houses. And I've lived in Astoria Houses for approximately 56 years in this—on the peninsula or Northwest in Queens.

I, we strongly believe that the proposed redistricting would destroy instead of bound in our energy, power and relationships, which I believe are the values of a good sound neighborhood, of which Northwestern Queens is. I believe that this plan will divide and conquer destruction the foundation of our neighborhood that has worked so—that we have worked so hard to build over the many years.

The line that was drawn are down Ditmars
Boulevard, divides our resources out—our
presenters, our representatives—that line takes
away our—the working source between our State

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Senator and our City Councilman, which automatically our—it disturbs us somewhat because our—with our—we have an older population that live in that Northwestern Queens, and as well as young, and the redistricting sometimes can bring confusion, and it will automatically give people a discouragement to even—to go out to the polls to vote.

So we are saying that our—we would like for you to at least look at that border line because we are, are as has been said so many times this evening, in Astoria we work hard over the years to overcome a lot of obstacles. We've agreed to disagree and we fought in the backyards, and we've done these things but in that, we have a very—our networking community and we've accomplished a lot of things over the years.

Our State Senator at this time, the part that bothers me is that this happened after we had gone to the polls and elected our State Senator, and now all of a sudden we are facing the possibility of losing our, our—his

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representing that segment of people that is so important, which is us. I think that that was a slap in the face for our community, for the voters as well as our elected officials who have vowed to represent a certain segment of important people, meaning us, that have worked, built, sweated, and networked together in this beautiful district of which I've lived for 56 years. I cast my vote-my first vote-I cast it in this district and it really means a lot to me that this district stays whole. My children grew up here—cast their first vote in there, and I still have grandchildren and great grandchildren that's growing in this district. It is very, very important to me, and I would cast my vote again for our Senator Gianaris to stay in this district to represent the people that he loves so much. Thank you.

MALE VOICE: Thank you very much. Juan
Persod [phonetic]. Juan Persod. Eduardo Geraldo
[phonetic]. Eduardo Gera-Geraldo. Geraldo.

Costa Constantinides. Jack, I think rather than—

COSTA CONSTANTINIDES: Hi. Good

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evening. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today. I know it's been a long day for everyone, so I'll do my best not to belabor. I won't read my entire written testimony that you have in front of you.

I'm actually a Democratic District

Leader in Astoria Queens, and a lifelong Astoria resident. And if you look at Senate District 12, I mean I have—I've been a lifelong resident of Astoria. You can sort of—it's not long that, 37 years, but I remember certain things.

I remember that, you know, the hospital that we have, it's now Mount Sinai. It used to be called Astoria General. I remember that the big drug store that we have that's now CVS, used to be a Woolworth. We could get a milk, milk shake and on the other side was a Genovese.

What I don't remember is a community that was ever divided on the state level. We've never been divided before. We're a cohesive sort of—sort of tight knit community and we're not just—we're sort of the grand tapestry of what New York really is. It's not—we're not a united

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community based on ethnicity. We have sort of every ethnicity in Astoria, whether it's Latino, Muslim, Greek; we have sort of wonderful populations that have all found a way to live together.

And I you look at our natural borders—if you look on the East, we have LaGuardia Airport. If you look onto the South, you have Northern Boulevard. If you look to the West and North, you have the water. But what this proposal has basically done, is taken away those natural borders and it's divided our community.

And now it's made us—instead of, you know, where we were before, we had sufficient political clout and we had a State Senator that was out there fighting for us, we're now in two separate Senate districts which is deeply troubling for the people of the neighborhood.

We're now—we're an appendage to both the 12th Assembly—the 12th Senate District and the 13th Senate District.

No longer are we one cohesive community where they'll have to listen to our concerns, but

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we're now sort of a small piece of two separate districts, one of which, if you look at Senate District 12, which I know Councilman Peter Vallone is named the alien popping out of a baby's stomach, it's, it's, it sort of goes from Astoria all the way down to Shore Boulevard in the Rockaways. That's not a cohesive community. We're a small part of that, where before in Senate District 12 we were a cohesive community.

So I ask this Commission to please go back to the drawing boards. Make sure our communities are one. Reunite Astoria, and regardless of the politics, please make sure that community—our voices continue to be heard. And if that can't happen, I urge Governor Cuomo to veto these lines and any other lines that are put forth if that's not going to happen. Thank you.

MALE VOICE: Thank you very much.

MALE VOICE: We would normally at this time go through the entire list and mention every name, but I think in the interest of time and consideration for everyone in the room, I'm going to ask if there is anyone out there who would

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Executive Chairman of the Kew Gardens Civic

Association. Kew Gardens is a small community in

Queens. This building is in Kew Gardens. So may

I say on behalf of our Civic Association, welcome

to Kew Gardens.

Kew Gardens was founded in 1910, 102

years ago. The Civic Association was founded in

1914, and I was born ten years later. You have

in front of you—I hope you all have one now—the

Kew Gardens Civic Association newsletter which

you may choose to read on your way home later

perhaps, but it contains a map of Kew Gardens as

we understand it, and that was the map that I

inherited basically when I came to Kew Gardens 55

years ago.

So that we have some tenure—some vested interest in—we're not a Johnny Come Lately. We have four—we are an area of under a square mile, and that includes the Long Island Railroad right—of-way, which runs right through Kew Gardens as you can see on this—on the map. We have four Democratic State Legislators, two in the Assembly, two in the Senate. So they're white,

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they're black, they're Christian and Jewish. So we're not fighting for any particular retention or change of anything. We want—we want something that makes sense.

Ten years ago, and even 20 years ago, when I appeared before a similar committee—and ten years ago it was at York College where we—it was a lot more comfortable in a way—a little less intimate. We tried to get Kew Gardens represented by one less Senator and one Assemblyman, and we failed obviously.

A sliver of Kew Gardens was sliced off and given to another Senator and Assemblyman.

What it's—what it's meant over the last ten years is whenever we've had an Albany issue, we pretty much ignored the guy who had the one block on the Western side of Kew Gardens—or on the Southwest side in the case of the Senate—that was originally before he was retired, was — —.

What we're looking for today, gentlemen and Miss Levine, is to try to get Kew Gardens to be one piece. In any case, whether we're one piece, two pieces, or nine pieces, we are a very

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small, almost immaterial segment in the course of the—in the totality of a Senate or Assembly

District. We recognize that, but to have to go

to—to have to ignore one legislator or be a

meaningless constituency to, to a legislator, it

does not strike us as being right and should be

corrected.

And we would suggest to you that the adjustment is an easy one. Solving all the problems both here today and elsewhere, whether by you or by the Court, will be difficult. Kew Gardens' problems are not difficult. If you look at the maps and compare them with your proposal, you will see that moving the border line by, in some cases one block, in some cases two blocks, in one case four short blocks, would solve our problem. It would make us a contiquous community of Kew Gardens which would be across the water-across the-across Queens Boulevard from Briarwood, which the previous speaker spoke about, which would be another connected community but separate from Kew Gardens.

With that, if you have any questions,

1	Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12
2	I'll be happy to answer them. If not, I thank
3	you for being patient and waiting for me all day.
4	MS. LEVINE: Thank you.
5	MALE VOICE: Thank you for waiting all
6	day, and we appreciate your input very much.
7	Thank you.
8	MR. BERGER: Thank you.
9	MALE VOICE: Sir, you're next. Please
10	state your name.
11	MALE VOICE: My name is Joseph
12	MALE VOICE: Oh yes.
13	MALE VOICE: They should have asked you
14	to do that when you were at the microphone.
15	Please-
16	JOSEPH DEPIETRO [phonetic]: My name is
17	Joseph DePietro. I was called two hours ago
18	while I was in the bathroom, so one of those
19	things, when nature calls.
20	MS. LEVINE: Yeah, that's right.
21	MR. DEPIETRO: Anyway, my statement is
22	not long but the point of the matter is, let's
23	leave my district the way it is. We have three
24	wonderful elected official like Senator Gianaris,

1 Congressional/State Legislative Redistricting 2-7-12 2 Peter Vallone and - -. You know what they say. If it works, 3 4 don't fix it. Thank you for your time and your 5 patience. Your head-your head is wider than mine 6 so you must have more patience than me. 7 you and good night. 8 MALE VOICE: Thank you. 9 MALE VOICE: Thank you very much. 10 Anyone else wish to testify? 11 MALE VOICE: Mr. Berger, let me talk to 12 you before you go. 13 MALE VOICE: And it—hearing no one else, 14 let me just ask one more time. Does anyone else 15 wish to testify, present testimony? 16 Well thank you very much. I hear - -17 this Queens hearing at the hour is 9:37. We've 18 been at this for six and a half hours, and we 19 thank all those who have participated. The 20 meeting is adjourned.

(The public hearing concluded.)

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C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Brian Henderberg, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 1 to 45, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Brian Henderberg, Transcriptionist February 15, 2012

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Wanda Ellis, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 46 to 73, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Wanka Ellin

Wanda Ellis, Transcriptionist

__2/15/2012_____ Date

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Joshua Seigley, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 74 to 98, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Joshua Seigley, Transcriptionist

Joshua J. Seigley

February 15, 2012

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Elizabeth Johnson, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 99 to 112, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Elizabeth Johnson, Transcriptionist

Elizabeth R. Johnson

February 15, 2012

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Rebecca Meunier, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 133 to 275, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Rebieca Meunier

Rebecca Meunier, Transcriptionist

February 17, 2012_____ Date

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Julie Davids, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 276 to 285, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Julie Davids, Transcriptionist

February 16, 2012 Date

I, Maria Egland, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 286 to 295, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Maria Egland

Maria Egland, Transcriptionist

C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Debbie L. Manning, do hereby certify that the foregoing typewritten transcription, consisting of pages number 296 to 330, inclusive, is a true record prepared by me and completed from materials provided to me.

Debbie L. Manning

Debbie L. Manning, Transcriptionist February 14, 2012